

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.7448, 9.3181,  
15.9103)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.7448, 9.3181,  
15.9103) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.4622, 9.1097,  
15.5446)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD2C4
RGB	255, 210, 196
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1764, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	14°, 100%, 88%
HSV	14°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	74.2503, 71.3386, 62.0808
YIQ	221.8590, 31.3140, 5.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

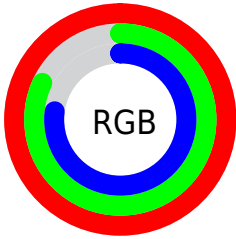
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 214, 196
Decimal	16765636
CIE Lab	87.65, 13.73, 12.86
CIE LCh	88, 18.812, 43.144
Yxy	71.3418, 0.3575, 0.3435
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955716 (0xFFFFD2C4)
YUV	221.8590, -12.7485, 29.0647
Hunter-Lab	84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446

# Details

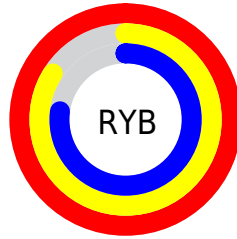
The HunterLab color **84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90.4786, -15.7618, -6.5192**, and the grayscale version is **85.4513, -4.5595, 4.6427**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.9359, -5.6870, 6.3478**, and **61.1567, 9.4113, 13.0392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2629, 16.0296, 19.5064**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.9928, 2.6080, 11.3133**.

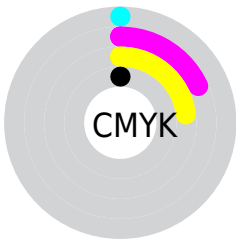
# Distribution



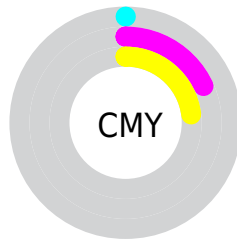
- Red (100%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.4622, 9.1097,  
15.5446

84.4622, 9.1097,  
15.5446

215.6959, 6.8314,  
27.2243

72.5405, 9.1120,  
14.2736

110.0547, 8.9227,  
18.0917

61.2376, 9.0521,  
12.9965

123.6717, 8.7528,  
19.3707

50.5917, 8.9199,  
11.7084

137.8082, 8.5358,  
20.6565

40.6461, 8.7058,  
10.4008

152.4457, 8.2745,  
21.9503

31.4541, 8.3977,  
9.0605

167.5677, 7.9713,  
23.2532

23.0835, 7.9789,  
7.6664

183.1590, 7.6285,

15.6245, 7.4258,

24.5661

6.1823

199.2059, 7.2479,  
25.8896

■ 9.2032, 6.7179,  
6.2952

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 84.4622, 9.1097,  
15.5446

■ 84.4622, 9.1097,  
15.5446

■ 78.2629, 16.0296,  
19.5064

■ 90.9928, 2.6080,  
11.3133

■ 72.4380, 23.3884,  
23.1190

■ 97.8086, -3.4963,  
6.8656

■ 67.0462, 31.1586,  
26.2852

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 62.1530, 39.2562,  
28.8834

■ 57.8297, 47.5078,  
30.7765

■ 54.1481, 55.6244,  
31.8369

■ 51.1695, 63.1956,  
31.9982

■ 49.5455, 67.7950,  
31.7165

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.4641, 13.8492, 8.4204



84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446



84.4641, 0.8021, 19.4732

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.4641, 9.1066, 15.5459



84.4641, -21.1469, 9.4400



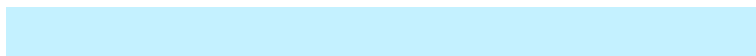
84.4641, -0.3554, -13.9490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



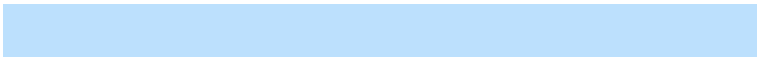
84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446



90.4786, -15.7618, -6.5192

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.4641, -9.6965, -13.5986



84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446



84.4641, -21.4262, 0.5874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.4641, 9.1066, 15.5459



84.4641, -16.5371, 16.2217



84.4641, -17.3177, -8.0460



84.4641, 8.2273, -8.9565

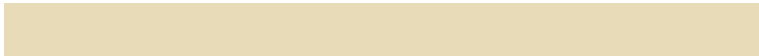


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446



84.4641, -5.5018, 20.0477



84.4641, -17.3177, -8.0460



84.4641, -3.5163, -14.4671

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.4641, 9.1066, 15.5459



95.1437, -1.1824, 8.6065



81.9179, 24.1931, -9.4634



43.8268, -0.3775, 4.1064

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.4641, 9.1066, 15.5459



81.4045, 12.4192, 17.5102



93.3462, -6.2680, 24.2381



43.2283, 0.1606, 4.4970



36.0778, 48.1979, 23.0747

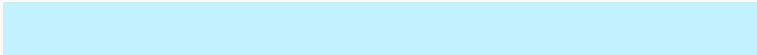


11.9458, 13.0266, 7.5890

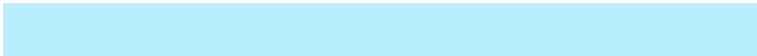


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4786, -15.7618, -6.5192



88.6229, -17.5012, -8.9913



81.1851, -0.7155, -19.0792



44.3932, -4.6367, 0.2286



49.2798, -14.9273, -29.3716



15.9126, -5.4040, -8.2236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

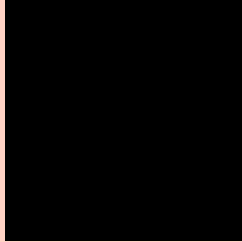
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.4622, 9.1097,

15.5446.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446

### Protanopia

84.4832, -4.4487, 13.2001

### Deuteranopia

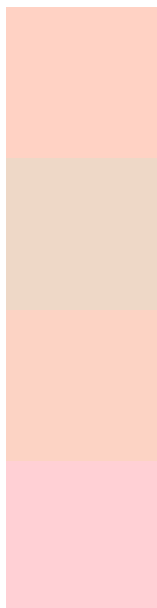
84.4964, 6.2004, 15.5296



## Tritanopia

84.3561, 14.7558, 3.6659

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446

## Protanomaly

84.5059, 0.2374, 14.1664

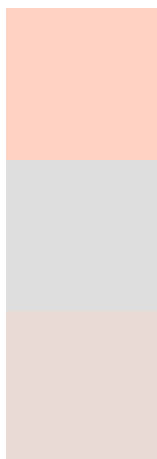
## Deuteranomaly

84.4213, 7.4657, 15.4728

## Tritanomaly

84.3658, 12.7495, 7.9689

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.1113, -0.0118, 8.5924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 210, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 210, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 210, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 210, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 210, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 210, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 210, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 210, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 210,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.4622, 9.1097, 15.5446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 210, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
210, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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