

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.2218, -25.2780,  
11.2387)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.2218, -25.2780,  
11.2387) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.1775,  
-25.1551, 11.1925)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1E7CC
RGB	177, 231, 204
RGB Percent	69%, 91%, 80%
CMY	0.3059, 0.0941, 0.2000
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.12, 0.09
HSL	150°, 53%, 80%
HSV	150°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	57.6064, 70.8585, 67.7676
YIQ	211.7760, -23.5170, -19.8450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

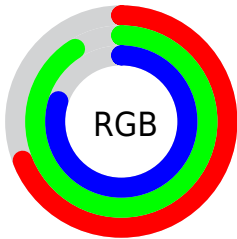
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	177, 213, 231
Decimal	11659212
CIELab	87.42, -22.62, 7.55
CIELCh	87, 23.849, 161.555
Yxy	70.8615, 0.2936, 0.3611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289849292 (0xFFB1E7CC)
YUV	211.7760, -3.8336, -30.4986
Hunter-Lab	84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925

# Details

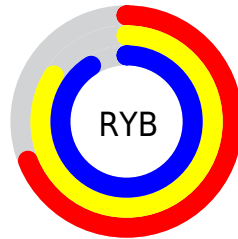
The HunterLab color **84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.6599, 19.2092, -1.5086**, and the grayscale version is **81.0686, -4.3256, 4.4046**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.0121, -12.3218, 2.9482**, and **60.8875, -21.5259, 9.0447** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.3654, -32.6398, 14.0951**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.2454, -16.8954, 8.3952**.

# Distribution



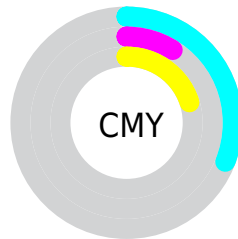
- Red (69%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 84.1775, -25.1551,  
11.1925

