

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.1318, 3.9089,  
18.1013)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.1318, 3.9089,  
18.1013) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(83.9853, 4.1112,  
17.8356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D4BD
RGB	247, 212, 189
RGB Percent	97%, 83%, 74%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1686, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.23, 0.03
HSL	24°, 78%, 85%
HSV	24°, 23%, 97%
XYZ	71.0866, 70.5353, 58.0122
YIQ	219.8430, 28.2430, 0.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

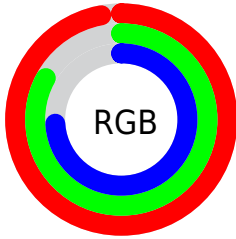
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 227, 189
Decimal	16241853
CIE Lab	87.26, 8.77, 15.90
CIE LCh	87, 18.157, 61.103
Yxy	70.5385, 0.3561, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294431933 (0xFF7D4BD)
YUV	219.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167
Hunter-Lab	83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356

# Details

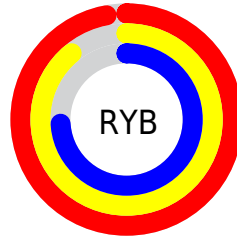
The HunterLab color  $83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFCCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $84.1687, -10.6561, -10.3083$ , and the grayscale version is  $84.5874, -4.5134, 4.5958$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.6858, -7.0598, 9.9225$ , and  $60.6949, 4.7637, 14.7299$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.0221, 8.7086, 22.3863$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $89.1642, -0.0841, 12.7706$ .

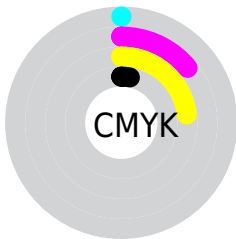
# Distribution



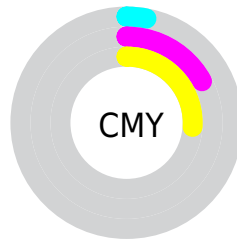
- Red (97%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.9853, 4.1112,  
17.8356

 83.9853, 4.1112,  
17.8356


215.0439, 0.1648,  
30.6414

 72.0872, 4.3344,  
16.4066


 109.5337, 3.5096,  
20.6725

 60.8093, 4.5057,  
14.9604


123.1301, 3.1437,  
22.0859

 50.1899, 4.6165,  
13.4901


137.2467, 2.7371,  
23.5000

 40.2726, 4.6594,  
11.9834

151.8650, 2.2922,  
24.9169

 31.1113, 4.6247,  
10.4225

166.9683, 1.8109,  
26.3383

 22.7744, 4.4988,  
8.7789

182.5415, 1.2949,

 15.3533, 4.2613,

27.7655

7.0046

198.5709, 0.7457,  
29.1996

■ 8.9653, 3.9349,  
6.2757

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9853, 4.1112,  
17.8356

■ 83.9853, 4.1112,  
17.8356

■ 79.0221, 8.7086,  
22.3863

■ 89.1642, -0.0841,  
12.7706

■ 74.2926, 13.7422,  
26.3413

■ 94.5323, -3.8999,  
7.2548

■ 69.8256, 19.2235,  
29.6156

■ 99.2543, -7.9394,  
4.5067

■ 65.6509, 25.1473,  
32.1177

■ 61.8004, 31.4777,  
33.7609

■ 58.3067, 38.1342,  
34.4812

■ 55.2002, 44.9753,  
34.2707

■ 53.3890, 49.4077,  
33.7630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.9872, 10.9735, 12.6975



83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356



83.9872, -4.8212, 19.5237

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.9872, 4.1084, 17.8368



83.9872, -21.2197, 4.2518



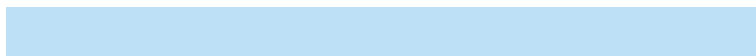
83.9872, 4.7137, -10.9089

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356



84.1687, -10.6561, -10.3083

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.9872, -4.1500, -13.7628



83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356



83.9872, -18.9020, -4.4571

# Square

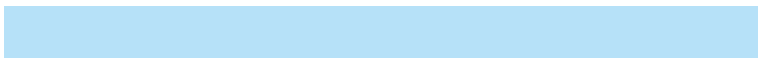
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.9872, 4.1084, 17.8368



83.9872, -19.2143, 12.1995



83.9872, -12.7478, -11.2870



83.9872, 11.3332, -3.8463



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356



83.9872, -10.6727, 18.6222



83.9872, -12.7478, -11.2870



83.9872, 1.8854, -12.4239

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.9872, 4.1084, 17.8368



96.0328, -2.6893, 9.5909



78.4817, 22.1273, -4.9419



44.2729, -1.1348, 4.5987

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.9872, 4.1084, 17.8368



84.7059, 6.3837, 20.7198



92.6857, -10.4951, 26.1309



41.9058, -0.7591, 4.8727



39.1578, 35.0602, 24.7426



12.4195, 8.3708, 7.7994

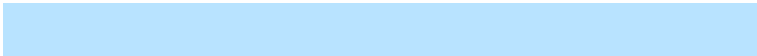


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1687, -10.6561, -10.3083



84.9261, -11.7850, -13.9244



75.4386, 3.9491, -22.6053



41.9408, -3.5427, -0.4311



38.9997, -0.9316, -46.7351

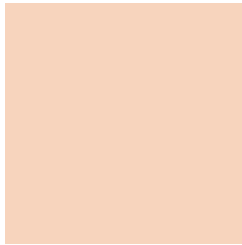


12.3981, -1.6432, -11.9494



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

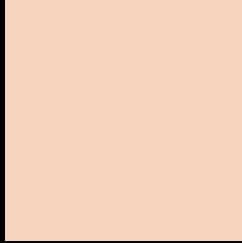
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

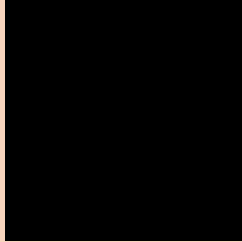
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.9853, 4.1112,

17.8356.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356

### Protanopia

84.0277, -4.9352, 16.5034

### Deuteranopia

84.1260, 6.1088, 18.0142



## Tritanopia

83.9420, 13.4707, 2.6508

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356

## Protanomaly

84.0870, -1.6301, 17.0308

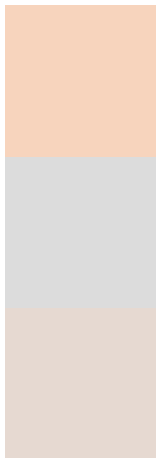
## Deuteranomaly

84.0159, 5.7392, 17.8953

## Tritanomaly

84.0405, 10.0665, 8.4835

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356

## Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964

## Achromatomaly

84.2924, -1.4916, 9.4852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 212, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 212, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 212, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 212, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 212, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 212, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 212, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 212, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.9853, 4.1112, 17.8356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 212, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
212, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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