

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.5603, -1.9420,
17.4167)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.5603, -1.9420,
17.4167) contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| HunterLab(84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(84.4937, -1.7959,
17.4458)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | EDD9BF |
| RGB | 237, 217, 191 |
| RGB Percent | 93%, 85%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.0706, 0.1490, 0.2510 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.08, 0.19, 0.07 |
| HSL | 34°, 56%, 84% |
| HSV | 34°, 19%, 93% |
| XYZ | 69.1419, 71.3919, 59.4260 |
| YIQ | 220.0160, 20.2660, -3.8460 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

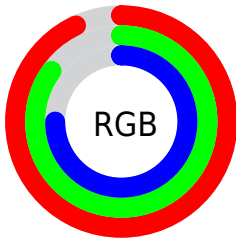
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 226, 237, 191 |
| Decimal | 15587775 |
| CIE Lab | 87.68, 2.80, 15.31 |
| CIE LCh | 88, 15.562, 79.623 |
| Yxy | 71.3951, 0.3458, 0.3570 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293777855 (0xFFEDD9BF) |
| YUV | 220.0160, -14.3049, 14.8950 |
| Hunter-Lab | 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 |

Details

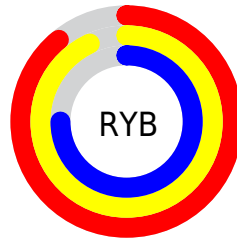
The HunterLab color $84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be $79.8610, -5.5017, -10.3696$, and the grayscale version is $84.6611, -4.5173, 4.5998$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.7474, -6.7215, 9.0414$, and $61.2368, -0.5838, 14.4432$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.8011, 0.3566, 22.8618$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88.3189, -3.5708, 11.3350$.

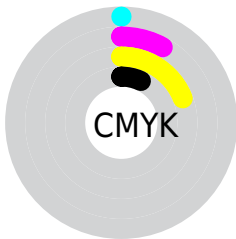
Distribution



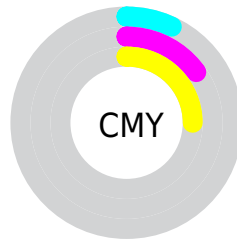
- Red (93%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

84.4937, -1.7959,
17.4458

84.4937, -1.7959,
17.4458

215.7390, -7.8235,
30.0320

72.5704, -1.2940,
16.0481

110.0891, -2.9181,
20.2256

61.2659, -0.8299,
14.6358

123.7075, -3.5293,
21.6126

50.6183, -0.4094,
13.2022

137.8453, -4.1725,
23.0016

40.6708, -0.0365,
11.7361

152.4841, -4.8462,
24.3946

31.4768, 0.2834,
10.2207

167.6073, -5.5492,
25.7930

23.1039, 0.5431,
8.6296

183.1998, -6.2804,

15.6425, 0.7318,

27.1981

6.9177

199.2479, -7.0388,
28.6108

■ 9.2187, 0.8416,
6.4531

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.4937, -1.7959,
17.4458

■ 84.4937, -1.7959,
17.4458

■ 80.8011, 0.3566,
22.8618

■ 88.3189, -3.5708,
11.3350

■ 77.2448, 2.9164,
27.5188

■ 92.2624, -4.9843,
4.5841

■ 73.8365, 5.8991,
31.3576

■ 96.0756, -7.3940,
0.6877

■ 70.5864, 9.3166,
34.3219

■ 98.3589, -11.0927,
3.3852

■ 67.5046, 13.1711,
36.3662

■ 64.6004, 17.4502,
37.4652

■ 61.8815, 22.1201,
37.6316

■ 59.3478, 27.0962,
37.0040

■ 59.2028, 27.3930,
36.9600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.4956, 5.4093, 14.7484



84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458



84.4956, -9.4839, 16.9481

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.4956, -1.7985, 17.4470



84.4956, -18.1618, -0.3263



84.4956, 7.2012, -5.1600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458



79.8610, -5.5017, -10.3696

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.4956, 0.5755, -9.9502



84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458



84.4956, -13.9976, -6.9893

Square

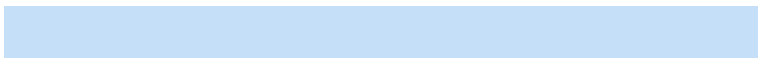
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.4956, -1.7985, 17.4470



84.4956, -18.7454, 7.1254



84.4956, -7.1937, -10.6484



84.4956, 10.7286, 1.9927

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458



84.4956, -13.8533, 14.8534



84.4956, -7.1937, -10.6484



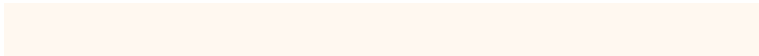
84.4956, 5.2515, -7.1264

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.4956, -1.7985, 17.4470



97.4081, -4.4425, 9.9086



77.4631, 15.1478, 0.4742



44.9362, -2.0065, 4.8029

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.4956, -1.7985, 17.4470



90.3220, -1.1417, 21.2170



90.5217, -12.7863, 23.2704



40.5798, -1.6373, 5.2246



44.0474, 19.5832, 27.4846



13.0931, 3.9237, 8.1366

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.8610, -5.5017, -10.3696



84.3578, -5.8849, -14.6162



73.9959, 5.5635, -18.5047



39.5298, -2.4829, -1.0668



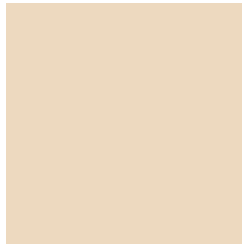
29.8108, 14.4145, -68.3777



9.4127, 1.8706, -15.8032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

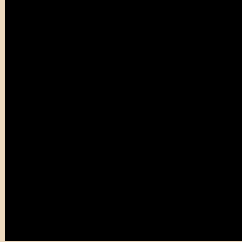
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4937, -1.7959,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458

Protanopia

84.4345, -5.1052, 16.9206

Deuteranopia

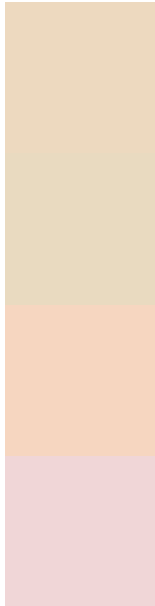
84.4997, 5.9986, 17.1822



Tritanopia

84.5965, 8.4456, 0.8338

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458

Protanomaly

84.4229, -3.5619, 16.9356

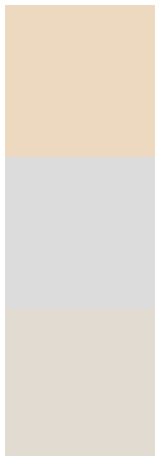
Deuteranomaly

84.5528, 3.1183, 17.1864

Tritanomaly

84.5723, 4.4856, 7.1206

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458

Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964

Achromatomaly

84.5194, -3.8656, 9.6974

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 217, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 217, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 217, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 217, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 217, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 217, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 217, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 217, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 217, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 217,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.4937, -1.7959, 17.4458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 217, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
217, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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