

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.5334, -38.3912,
23.3752)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.5334, -38.3912,
23.3752) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(84.3645,
-38.1820, 23.1740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BEEAE
RGB	155, 238, 174
RGB Percent	61%, 93%, 68%
CMY	0.3921, 0.0666, 0.3176
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.27, 0.07
HSL	134°, 71%, 77%
HSV	134°, 35%, 93%
XYZ	51.7322, 71.1737, 51.0557
YIQ	205.8870, -28.9240, -37.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

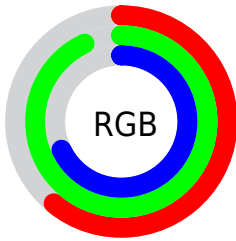
Format	Color
RYB	155, 223, 238
Decimal	10219182
CIELab	87.57, -38.19, 23.19
CIELCh	88, 44.675, 148.730
Yxy	71.1767, 0.2974, 0.4091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288409262 (0xFF9BEEAE)
YUV	205.8870, -15.7203, -44.6279
Hunter-Lab	84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740

Details

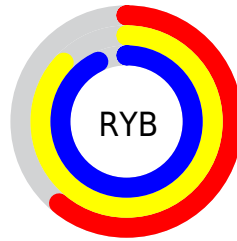
The HunterLab color $84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99FFCC$. A complement of this color would be $68.3637, 36.4248, -15.3623$, and the grayscale version is $78.5897, -4.1934, 4.2699$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95.5145, -22.8877, 11.9843$, and $61.2745, -33.1363, 19.6737$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.6932, -45.5515, 27.7179$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86.3328, -29.7683, 18.2869$.

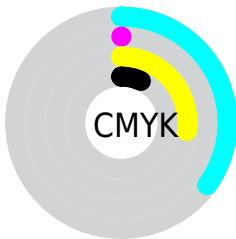
Distribution



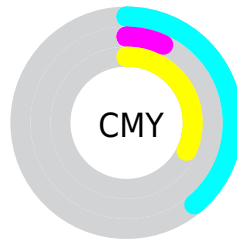
- Red (61%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.3645, -38.1820,
23.1740

