

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.2253, -9.8780,  
40.0643)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.2253, -9.8780,  
40.0643) contains.

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# **Color**

**HunterLab(84.3493,  
-10.0135, 40.1862)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1DC74
RGB	241, 220, 116
RGB Percent	95%, 86%, 45%
CMY	0.0549, 0.1372, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.52, 0.05
HSL	50°, 82%, 70%
HSV	50°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	65.0212, 71.1480, 26.8289
YIQ	214.4230, 45.9000, -27.8920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

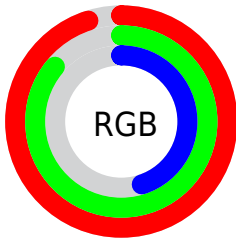
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">141, 241, 116</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15850612</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.56, -5.81, 53.16</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 53.478, 96.232</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.1514, 0.3989, 0.4365</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294040692</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF1DC74</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">214.4230, -48.5225, 23.3080</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862</a>

# Details

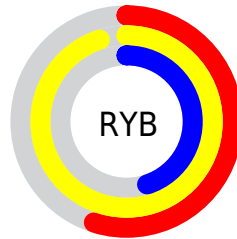
The HunterLab color **84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **52.8718, 15.5939, -60.4685**, and the grayscale version is **82.3756, -4.3954, 4.4756**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.8173, -17.4280, 36.9182**, and **61.1128, -7.9050, 32.8132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.8023, -9.6353, 43.6196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.9869, -9.9661, 35.6751**.

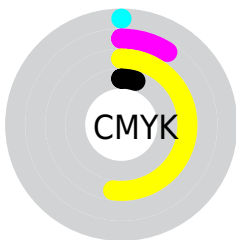
# Distribution



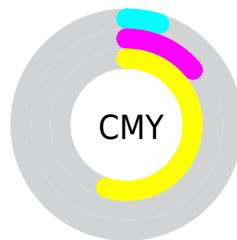
- Red (95%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.3493, -10.0135,  
40.1862

84.3493, -10.0135,  
40.1862

215.5417,  
-19.0929, 68.2004

72.4332, -9.0999,  
36.6124

109.9314,  
-11.9043, 46.9585

61.1363, -8.2005,  
32.8802

123.5436,  
-12.8758, 50.1921

50.4966, -7.3173,  
28.9601

137.6754,  
-13.8660, 53.3434

40.5577, -6.4485,  
24.8168

152.3084,  
-14.8747, 56.4237

31.3730, -5.5910,  
20.4292

167.4259,  
-15.9019, 59.4422

23.0103, -4.7394,  
16.1072

183.0130,

15.5603, -3.8837,

-16.9474, 62.4068

10.8922

199.0558,  
-18.0111, 65.3243

■ 9.1475, -3.2540,  
6.4033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.3493, -10.0135,  
40.1862

■ 84.3493, -10.0135,  
40.1862

■ 82.8023, -9.6353,  
43.6196

■ 85.9869, -9.9661,  
35.6751

■ 81.3376, -8.8370,  
46.0017

■ 87.7103, -9.4767,  
30.0743

■ 79.9534, -7.6463,  
47.3877

■ 89.5219, -8.5470,  
23.3900

■ 78.6435, -6.1009,  
47.8679

■ 91.4214, -7.1809,  
15.6393

77.6222, -4.6441,  
47.7492

93.4078, -5.3859,  
6.8486

95.2879, -4.2213,  
-0.2247

96.5735, -6.3553,  
1.3138

97.8698, -8.4794,  
2.8446

98.7121, -9.8454,  
3.8287

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.3513, 17.2424, 38.2182



84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862



84.3513, -32.8050, 35.2922

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.3513, -10.0166, 40.1870



84.3513, -42.1149, -29.7507



84.3513, 47.9184, -17.6054

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862



52.8718, 15.5939, -60.4685

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.3513, 28.1000, -45.1803



84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862



84.3513, -24.2510, -53.5847

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.3513, -10.0166, 40.1870



84.3513, -49.7896, -0.8946



84.3513, 1.1512, -59.9692



84.3513, 52.9585, 9.7321



# Rectangle

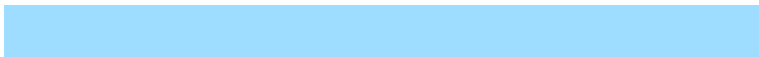
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862



84.3513, -43.1468, 27.5118



84.3513, 1.1512, -59.9692



84.3513, 42.6533, -27.3844

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



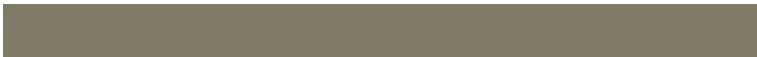
84.3513, -10.0166, 40.1870



96.6182, -8.3219, 20.2683



57.4924, 45.8565, 11.0716



44.5067, -3.9883, 10.1643

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.3513, -10.0166, 40.1870



88.2350, -10.2529, 46.6076



87.5481, -33.3081, 42.1733



42.4037, -3.1334, 6.2896



57.3117, -3.6695, 35.2510



16.8849, -1.6380, 10.3757



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8718, 15.5939, -60.4685



49.0250, 23.8310, -83.7909



50.8614, 36.4688, -65.0304



39.5697, -1.0775, -2.1897



21.0128, 40.4930, -113.6768

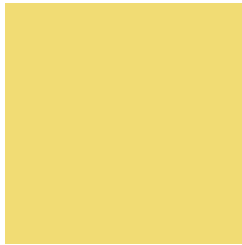


7.0074, 8.5873, -27.2962



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862.



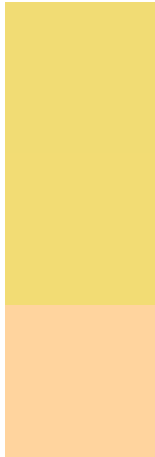
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3493,

-10.0135, 40.1862.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862

### Protanopia

84.4539, -9.6433, 40.2715

### Deuteranopia

84.1520, 3.2411, 29.1199



## Tritanopia

84.2632, 13.0989, 2.5313

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862

## Protanomaly

84.4539, -9.6433, 40.2715

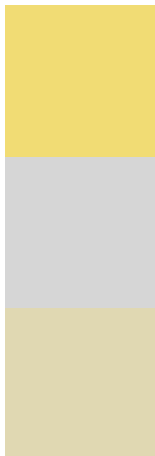
## Deuteranomaly

84.2069, -1.7700, 33.5598

## Tritanomaly

83.8832, 3.5622, 19.3087

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862

## Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554

## Achromatomaly

82.5672, -7.5761, 20.4996

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 220, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 220, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 220, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 220, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 220, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 220, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 220, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 220, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 220, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 220, 116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.3493, -10.0135, 40.1862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 220, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
220, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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