 84.1775, -25.1551,  
11.1925


215.3065,  
-40.4385, 20.9432

 72.2697, -23.3879,  
10.1887


 109.7435,  
-28.6208, 13.2465

 60.9818, -21.5839,  
9.1964


123.3482,  
-30.3281, 14.2963

 50.3517, -19.7326,  
8.2143


137.4729,  
-32.0246, 15.3624

 40.4230, -17.8170,  
7.2388

152.0989,  
-33.7135, 16.4450

 31.2493, -15.8121,  
6.2644

167.2097,  
-35.3973, 17.5443

 22.8988, -13.6781,  
5.2813

182.7902,

 15.4624, -11.3471,

-37.0783, 18.6604

4.2724

198.8267,  
-38.7582, 19.7934

■ 9.0619, -11.3630,  
3.9449

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.1775, -25.1551,  
11.1925

■ 84.1775, -25.1551,  
11.1925

■ 82.3654, -32.6398,  
14.0951

■ 86.2454, -16.8954,  
8.3952

■ 80.8059, -39.2736,  
17.0682

■ 88.5587, -7.9376,  
5.7258

■ 79.4994, -45.0022,  
20.0769

■ 91.1119, 1.6313,  
3.2051

■ 78.4402, -49.7923,  
23.0812

■ 92.3739, 6.6636,  
-1.1216

■ 77.6180, -53.6389,  
26.0389

■ 92.5389, 7.5457,  
-3.4614

■ 77.0161, -56.5718,  
28.9068

■ 76.6108, -58.6637,  
31.6410

■ 76.4223, -59.6964,  
33.3461

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.1793, -19.1685, 19.3212



84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



84.1793, -25.7979, 0.0961

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.1793, -25.1565, 11.1936



84.1793, 0.1449, -19.7040



84.1793, 13.3536, 17.8014

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



72.6599, 19.2092, -1.5086

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.1793, 19.1602, 8.8340



84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



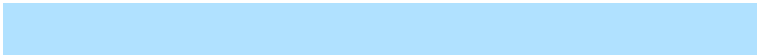
84.1793, 11.2556, -13.4236

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.1793, -25.1565, 11.1936



84.1793, -11.6268, -18.8394



84.1793, 18.3716, -2.6134



84.1793, 2.8801, 22.7542



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



84.1793, -23.1527, -7.6467



84.1793, 18.3716, -2.6134



84.1793, 15.9416, 15.2134

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.1793, -25.1565, 11.1936



98.0861, -12.6317, 7.4799



85.6120, -21.2537, 23.5747



45.3056, -6.1276, 3.5439

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

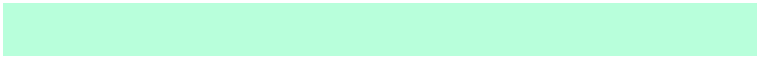


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.1793, -25.1565, 11.1936



93.1618, -32.2514, 14.0588



84.9828, -20.5799, -0.2776



40.2601, -6.2187, 3.3875



57.2412, -44.5602, 24.6462



15.6205, -11.7409, 5.8209



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.6599, 19.2092, -1.5086



77.7852, 27.0887, -2.8367



71.8645, 15.0832, 9.8396



38.0626, 2.2159, 0.9504



32.0153, 57.0934, 3.1201

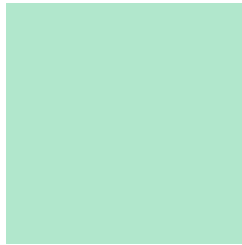


8.8101, 15.9090, -0.6747



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

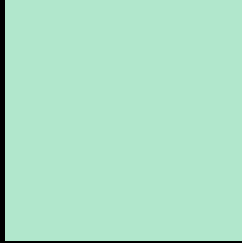
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

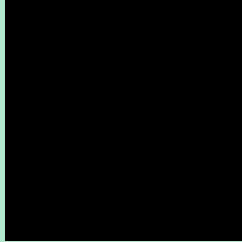
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

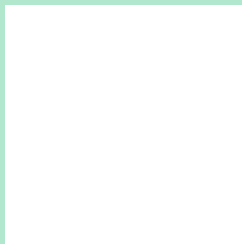
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925.



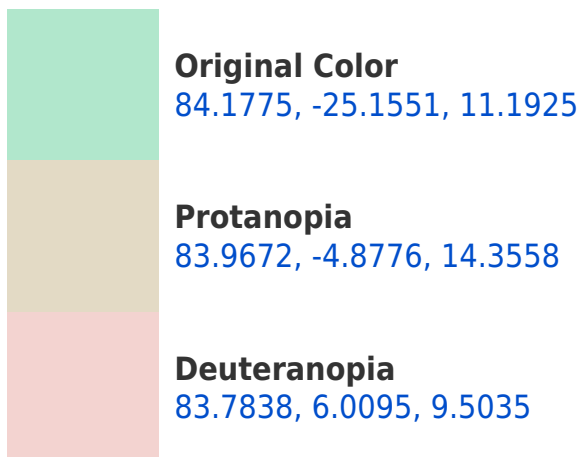
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.1775,

-25.1551, 11.1925.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

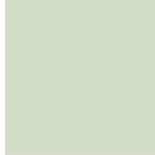
84.0451, -13.0411, -8.2584

# Trichromacy



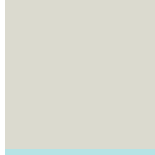
## Original Color

84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



## Protanomaly

83.9648, -12.7786, 12.9295



## Deuteranomaly

83.4912, -5.9729, 9.4221



## Tritanomaly

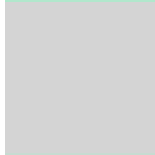
83.9883, -17.5420, -0.8837

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925



## Achromatopsia

81.1403, -4.3294, 4.4085



## Achromatomaly

82.1027, -12.3783, 6.8137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 231, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 231, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 231, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 231, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 231, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 231, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 231, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 231, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 231, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 231,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.1775, -25.1551, 11.1925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 231, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
231, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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