

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.4405, 5.1957,  
-2.0093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.4405, 5.1957, -2.0093)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.4393, 5.1937,  
-2.0081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9D6E9
RGB	233, 214, 233
RGB Percent	91%, 84%, 91%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1608, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	300°, 30%, 88%
HSV	300°, 8%, 91%
XYZ	72.3588, 71.3000, 87.0393
YIQ	221.8470, 5.2250, 9.9370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

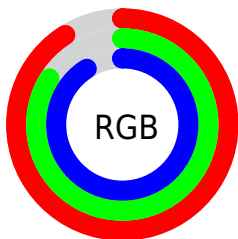
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 214, 233
Decimal	15324905
CIE Lab	87.63, 9.86, -6.94
CIE LCh	88, 12.061, 324.866
Yxy	71.3030, 0.3137, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293514985 (0xFFE9D6E9)
YUV	221.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812
Hunter-Lab	84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081

# Details

The HunterLab color  $84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $87.9949, -14.0007, 11.1091$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.3774, -4.5555, 4.6387$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.0882, 5.4917, -2.6321$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.6790, 17.7452, -10.6656$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.6257, -7.0539, 6.4505$ .

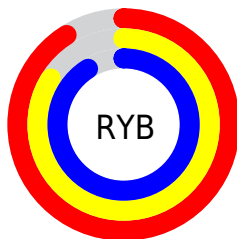
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (84%)

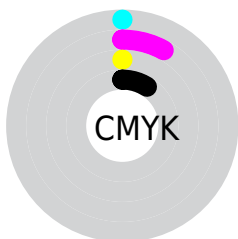
Blue (91%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (91%)

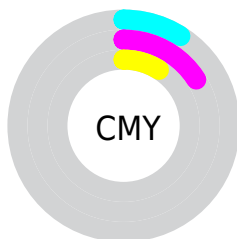


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.4393, 5.1937,  
-2.0081

84.4393, 5.1937,  
-2.0081

215.6646, 1.6078,  
2.8734

72.5186, 5.3700,  
-2.3546

110.0296, 4.6822,  
-1.1782

61.2170, 5.4915,  
-2.6540

123.6457, 4.3586,  
-0.7033

50.5724, 5.5499,  
-2.9004

137.7812, 3.9929,  
-0.1910

40.6281, 5.5374,  
-3.0882

152.4178, 3.5876,  
0.3569

31.4376, 5.4438,  
-3.2107

167.5388, 3.1447,  
0.9386

23.0686, 5.2546,  
-3.2586

183.1293, 2.6661,

15.6114, 4.9490,

1.5528

-3.2199

199.1754, 2.1533,  
2.1982

■ 9.1919, 4.5074,  
-3.0852

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 84.4393, 5.1937,  
-2.0081

■ 84.4393, 5.1937,  
-2.0081

■ 77.6790, 17.7452,  
-10.6656

■ 91.6257, -7.0539,  
6.4505

■ 71.4096, 30.5273,  
-19.4710

■ 97.3279, -16.1334,  
12.7278

■ 65.7156, 43.3604,  
-28.3007

■ 97.3279, -16.1334,  
12.7277

■ 60.6914, 55.9231,  
-36.9344

■ 97.3279, -16.1334,  
12.7276

■ 56.4359, 67.7133,  
-45.0290

■ 97.3279, -16.1333,  
12.7276

■ 53.0396, 78.0601,  
-52.1264

■ 97.3279, -16.1333,  
12.7275

■ 50.5632, 86.2342,  
-57.7297

■ 97.3279, -16.1333,  
12.7274

■ 49.0091, 91.6762,  
-61.4584

■ 97.3279, -16.1332,  
12.7274

■ 48.2706, 94.3550,  
-63.2933

■ 97.3279, -16.1332,  
12.7273

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.4411, 0.4254, -6.0455



84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081



84.4411, 7.3618, 3.6026

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.4411, 5.1916, -2.0066



84.4411, -3.4692, 14.8688



84.4411, -14.7832, -0.1788

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081



87.9949, -14.0007, 11.1091

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.4411, -15.7603, 5.5782



84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081



84.4411, -9.3348, 14.0113

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.4411, 5.1916, -2.0066



84.4411, 2.2726, 13.1352



84.4411, -13.7926, 10.7057



84.4411, -11.0852, -4.9393



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081



84.4411, 7.0015, 7.3799



84.4411, -13.7926, 10.7057



84.4411, -15.4363, 1.7147

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.4411, 5.1916, -2.0066



98.3814, -2.6249, 3.5605



82.6294, -0.9680, -4.4178



45.5527, -1.2767, 1.6903

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.4411, 5.1916, -2.0066



92.0846, 8.3639, -4.0260



84.1277, 3.5074, 2.4484



39.1329, 3.1991, -1.4693



36.2877, 71.3428, -47.8606



10.1686, 19.9918, -13.4116



# Inverse Universe

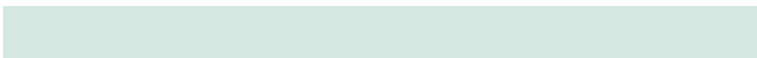
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.4411, 5.1916, -2.0066



92.0846, 8.3639, -4.0260



88.2783, -12.4207, 7.0522



39.1329, 3.1991, -1.4693



36.2877, 71.3428, -47.8606

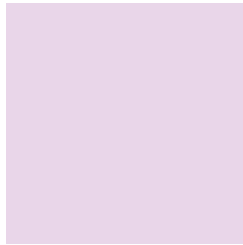


10.1686, 19.9918, -13.4116



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

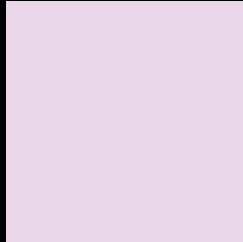
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

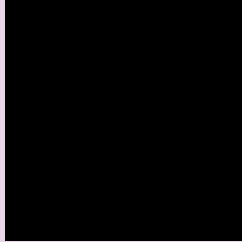
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081.



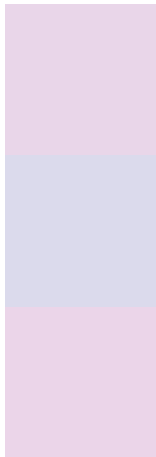
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081.

-2.0081.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081

### Protanopia

84.4150, -0.9233, -3.7373

### Deuteranopia

84.3409, 6.4002, -2.1108



## Tritanopia

84.3720, 4.8324, -1.0525

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081

## Protanomaly

84.5406, 1.0113, -3.0106

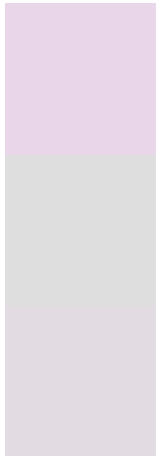
## Deuteranomaly

84.2402, 6.0628, -2.2435

## Tritanomaly

84.4055, 5.0126, -1.5291

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.0428, -1.0110, 2.2222

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 214, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 214, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 214, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 214, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 214, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 214, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 214, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 214, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 214, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 214,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.4393, 5.1937, -2.0081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 214, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
214, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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