

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.7405, -23.6840,
9.5111)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.7405, -23.6840,
9.5111) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(84.8646,
-24.0207, 9.7294)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4E8D1
RGB	180, 232, 209
RGB Percent	71%, 91%, 82%
CMY	0.2941, 0.0902, 0.1804
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.10, 0.09
HSL	153°, 53%, 81%
HSV	153°, 22%, 91%
XYZ	59.1876, 72.0200, 71.1034
YIQ	213.8300, -23.6090, -18.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

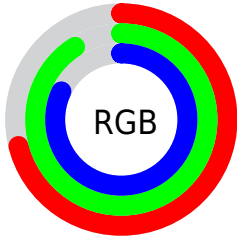
Format	Color
RYB	180, 213, 232
Decimal	11856081
CIELab	87.98, -21.21, 5.76
CIELCh	88, 21.978, 164.812
Yxy	72.0230, 0.2926, 0.3560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290046161 (0xFFB4E8D1)
YUV	213.8300, -2.3812, -29.6689
Hunter-Lab	84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294

Details

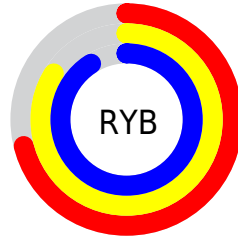
The HunterLab color $84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $73.5608, 17.7893, 0.0979$, and the grayscale version is $81.9481, -4.3725, 4.4524$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.2715, -11.4019, 3.2753$, and $61.5247, -20.4967, 7.6684$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.0515, -31.4236, 12.1653$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86.9306, -15.8618, 7.4553$.

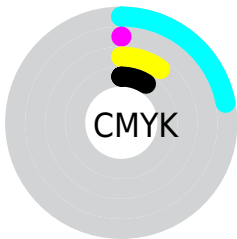
Distribution



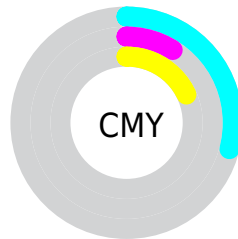
- Red (71%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84.8646, -24.0207,
9.7294

 84.8646, -24.0207,
9.7294


216.2456,
-38.7677, 18.8574

 72.9229, -22.3288,
8.8117


 110.4940,
-27.3484, 11.6247

 61.5991, -20.6053,
7.9109

124.1284,
-28.9917, 12.6006

 50.9309, -18.8411,
7.0269


138.2817,
-30.6271, 13.5958

 40.9615, -17.0208,
6.1580

152.9354,
-32.2573, 14.6101

 31.7437, -15.1220,
5.3009

168.0730,
-33.8847, 15.6436

 23.3448, -13.1092,
4.4497

183.6795,

 15.8541, -10.9218,

-35.5113, 16.6962

3.5938

199.7412,
-37.1385, 17.7675

■ 9.3989, -10.3353,
3.0509

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.8646, -24.0207,
9.7294

■ 84.8646, -24.0207,
9.7294

■ 83.0515, -31.4236,
12.1653

■ 86.9306, -15.8618,
7.4553

■ 81.4880, -37.9973,
14.7343

■ 89.2393, -7.0208,
5.3586

■ 80.1746, -43.6896,
17.4070

■ 91.7853, 2.4185,
3.4539

■ 79.1057, -48.4682,
20.1478

■ 92.6722, 6.0944,
-0.6799

■ 78.2712, -52.3279,
22.9171

■ 92.8418, 7.0025,
-3.0865

■ 77.6552, -55.2966,
25.6728

■ 77.2344, -57.4430,
28.3702

■ 77.0137, -58.6451,
30.3375

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.8664, -18.9511, 17.7066



84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



84.8664, -24.0548, -0.6948

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.8664, -24.0222, 9.7305



84.8664, 0.9504, -17.2599



84.8664, 11.0224, 17.6287

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



73.5608, 17.7893, 0.0979

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.8664, 16.9307, 9.6109



84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



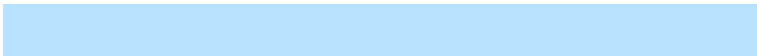
84.8664, 10.9173, -10.9539

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.8664, -24.0222, 9.7305



84.8664, -10.0110, -17.2172



84.8664, 16.8913, -0.8306



84.8664, 1.0879, 21.8551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



84.8664, -21.2325, -7.7072



84.8664, 16.8913, -0.8306



84.8664, 13.5671, 15.3362

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.8664, -24.0222, 9.7305



98.1184, -12.4522, 7.0180



85.8863, -21.7875, 22.7321



45.3219, -6.0375, 3.3123

0.0000, NaN, NaN



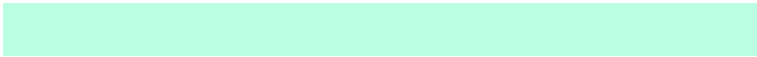
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.8664, -24.0222, 9.7305



93.4823, -30.7442, 12.0919



84.7306, -18.6751, -1.5402



40.2779, -6.1195, 3.1335



57.4033, -43.5561, 22.2759



15.6640, -11.4727, 5.1875

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.5608, 17.7893, 0.0979



78.3775, 25.2291, -0.7178



73.5901, 12.8000, 10.7799



38.0439, 2.1157, 1.2162



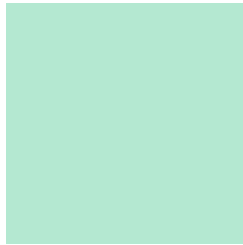
31.7618, 56.1684, 6.7616



8.7402, 15.6556, 0.3167

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

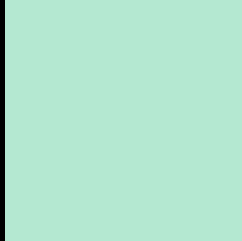
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

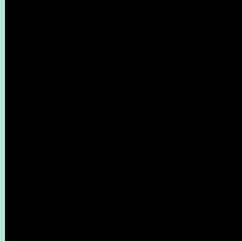
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

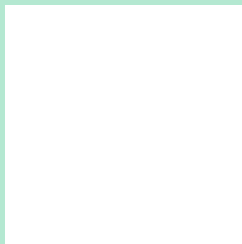
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294.



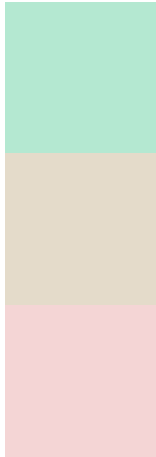
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294.

-24.0207, 9.7294.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294

Protanopia

84.5111, -4.2956, 12.7987

Deuteranopia

84.6320, 6.0985, 8.1556



Tritanopia

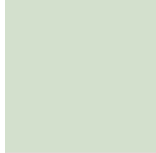
84.9091, -13.1135, -8.2304

Trichromacy



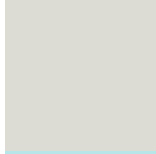
Original Color

84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



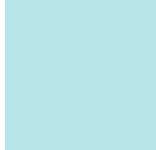
Protanomaly

84.5979, -11.8699, 11.4419



Deuteranomaly

84.4464, -5.5340, 8.2066



Tritanomaly

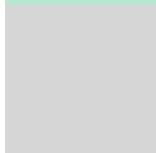
84.8853, -17.4333, -1.3234

Monochromacy



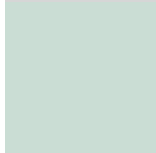
Original Color

84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294



Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554



Achromatomaly

83.0800, -11.9723, 6.5326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 232, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 232, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 232, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 232, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 232, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 232, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 232, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 232, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 232, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 232,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.8646, -24.0207, 9.7294 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 232, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
232, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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