

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.4201, -41.2012,  
31.4164)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.4201, -41.2012,  
31.4164) contains.

<b>HunterLab(84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(84.3635,  
-41.0148, 31.2833)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EEF95
RGB	158, 239, 149
RGB Percent	62%, 94%, 58%
CMY	0.3804, 0.0627, 0.4157
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.38, 0.06
HSL	114°, 74%, 76%
HSV	114°, 38%, 94%
XYZ	50.3919, 71.1720, 39.5155
YIQ	204.5210, -19.3860, -45.1620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

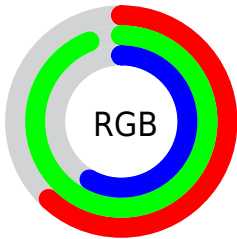
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	149, 239, 230
Decimal	10416021
CIELab	87.57, -41.74, 35.91
CIELCh	88, 55.059, 139.294
Yxy	71.1750, 0.3128, 0.4418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288606101 (0xFF9EEF95)
YUV	204.5210, -27.3719, -40.7989
Hunter-Lab	84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833

# Details

The HunterLab color  $84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99FF99$ . A complement of this color would be  $66.7474, 40.8768, -30.6960$ , and the grayscale version is  $78.0501, -4.1646, 4.2406$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.0404, -26.0540, 22.4693$ , and  $60.9939, -35.1005, 25.9763$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $82.7614, -48.1877, 36.2295$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.2520, -32.7501, 25.4318$ .

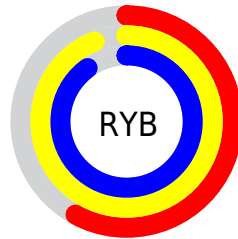
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (94%)

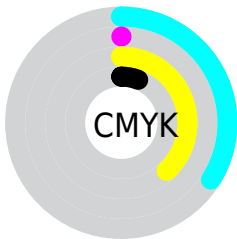
Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (90%)

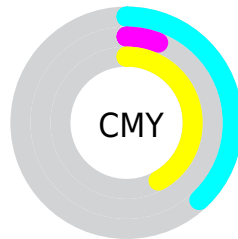


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.3635, -41.0148,  
31.2833


 84.3635, -41.0148,  
31.2833


215.5609,  
-63.6986, 51.9915

 72.4466, -38.2162,  
28.7376


 109.9468,  
-46.3780, 36.1641

 61.1489, -35.3117,  
26.0979


 123.5595,  
-48.9662, 38.5224

 50.5084, -32.2760,  
23.3414


137.6919,  
-51.5059, 40.8384

 40.5687, -29.0719,  
20.4369

152.3255,  
-54.0046, 43.1192

 31.3830, -25.6448,  
17.3418

167.4435,  
-56.4685, 45.3705

 23.0194, -21.9103,  
14.0200


183.0311,

 15.5682, -17.7296,


-58.9027, 47.5971


10.8978


199.0744,  
-61.3115, 49.8030


 9.1545, -16.0203,  
6.4081


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 84.3635, -41.0148,  
31.2833


 84.3635, -41.0148,  
31.2833


 82.7614, -48.1877,  
36.2295


 86.2520, -32.7501,  
25.4318


 81.4388, -54.1998,  
40.2321

 88.4187, -23.4763,  
18.7301

 80.3913, -59.0191,  
43.2840

 90.8595, -13.2966,  
11.2507

 79.6069, -62.6511,  
45.4119

 93.5657, -2.3198,  
3.0739

■ 79.0674, -65.1473,  
46.6843

■ 94.9820, 3.2155,  
-0.4726

■ 78.7454, -66.6191,  
47.2352

■ 78.6948, -66.8508,  
47.3210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.3653, -21.3014, 39.6463



84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



84.3653, -50.4922, 13.4251

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.3653, -41.0164, 31.2840



84.3653, -14.1204, -61.4219



84.3653, 51.5233, 19.6001

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



66.7474, 40.8768, -30.6960

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.3653, 54.0927, -5.3127



84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



84.3653, 13.7156, -58.1371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.3653, -41.0164, 31.2840



84.3653, -36.3413, -43.2206



84.3653, 39.5114, -35.3134



84.3653, 32.8855, 34.5518



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



84.3653, -50.6670, -3.9561



84.3653, 39.5114, -35.3134



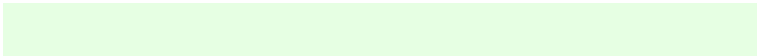
84.3653, 54.3776, 12.3302

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.3653, -41.0164, 31.2840



96.8740, -18.1183, 14.9200



87.8167, -12.7737, 34.6906



44.6512, -9.0777, 7.4143

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

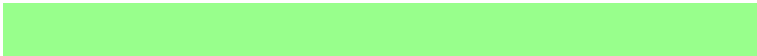


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.3653, -41.0164, 31.2840



89.4816, -50.0510, 37.7582



84.6337, -38.3937, 19.3229



42.1093, -7.0866, 5.9007



58.5210, -49.6018, 35.1920



16.9536, -13.9890, 10.2018



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.7474, 40.8768, -30.6960



67.2295, 53.8913, -41.0651



66.4525, 37.1563, -8.8142



39.9330, 2.9309, -1.6541



33.8666, 68.1664, -56.9432



9.8852, 19.8269, -16.0790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

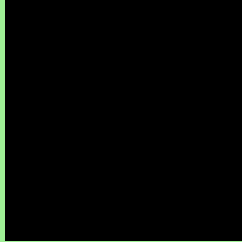
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833.



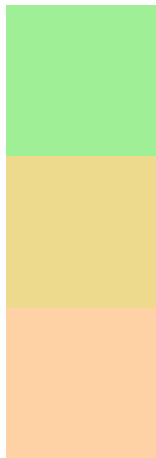
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3635,

-41.0148, 31.2833.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833

### Protanopia

83.8111, -7.9371, 33.6785

### Deuteranopia

83.7077, 5.0799, 26.4557



## Tritanopia

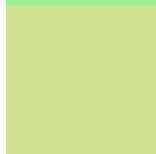
84.1559, -15.7495, -9.8460

# Trichromacy



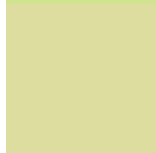
## Original Color

84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



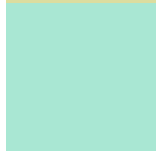
## Protanomaly

83.6431, -21.4793, 32.4612



## Deuteranomaly

83.3257, -13.7972, 27.7641



## Tritanomaly

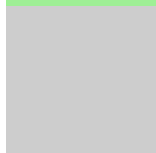
83.8391, -26.0084, 7.6234

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833



## Achromatopsia

78.1342, -4.1690, 4.2452



## Achromatomaly

79.8873, -18.4553, 14.8383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 239, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 239, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 239, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 239, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 239, 149) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 239, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 239, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 239, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 239, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 239,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.3635, -41.0148, 31.2833 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 239, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
239, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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