

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.6667, -2.7076,
4.7048)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.6667, -2.7076, 4.7048)
contains.

HunterLab(84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(84.6626, -2.7028,
4.7034)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DBDC
RGB	224, 219, 220
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1412, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.12
HSL	348°, 7%, 87%
HSV	348°, 2%, 88%
XYZ	68.9902, 71.6776, 77.9090
YIQ	220.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

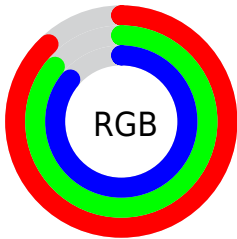
Format	Color
R_{YB}	224, 219, 220
Decimal	14736348
CIE Lab	87.81, 1.88, 0.11
CIE LCh	88, 1.882, 3.202
Yxy	71.6807, 0.3156, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292926428 (0xFFE0DBDC)
YUV	220.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739
Hunter-Lab	84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

Details

The HunterLab color $84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $85.8492, -6.3724, 4.5716$, and the grayscale version is $84.8649, -4.5282, 4.6109$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $61.4024, -1.5527, 3.4360$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.3747, 5.9791, 4.9333$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92.2863, -11.1376, 4.7358$.

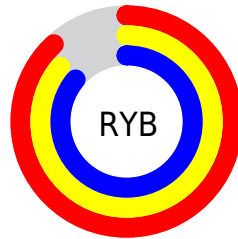
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (86%)

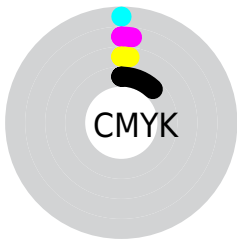
Blue (86%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (86%)

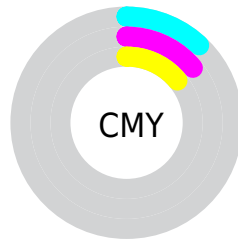


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.6626, -2.7028,
4.7034

■ 84.6626, -2.7028,
4.7034

215.9697, -9.0571,
11.8874

■ 72.7309, -2.1564,
4.0504

110.2735, -3.9067,
6.1076

■ 61.4176, -1.6460,
3.4296

123.8992, -4.5565,
6.8535

■ 50.7606, -1.1763,
2.8442

138.0441, -5.2368,
7.6274

■ 40.8031, -0.7509,
2.2965

152.6896, -5.9464,
8.4285

■ 31.5983, -0.3743,
1.7892

167.8194, -6.6843,
9.2558

■ 23.2136, -0.0526,
1.3261

183.4183, -7.4492,

■ 15.7388, 0.2055,

10.1085

0.9116

199.4726, -8.2405,
10.9859

■ 9.3012, 0.3887,
0.5531

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6626, -2.7028,
4.7034

■ 84.6626, -2.7028,
4.7034

■ 77.3747, 5.9791,
4.9333

■ 92.2863, -11.1376,
4.7358

■ 70.4735, 14.9211,
5.4735

■ 97.2561, -15.0169,
1.9904

■ 64.0322, 24.0896,
6.3842

■ 58.1390, 33.3805,
7.7248

■ 52.9004, 42.5660,
9.5407

■ 48.4367, 51.2396,
11.8365

■ 44.8682, 58.7962,
14.5383

■ 42.2861, 64.5243,
17.4628

■ 40.7095, 67.8710,
20.3264

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6644, -2.8982, 3.8275



84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034



84.6644, -3.0002, 5.5472

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.6644, -2.7049, 4.7048



84.6644, -5.5122, 6.0385



84.6644, -5.3376, 3.0551

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034



85.8492, -6.3724, 4.5716

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.6644, -6.0332, 3.6590



84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034



84.6644, -6.1337, 5.3821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



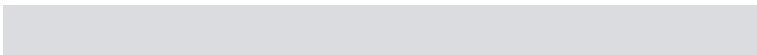
84.6644, -2.7049, 4.7048



84.6644, -4.6232, 6.3119



84.6644, -6.3240, 4.5121



84.6644, -4.4207, 2.8690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034



84.6644, -3.4337, 5.9775



84.6644, -6.3240, 4.5121



84.6644, -5.6049, 3.2163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.6644, -2.7049, 4.7048



99.1226, -4.3427, 5.4386



84.6971, -2.3387, 2.7820



45.8787, -2.0319, 2.5160

0.0000, NaN, NaN



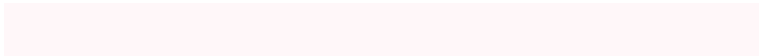
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.6644, -2.7049, 4.7048



97.3795, -2.3479, 5.4585



85.0962, -3.6506, 5.6754



39.0103, -0.6435, 2.2057



30.5714, 52.7530, 16.6651



8.1274, 14.1789, 3.2326

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.6644, -2.7049, 4.7048



97.3795, -2.3479, 5.4585



85.4123, -5.4285, 3.5820



39.0103, -0.6435, 2.2057



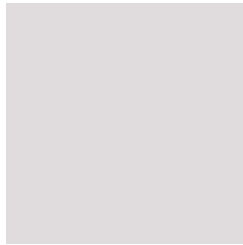
30.5714, 52.7530, 16.6651



8.1274, 14.1789, 3.2326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

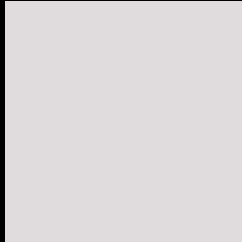
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

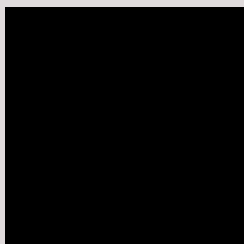
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

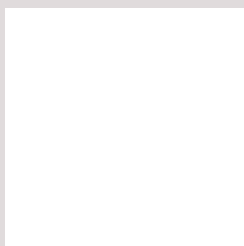
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034.



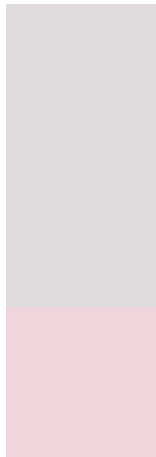
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.6626, -2.7028,

4.7034.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

Protanopia

84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

Deuteranopia

84.5634, 6.3609, 4.2570



Tritanopia

84.6965, 1.4748, -2.2762

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

Protanomaly

84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

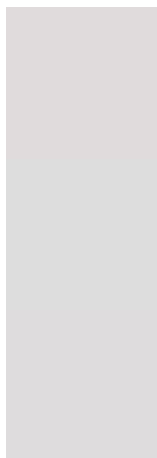
Deuteranomaly

84.5479, 3.2316, 4.1838

Tritanomaly

84.7393, -0.2821, 0.3450

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034

Achromatopsia

85.0326, -4.5371, 4.6200

Achromatomaly

84.8154, -3.6985, 4.3786

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 219, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 219, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 219, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 219, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 219, 220) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 219, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 219, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 219, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 219, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 219,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.6626, -2.7028, 4.7034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 219, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
219, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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