

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3D6D2
RGB	243, 214, 210
RGB Percent	95%, 84%, 82%
CMY	0.0471, 0.1608, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	7°, 58%, 89%
HSV	7°, 14%, 95%
XYZ	72.6415, 71.8009, 71.0031
YIQ	222.2150, 18.5680, 4.9040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

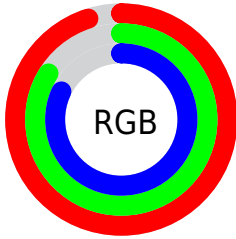
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 215, 210
Decimal	15980242
CIE Lab	87.87, 9.41, 5.66
CIE LCh	88, 10.983, 31.006
Yxy	71.8041, 0.3372, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294170322 (0xFFFF3D6D2)
YUV	222.2150, -6.0220, 18.2284
Hunter-Lab	84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334

# Details

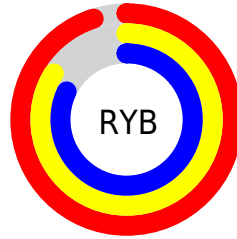
The HunterLab color  $84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $90.5008, -13.1673, -0.0161$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.5816, -4.5664, 4.6498$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.4503, 5.4362, 7.6138$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.8297, 12.3856, 12.9132$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.9968, -2.5356, 6.3296$ .

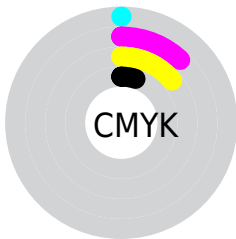
# Distribution



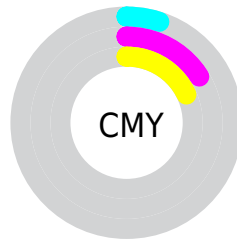
- Red (95%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334

 84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334


216.0693, 0.9879,  
18.7247

 72.8002, 4.9341,  
8.7209

110.3530, 4.1840,  
11.5196

 61.4831, 5.0784,  
7.8254


123.9819, 3.8412,  
12.4911

 50.8221, 5.1610,  
6.9471


138.1298, 3.4571,  
13.4821

 40.8603, 5.1742,  
6.0842

152.7783, 3.0339,  
14.4924

 31.6508, 5.1082,  
5.2337

167.9109, 2.5737,  
15.5220

 23.2609, 4.9491,  
4.3898

183.5125, 2.0783,

 15.7803, 4.6765,

16.5707

3.5420

199.5695, 1.5492,  
17.6384

■ 9.3366, 4.2598,  
3.0200

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334

■ 84.7354, 4.7365,  
9.6334

■ 77.8297, 12.3856,  
12.9132

■ 91.9968, -2.5356,  
6.3296

■ 71.3321, 20.4348,  
16.1317

■ 98.8913, -9.2144,  
4.0532

■ 65.3155, 28.8566,  
19.2341

■ 59.8648, 37.5525,  
22.1311

■ 55.0773, 46.3062,  
24.6928

■ 51.0553, 54.7428,  
26.7507

■ 47.8916, 62.3248,  
28.1273

■ 45.6432, 68.4363,  
28.7065

■ 44.6739, 71.3119,  
28.7763

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.7373, 6.3136, 4.7890



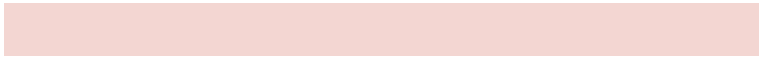
84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334



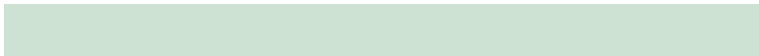
84.7373, 0.6634, 12.9515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.7373, 4.7340, 9.6348



84.7373, -13.5825, 9.3471



84.7373, -4.3400, -6.0796

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334



90.5008, -13.1673, -0.0161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.7373, -9.5932, -4.6709



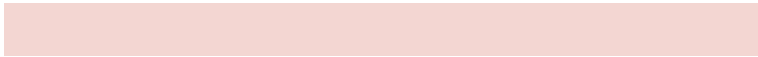
84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334



84.7373, -14.8466, 4.4355

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.7373, 4.7340, 9.6348



84.7373, -9.9072, 12.7930



84.7373, -13.4045, -0.7374



84.7373, 0.9931, -4.4749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334



84.7373, -2.8657, 13.9629



84.7373, -13.4045, -0.7374



84.7373, -6.1734, -5.9421

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.7373, 4.7340, 9.6348



96.8374, -2.3557, 6.8364



84.4924, 11.8767, -5.1137



44.5289, -0.8275, 3.2848

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

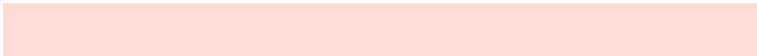


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.7373, 4.7340, 9.6348



87.6739, 6.9512, 11.0330



89.7202, -3.8374, 14.9246



40.9955, 0.8025, 3.8742



33.2483, 52.3273, 21.4035



10.3617, 13.9127, 6.6284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.5008, -13.1673, -0.0161



94.8409, -15.3268, -0.9720



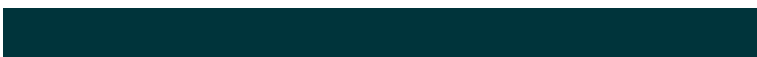
85.3007, -4.7801, -6.4600



42.8887, -5.0720, 0.7055



54.7228, -23.7552, -17.1181



16.5126, -7.4110, -4.6411



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

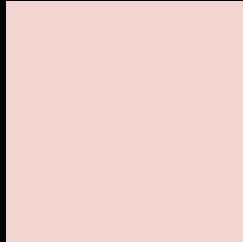
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

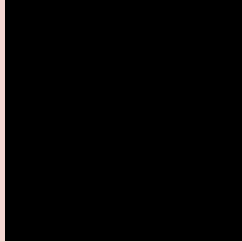
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334.



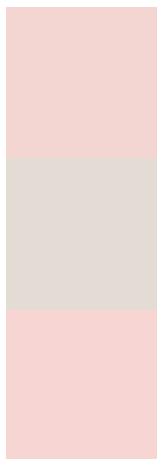
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334.

9.6334.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334

### Protanopia

84.9466, -3.7338, 8.3407

### Deuteranopia

84.7552, 6.3333, 9.6835



## Tritanopia

84.6182, 10.0318, 0.8882

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334

## Protanomaly

84.8835, -0.8527, 8.7830

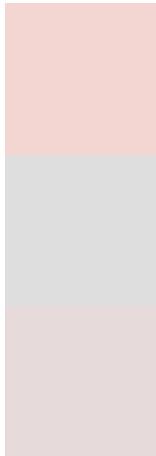
## Deuteranomaly

84.6488, 5.9764, 9.5580

## Tritanomaly

84.5816, 7.9458, 4.3063

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.1751, -1.0603, 6.2942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 214, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 214, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 214, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 214, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 214, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 214, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 214, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 214, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 214, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 214,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.7354, 4.7365, 9.6334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 214, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
214, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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