

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.6281, -5.9931,
5.4235)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.6281, -5.9931, 5.4235)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(84.6642, -6.0088,
5.6141)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | DADDDA |
| RGB | 218, 221, 218 |
| RGB Percent | 85%, 87%, 85% |
| CMY | 0.1451, 0.1333, 0.1451 |
| CMYK | 0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.13 |
| HSL | 120°, 4%, 86% |
| HSV | 120°, 1%, 87% |
| XYZ | 67.4247, 71.6803, 76.6117 |
| YIQ | 219.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

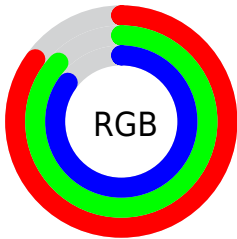
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 218, 221, 221 |
| Decimal | 14343642 |
| CIELab | 87.82, -1.55, 1.11 |
| CIELCh | 88, 1.905, 144.515 |
| Yxy | 71.6833, 0.3126, 0.3323 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292533722 (0xFFDADDDA) |
| YUV | 219.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444 |
| Hunter-Lab | 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 |

Details

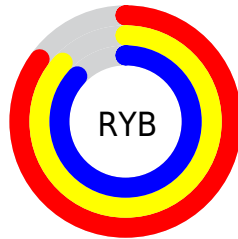
The HunterLab color $84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84.1054, -2.9845, 3.5475$, and the grayscale version is $84.5005, -4.5087, 4.5911$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $61.4030, -4.6881, 4.2962$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.1092, -16.4079, 12.6393$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87.4963, 5.1324, -1.9107$.

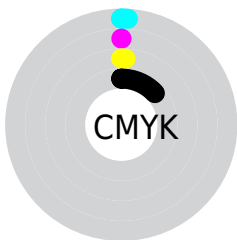
Distribution



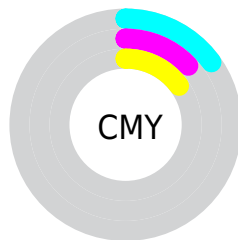
- Red (85%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.6642, -6.0088,
5.6141

■ 84.6642, -6.0088,
5.6141

215.9719,
-13.5726, 13.1356

■ 72.7324, -5.2993,
4.9155

110.2752, -7.5166,
7.1032

■ 61.4190, -4.6170,
4.2465

123.9010, -8.3091,
7.8889

■ 50.7620, -3.9648,
3.6100

138.0459, -9.1270,
8.7013

■ 40.8044, -3.3440,
3.0074

152.6916, -9.9695,
9.5394

■ 31.5994, -2.7561,
2.4408

167.8214,
-10.8359, 10.4026

■ 23.2146, -2.2025,
1.9122

183.4203,

■ 15.7397, -1.6842,

-11.7256, 11.2901

1.4240

199.4747,
-12.6380, 12.2013

■ 9.3020, -1.2235,
0.9991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6642, -6.0088,
5.6141

■ 84.6642, -6.0088,
5.6141

■ 82.1092, -16.4079,
12.6393

■ 87.4963, 5.1324,
-1.9107

■ 79.8372, -25.9357,
19.0772

■ 89.5520, 13.0052,
-7.2280

■ 77.8585, -34.4739,
24.8476

■ 76.1781, -41.9148,
29.8773

■ 74.7962, -48.1730,
34.1082

■ 73.7076, -53.1968,
37.5050

■ 72.9004, -56.9774,
40.0617

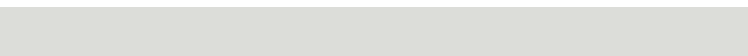
■ 72.3552, -59.5585,
41.8074

■ 72.0434, -61.0450,
42.8129

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6660, -5.2820, 6.1811



84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141



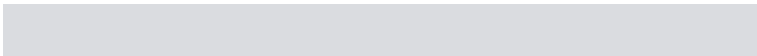
84.6660, -6.3406, 4.7753

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.6660, -6.0108, 5.6154



84.6660, -4.6974, 2.8529



84.6660, -2.8464, 5.3295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141



84.1054, -2.9845, 3.5475

Split Complementary

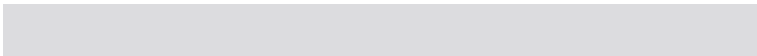
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.6660, -2.6882, 4.4416



