

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.2116, 7.1256,  
7.5128)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.2116, 7.1256, 7.5128)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.0391, 7.1618,  
7.4978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4D3D5
RGB	244, 211, 213
RGB Percent	96%, 83%, 84%
CMY	0.0431, 0.1725, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.04
HSL	356°, 60%, 89%
HSV	356°, 14%, 96%
XYZ	72.6127, 70.6257, 72.7558
YIQ	221.0950, 19.0260, 7.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

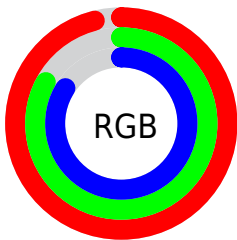
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	244, 211, 213
Decimal	16045013
CIELab	87.30, 11.81, 3.26
CIELCh	87, 12.251, 15.431
Yxy	70.6289, 0.3362, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294235093 (0xFFFF4D3D5)
YUV	221.0950, -3.9908, 20.0877
Hunter-Lab	84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978

# Details

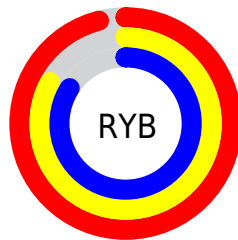
The HunterLab color **84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92.1753, -15.5938, 2.4880**, and the grayscale version is **85.0864, -4.5400, 4.6229**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **60.7758, 7.5963, 6.0258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.3727, 16.6265, 9.4985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.1599, -1.9490, 5.7374**.

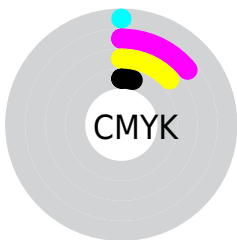
# Distribution



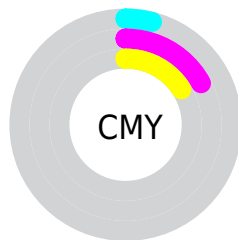
- Red (96%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84.0391, 7.1618,  
7.4978

 84.0391, 7.1618,  
7.4978


215.1174, 4.2497,  
15.7445

 72.1383, 7.2481,  
6.7007


109.5925, 6.8180,  
9.1702

 60.8576, 7.2755,  
5.9274


123.1912, 6.5737,  
10.0417

 50.2352, 7.2348,  
5.1795


137.3100, 6.2847,  
10.9365

 40.3147, 7.1172,  
4.4573

151.9305, 5.9535,  
11.8542

 31.1499, 6.9113,  
3.7603

167.0359, 5.5825,  
12.7943

 22.8092, 6.6012,  
3.0872

182.6112, 5.1737,

 15.3838, 6.1641,

13.7563

2.4345

198.6425, 4.7289,  
14.7398

■ 8.9924, 5.6161,  
1.9921

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 84.0391, 7.1618,  
7.4978

■ 84.0391, 7.1618,  
7.4978

■ 76.3727, 16.6265,  
9.4985

■ 92.1599, -1.9490,  
5.7374

■ 69.2402, 26.4301,  
11.7593

■ 98.9814, -8.8972,  
4.1660

■ 62.7496, 36.4617,  
14.2868

■ 57.0282, 46.4636,  
17.0455

■ 52.2187, 55.9601,  
19.9295

■ 48.4592, 64.2383,  
22.7401

■ 45.8448, 70.4767,  
25.1999

■ 44.3732, 74.0842,  
27.0333

■ 43.8943, 75.2473,  
27.7665

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.0410, 7.2076, 1.7095



84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978



84.0410, 3.9307, 12.1657

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.0410, 7.1593, 7.4992



84.0410, -12.7096, 12.0579



84.0410, -7.4286, -6.9980

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978



92.1753, -15.5938, 2.4880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.0410, -12.5892, -3.7982



84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978



84.0410, -15.5784, 7.3422

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.0410, 7.1593, 7.4992



84.0410, -7.5972, 14.6665



84.0410, -15.5350, 1.5409



84.0410, -1.3343, -6.9484



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978



84.0410, 0.4608, 14.1326



84.0410, -15.5350, 1.5409



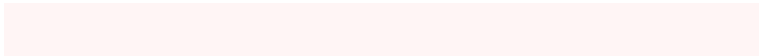
84.0410, -9.3262, -6.2573

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.0410, 7.1593, 7.4992



96.4686, -1.5915, 6.1170



84.8323, 11.8266, -7.3383



44.3269, -0.4075, 2.8913

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.0410, 7.1593, 7.4992



86.2826, 9.9948, 8.3884



88.2901, -0.7045, 13.0036



40.6187, 1.6019, 3.1471



32.3769, 55.5230, 20.3283



9.6277, 16.5684, 5.5953



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.0410, 7.1593, 7.4992



86.2826, 9.9948, 8.3884



87.6413, -7.9324, -4.0361



40.6187, 1.6019, 3.1471



32.3769, 55.5230, 20.3283

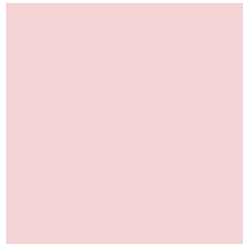


9.6277, 16.5684, 5.5953



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

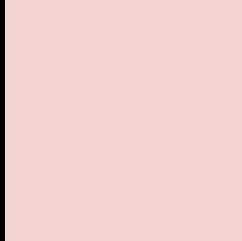
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

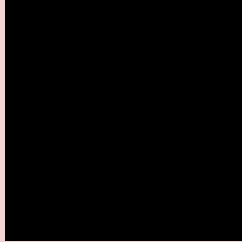
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.0391, 7.1618,

7.4978.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978

### Protanopia

84.1668, -3.0206, 5.5673

### Deuteranopia

84.1239, 5.9221, 7.5731



## Tritanopia

84.0417, 10.9426, 1.7231

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978

## Protanomaly

83.9927, 1.0323, 5.9150

## Deuteranomaly

84.2293, 6.2755, 7.6998

## Tritanomaly

84.0988, 9.3700, 3.7584

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978

## Achromatopsia

85.0326, -4.5371, 4.6200

## Achromatomaly

84.4664, -0.3506, 5.4825

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 211, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 211, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 211, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 211, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 211, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 211, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 211, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 211, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 211, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 211, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.0391, 7.1618, 7.4978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 211, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
211, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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