

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.1690, -4.4910,
4.5731)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.1690, -4.4910, 4.5731)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(84.1651, -4.4908,
4.5728)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBDBDB
RGB	219, 219, 219
RGB Percent	86%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1412, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	123°, 0%, 86%
HSV	123°, 0%, 86%
XYZ	67.3312, 70.8376, 77.1423
YIQ	219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 219, 219
Decimal	14408667
CIE Lab	87.41, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	87, 0.008, 289.202
Yxy	70.8407, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292598747 (0xFFDBDBDB)
YUV	219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Details

The HunterLab color $84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84.1662, -4.4891, 4.5717$, and the grayscale version is $84.1667, -4.4909, 4.5729$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.6267, -14.7363, 11.2125$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86.9701, 6.4483, -2.4731$.

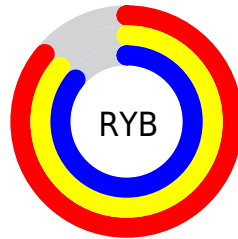
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (86%)

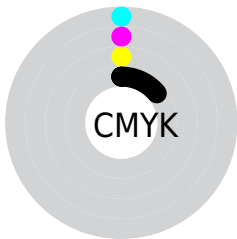
Blue (86%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (86%)

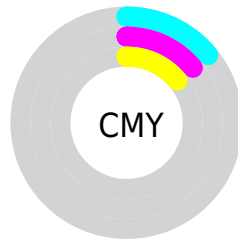


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.1651, -4.4908,
4.5728

■ 84.1651, -4.4908,
4.5728

215.2896,
-11.4952, 11.7088

■ 72.2580, -3.8568,
3.9263

109.7301, -5.8579,
5.9649

■ 60.9707, -3.2541,
3.3123

123.3342, -6.5844,
6.7051

■ 50.3413, -2.6865,
2.7341

137.4583, -7.3387,
7.4736

■ 40.4133, -2.1564,
2.1941

152.0839, -8.1197,
8.2695

■ 31.2404, -1.6667,
1.6953

167.1942, -8.9267,
9.0917

■ 22.8908, -1.2209,
1.2413

182.7743, -9.7587,

■ 15.4554, -0.8240,

9.9395

0.8371

198.8103,
-10.6151, 10.8121

■ 9.0557, -0.4823,
0.4893

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.1651, -4.4908,
4.5728

■ 84.1651, -4.4908,
4.5728

■ 81.6267, -14.7363,
11.2125

■ 86.9701, 6.4483,
-2.4731

■ 79.3606, -24.1651,
17.3661

■ 88.9639, 14.1032,
-7.9853

■ 77.3773, -32.6637,
22.9592

■ 75.6820, -40.1264,
27.9209

■ 74.2758, -46.4671,
32.1913

■ 73.1548, -51.6291,
35.7276

■ 72.3089, -55.5942,
38.5100

■ 71.7211, -58.3918,
40.5469

■ 71.3660, -60.1066,
41.8791

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.1669, -4.4970, 4.5739



84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728



84.1669, -4.4893, 4.5764

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1669, -4.4928, 4.5741



84.1669, -4.4901, 4.5873



84.1669, -4.5034, 4.5829

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728



84.1662, -4.4891, 4.5717

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.1669, -4.5016, 4.5865



84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728



84.1669, -4.4939, 4.5890

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.1669, -4.4928, 4.5741



84.1669, -4.4878, 4.5840



84.1669, -4.4981, 4.5887



84.1669, -4.5031, 4.5789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728



84.1669, -4.4879, 4.5787



84.1669, -4.4981, 4.5887



84.1669, -4.5030, 4.5842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1669, -4.4928, 4.5741

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



84.1672, -4.4916, 4.5746



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1669, -4.4928, 4.5741

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



84.1670, -4.4925, 4.5733



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



54.8245, -46.9050, 32.7286



13.9662, -11.8648, 8.1562

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1662, -4.4891, 4.5717

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



84.1661, -4.4894, 4.5725



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



34.1752, 66.5713, -40.2819



8.7163, 17.0058, -10.4833

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

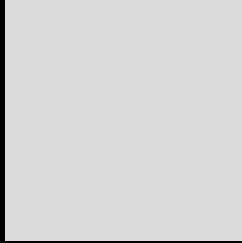
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728.



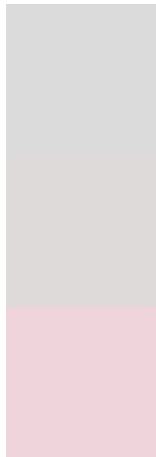
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.1651, -4.4908,

4.5728.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Protanopia

84.1978, -2.8513, 5.1247

Deuteranopia

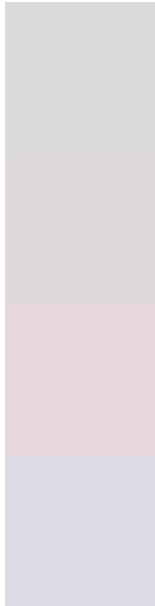
84.0268, 6.0283, 4.1056



Tritanopia

84.2249, -0.1367, -2.9001

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Protanomaly

84.1037, -3.1770, 5.0087

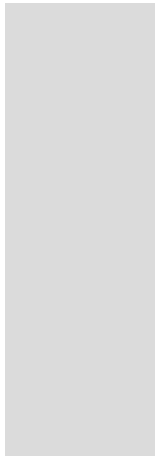
Deuteranomaly

84.2164, 2.0434, 4.2602

Tritanomaly

84.2708, -1.8929, -0.2603

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Achromatopsia

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Achromatomaly

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 219, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 219, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 219, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 219, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 219, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 219, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 219, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 219, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 219, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 219,  
219) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 219, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
219, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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