

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.7893, 27.1967,
-14.6222)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.7893, 27.1967,
-14.6222) contains.

HunterLab(83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(83.8172, 24.0667,
-14.8538)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC9FF
RGB	255, 201, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2117, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 89%
HSV	300°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	80.1766, 70.2532, 103.9421
YIQ	223.3020, 14.8500, 28.2420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

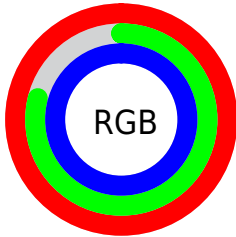
Format	Color
RYB	255, 201, 255
Decimal	16763391
CIELab	87.12, 27.94, -19.13
CIELCh	87, 33.864, 325.602
Yxy	70.2559, 0.3152, 0.2762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953471 (0xFFFFC9FF)
YUV	223.3020, 15.6271, 27.7991
Hunter-Lab	83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538

Details

The HunterLab color $83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $93.8912, -30.4845, 22.4252$, and the grayscale version is $85.9641, -4.5868, 4.6706$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $60.7869, 22.5803, -14.2586$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.0306, 38.3388, -24.6819$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.1856, 9.9958, -5.1520$.

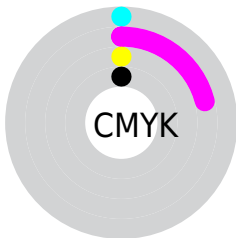
Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)












- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538	 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538
214.8134, 26.4739, -13.6104	 71.9272, 23.4593, -14.7399
109.3497, 25.0342, -14.9056	 60.6581, 22.7652, -14.5670
122.9388, 25.4132, -14.8543	 50.0481, 21.9718, -14.3293
137.0483, 25.7281, -14.7546	 40.1408, 21.0674, -14.0240
151.6598, 25.9832, -14.6090	 30.9904, 20.0383, -13.6509
166.7565, 26.1823, -14.4199	 22.6655, 18.8701, -13.2173
182.3233, 26.3286,	 15.2578, 17.5535,


-14.1892


-12.7555


198.3465, 26.4249,
-13.9189


 8.8796, 16.2222,
-12.4460


0.0000, INF, -NF


 83.8172, 24.0667,
-14.8538


 83.8172, 24.0667,
-14.8538

 77.0306, 38.3388,
-24.6819


 91.1856, 9.9958,
-5.1520

 70.9186, 52.5768,
-34.4746

 99.0476, -3.7459,
4.3348

 65.5914, 66.3540,
-43.9399

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

 61.1594, 79.0388,
-52.6461

■ 57.7164, 89.8348,
-60.0499

■ 55.3122, 97.9524,
-65.6136

■ 53.9197, 102.9009,
-69.0040

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.8188, 10.0357, -28.3843



83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



83.8188, 30.4542, 2.1568

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.8188, 24.0636, -14.8516



83.8188, -1.9699, 29.9066



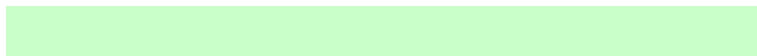
83.8188, -31.8205, -9.9280

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



93.8912, -30.4845, 22.4252

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.8188, -34.4845, 6.8989



83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



83.8188, -18.0646, 27.9305

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.8188, 24.0636, -14.8516



83.8188, 14.6867, 26.2753



83.8188, -29.6453, 20.2176



83.8188, -22.0598, -25.1694

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



83.8188, 29.1815, 12.4596



83.8188, -29.6453, 20.2176



83.8188, -33.5409, -4.1866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.8188, 24.0636, -14.8516



95.1965, 2.8409, -0.2140



78.3672, 6.4161, -23.1752



43.8048, 1.7298, -0.3858

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.8188, 24.0636, -14.8516



81.1485, 29.5104, -18.6039



82.8478, 19.0468, -1.1455



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

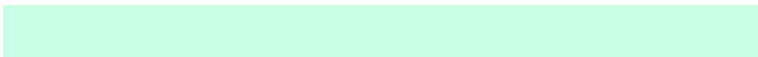
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.8188, 24.0636, -14.8516



81.1485, 29.5104, -18.6039



94.6255, -26.2798, 11.8566



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

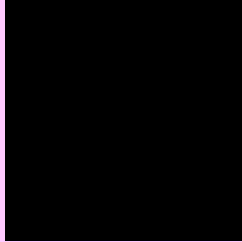
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538.

-14.8538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538

Protanopia

83.9925, 0.5890, -15.0172

Deuteranopia

83.8858, 6.3129, -13.8807



Tritanopia

83.8316, 13.1101, 2.5115

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



Protanomaly

83.6524, 8.7554, -15.3552



Deuteranomaly

83.9159, 12.5771, -14.3206



Tritanomaly

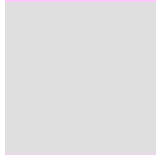
83.8786, 17.0137, -3.5734

Monochromacy



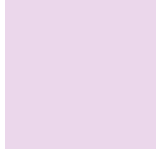
Original Color

83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538



Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672



Achromatomaly

85.0066, 5.6957, -2.3393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 201, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 201, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 201, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 201, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 201, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 201, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 201, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 201, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 201,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.8172, 24.0667, -14.8538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 201, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
201, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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