84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141



84.6660, -3.7595, 3.0053

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.6660, -6.0108, 5.6154



84.6660, -5.5844, 3.1752



84.6660, -3.0231, 3.5893



84.6660, -3.4545, 6.0174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141



84.6660, -6.2908, 4.1700



84.6660, -3.0231, 3.5893



84.6660, -2.7387, 5.0448

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.6660, -6.0108, 5.6154

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



84.9416, -5.0491, 5.9528



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.6660, -6.0108, 5.6154



99.3586, -7.9002, 7.1654



84.7127, -5.7545, 4.9498



39.1176, -3.0442, 2.7761



54.8095, -46.9990, 32.9501



13.9506, -11.9624, 8.3864

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1054, -2.9845, 3.5475



98.3814, -2.6249, 3.5607



84.0580, -3.2434, 4.2232



38.7578, -1.1021, 1.4490



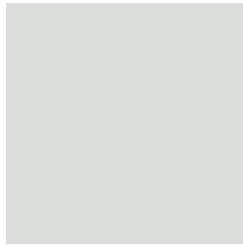
34.5862, 67.9964, -45.6082



8.8032, 17.3071, -11.6090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

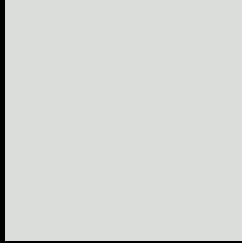
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

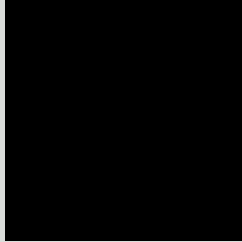
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

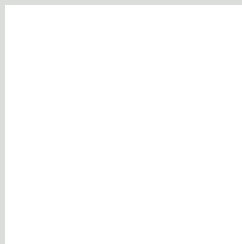
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141.

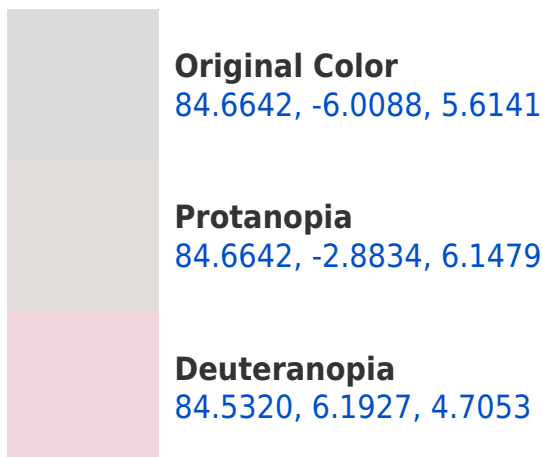


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.6642, -6.0088,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

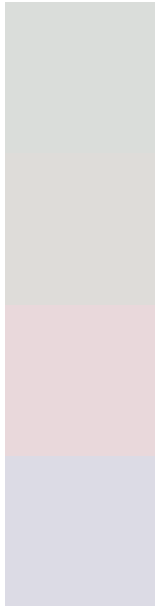




Tritanopia

84.5997, -0.2895, -3.4908

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141

Protanomaly

84.6911, -4.3788, 6.1528

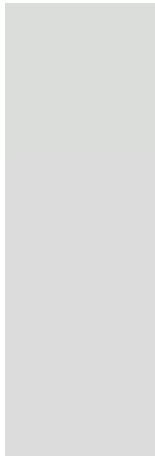
Deuteranomaly

84.5871, 1.6870, 5.1767

Tritanomaly

84.5789, -2.4135, 0.1104

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141

Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964

Achromatomaly

84.4754, -5.0056, 4.9285

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 221, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 221, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 221, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 221, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 221, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 221, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 221, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 221, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 221, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 221,  
218) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.6642, -6.0088, 5.6141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 221, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
221, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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