

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.1648, -18.9458,
18.7603)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.1648, -18.9458,
18.7603) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(84.2852,
-18.9710, 18.9259)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	CAE3BA
RGB	202, 227, 186
RGB Percent	79%, 89%, 73%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1098, 0.2706
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.18, 0.11
HSL	97°, 42%, 81%
HSV	97°, 18%, 89%
XYZ	60.6892, 71.0399, 56.9678
YIQ	214.8510, -1.7390, -18.0510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

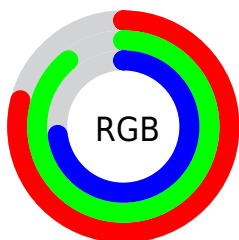
Format	Color
RYB	186, 227, 211
Decimal	13296570
CIELab	87.51, -15.59, 17.30
CIELCh	88, 23.285, 132.022
Yxy	71.0430, 0.3216, 0.3765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291486650 (0xFFCAE3BA)
YUV	214.8510, -14.2235, -11.2703
Hunter-Lab	84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259

Details

The HunterLab color **84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **73.8341, 11.7133, -12.6594**, and the grayscale version is **82.4316, -4.3983, 4.4787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.5946, -7.5613, 11.2284**, and **61.2327, -16.2089, 15.9612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.6485, -26.0939, 25.5118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0842, -11.2734, 11.4341**.

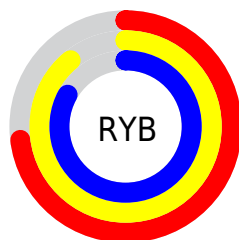
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (89%)

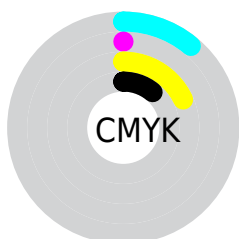
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (83%)

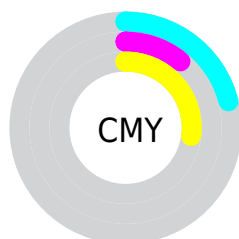


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (21%)


Magenta (11%)


Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84.2852, -18.9710,
18.9259

 84.2852, -18.9710,
18.9259


215.4539,
-31.6211, 32.2605

 72.3722, -17.5678,
17.4228


 109.8613,
-21.7659, 21.8984

 61.0786, -16.1506,
15.8980


123.4706,
-23.1606, 23.3748

 50.4425, -14.7141,
14.3429


137.5998,
-24.5572, 24.8491

 40.5074, -13.2482,
12.7441

152.2301,
-25.9575, 26.3240

 31.3268, -11.7378,
11.0819

167.3452,
-27.3630, 27.8011

 22.9686, -10.1589,
9.3249


182.9298,

 15.5237, -8.4697,


-28.7749, 29.2821


7.4263


198.9702,
-30.1940, 30.7682


 9.1156, -7.9382,
6.3810


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 84.2852, -18.9710,
18.9259


 84.2852, -18.9710,
18.9259

 82.6485, -26.0939,
25.5118


 86.0842, -11.2734,
11.4341


 81.1709, -32.5920,
31.1537

 88.0367, -3.0430,
3.0782

 79.8555, -38.4297,
35.8313

 90.1402, 5.6684,
-6.0888

 78.7018, -43.5781,
39.5407

 91.3351, 9.7232,
-4.9639

■ 77.7075, -48.0202,
42.2991

■ 76.8684, -51.7540,
44.1499

■ 76.1774, -54.7965,
45.1692

■ 75.6227, -57.1978,
45.4980

■ 75.5274, -57.6092,
45.5311

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.2870, -9.1150, 22.8749



84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259



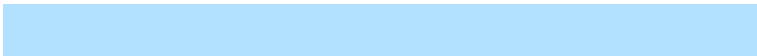
84.2870, -24.7595, 10.9009

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.2870, -18.9730, 18.9270



84.2870, -11.3020, -18.2902



84.2870, 18.5347, 8.9049

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259



73.8341, 11.7133, -12.6594

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.2870, 17.8704, -2.2545



84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259



84.2870, 0.2127, -19.0162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.2870, -18.9730, 18.9270



84.2870, -20.4990, -10.9520



84.2870, 11.0166, -12.8186



84.2870, 12.7852, 17.6371

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259



84.2870, -25.7317, 3.8330



84.2870, 11.0166, -12.8186



84.2870, 19.0623, 5.3361

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.2870, -18.9730, 18.9270



98.8741, -10.0779, 10.2579



81.4058, -2.6976, 16.2799



45.6721, -4.9654, 5.0504

0.0000, NaN, NaN



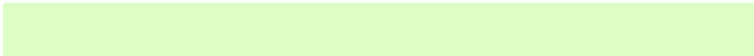
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.2870, -18.9730, 18.9270



95.3824, -25.0436, 24.7866



83.1280, -23.0221, 16.0327



40.4499, -5.8365, 5.9080



57.7314, -43.7662, 34.8076



15.8598, -11.2068, 9.5765

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.8341, 11.7133, -12.6594



80.8474, 17.6835, -19.2538



75.3478, 16.3136, -8.1665



37.8416, 1.8070, -1.9454



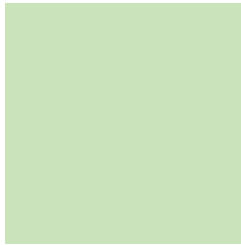
25.4485, 56.2908, -82.0777



7.2930, 15.7668, -20.6919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

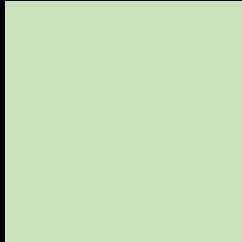
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

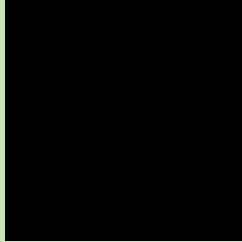
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259.

-18.9710, 18.9259.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259

Protanopia

83.9697, -5.6475, 20.3943

Deuteranopia

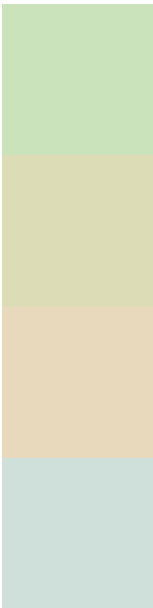
84.1260, 6.1088, 18.0142



Tritanopia

84.2630, -4.5601, -4.5328

Trichromacy



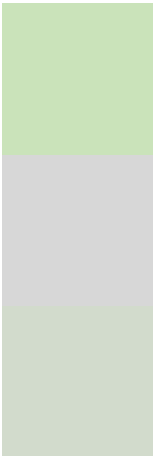
Original Color
84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259

Protanomaly
83.8734, -10.7457, 19.8254

Deuteranomaly
84.0120, -3.6163, 18.1279

Tritanomaly
84.3224, -10.4443, 5.1376

Monochromacy



Original Color
84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259

Achromatopsia
82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

Achromatomaly
82.9001, -9.8354, 10.0536

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 227, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 227, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 227, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 227, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 227, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 227, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 227, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 227, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 227, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 227,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.2852, -18.9710, 18.9259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 227, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
227, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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