■ 84.3645, -38.1820,
23.1740

215.5622,
-59.4633, 38.7731

■ 72.4475, -35.5798,
21.3518

■ 109.9478,
-43.1842, 26.7308

■ 61.1497, -32.8853,
19.4858

■ 123.5606,
-45.6053, 28.4775

■ 50.5093, -30.0760,
17.5628

137.6931,
-47.9851, 30.2102

■ 40.5695, -27.1187,
15.5630

152.3266,
-50.3304, 31.9326

■ 31.3837, -23.9642,
13.4579

167.4448,
-52.6467, 33.6478

■ 23.0200, -20.5369,
11.2043


183.0324,

■ 15.5688, -16.7098,


-54.9385, 35.3583


9.0066


199.0757,
-57.2097, 37.0661


 9.1549, -16.0212,
6.4085


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 84.3645, -38.1820,
23.1740


 84.3645, -38.1820,
23.1740


 82.6932, -45.5515,
27.7179


 86.3328, -29.7683,
18.2869


 81.3125, -51.7997,
31.8588

 88.5896, -20.4003,
13.1147

 80.2177, -56.8853,
35.5470

 91.1297, -10.1860,
7.7183

 79.3964, -60.8039,
38.7430

 93.9438, 0.7629,
2.1548

■ 78.8288, -63.5973,
41.4203

■ 94.6741, 3.7549,
-0.8450

■ 78.4859, -65.3630,
43.5667

■ 78.3727, -65.9706,
44.4525

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.3663, -24.1841, 33.1492



84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



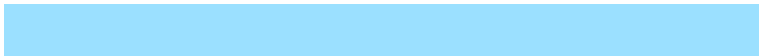
84.3663, -43.3127, 5.4935

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.3663, -38.1834, 23.1749



84.3663, -5.4566, -47.3501



84.3663, 36.5795, 21.9732

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



68.3637, 36.4248, -15.3623

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.3663, 42.8970, 3.6810



84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



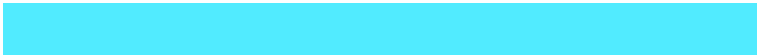
84.3663, 17.1592, -39.6928

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.3663, -38.1834, 23.1749



84.3663, -25.6732, -38.3514



84.3663, 35.4546, -19.5015



84.3663, 18.9784, 32.5931

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



84.3663, -41.4674, -9.6166



84.3663, 35.4546, -19.5015



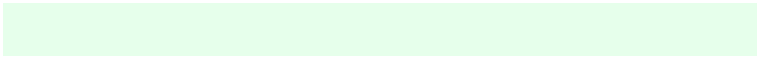
84.3663, 40.1692, 16.6921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.3663, -38.1834, 23.1749



97.0969, -16.8255, 11.3863



88.7341, -22.4890, 33.5629



44.7439, -8.5006, 5.6477

0.0000, NaN, NaN



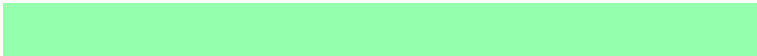
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.3663, -38.1834, 23.1749



89.8895, -47.2131, 28.6808



85.4404, -31.9130, 7.7156



42.0900, -7.0153, 4.7871



58.5512, -49.1871, 32.9970



16.9313, -13.9145, 8.8747

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.3637, 36.4248, -15.3623



69.3894, 48.7746, -20.6602



66.9750, 29.5682, 4.2584



39.9573, 2.8483, -0.3497



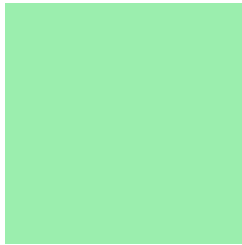
34.7580, 65.1058, -20.8087



10.0993, 19.0411, -7.0072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

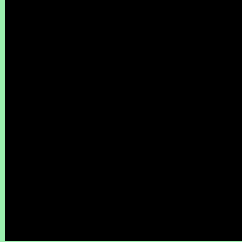
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

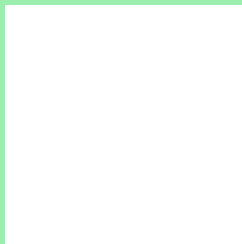
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740.



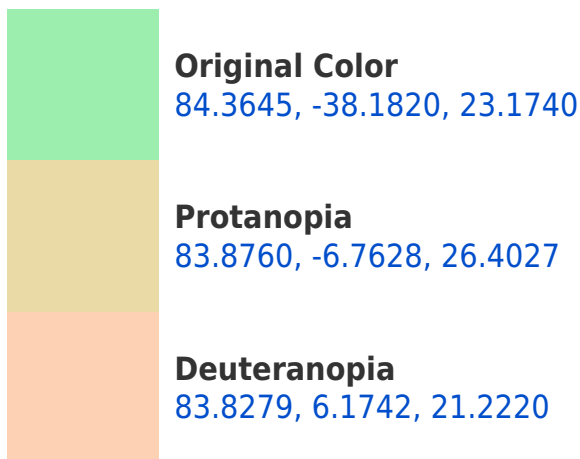
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.3645,

-38.1820, 23.1740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

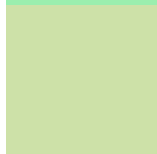
84.4394, -18.0037, -10.0711

Trichromacy



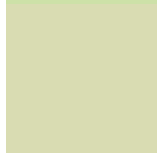
Original Color

84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



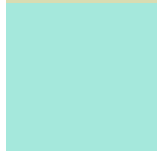
Protanomaly

83.4606, -19.5073, 24.7694



Deuteranomaly

83.1580, -11.9179, 21.0025



Tritanomaly

84.1902, -25.8625, 3.7407

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740



Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



Achromatomaly

80.3758, -17.8407, 11.5655

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 238, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 238, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 238, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 238, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 238, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 238, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 238, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 238, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 238, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 238,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.3645, -38.1820, 23.1740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 238, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
238, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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