

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.7938, 18.0036,
12.4750)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.7938, 18.0036,
12.4750) contains.

HunterLab(83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(83.2360, 12.9670,
10.8246)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCDCC
RGB	255, 205, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1961, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	1°, 100%, 90%
HSV	1°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	73.9705, 69.2823, 66.6009
YIQ	219.8360, 30.1210, 10.2890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

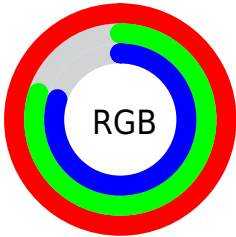
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 205, 204
Decimal	16764364
CIE Lab	86.65, 17.48, 7.20
CIE LCh	87, 18.906, 22.384
Yxy	69.2853, 0.3525, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954444 (0xFFFFCDCC)
YUV	219.8360, -7.8071, 30.8388
Hunter-Lab	83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246

Details

The HunterLab color **83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95.3615, -20.1456, -0.4127**, and the grayscale version is **84.5526, -4.5115, 4.5939**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **60.2835, 12.5307, 8.9871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.5914, 22.7382, 13.7333**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.4007, 3.6090, 8.0595**.

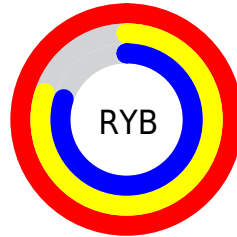
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

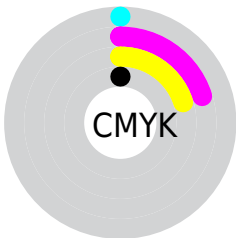
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (80%)

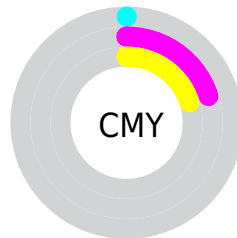


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (20%)


Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83.2360, 12.9670,
10.8246

 83.2360, 12.9670,
10.8246


214.0179, 11.9879,
20.4408

 71.3751, 12.7974,
9.8391


108.7148, 13.1030,
12.8450

 60.1366, 12.5577,
8.8658


122.2785, 13.0859,
13.8790

 49.5590, 12.2363,
7.9038


136.3636, 13.0165,
14.9297

 39.6866, 11.8225,
6.9497

150.9515, 12.8981,
15.9975

 30.5739, 11.3025,
5.9983

166.0255, 12.7337,
17.0824

 22.2904, 10.6578,
5.0401

181.5702, 12.5257,

 14.9294, 9.8642,

18.1847

4.0582

197.5719, 12.2764,
19.3041

■ 8.5771, 9.1136,
3.9464

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 83.2360, 12.9670,
10.8246

■ 83.2360, 12.9670,
10.8246

■ 75.5914, 22.7382,
13.7333

■ 91.4007, 3.6090,
8.0595

■ 68.5612, 32.8783,
16.7604

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 62.2690, 43.2110,
19.8447

■ 56.8557, 53.3708,
22.8596

■ 52.4679, 62.7445,
25.5987

■ 49.2274, 70.5137,
27.7958

■ 47.1827, 75.8911,
29.2107

■ 46.2267, 78.5581,
29.8599

■ 46.2267, 78.5582,
29.8600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2378, 14.2689, 2.2160



83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246



83.2378, 6.8947, 17.0506

Triad

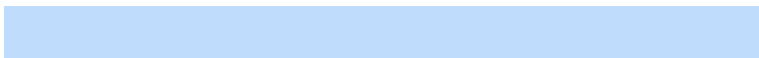
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.2378, 12.9638, 10.8259



83.2378, -18.3062, 14.3717



83.2378, -6.8315, -14.4099

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246



95.3615, -20.1456, -0.4127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.2378, -15.2099, -10.2976



83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246



83.2378, -21.6405, 6.7811

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.2378, 12.9638, 10.8259



83.2378, -11.2284, 18.9336



83.2378, -20.5327, -2.2978



83.2378, 2.5611, -13.0177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



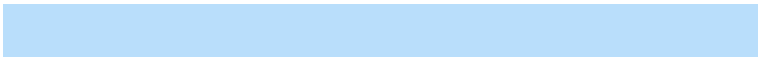
83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246



83.2378, 1.1041, 19.3303



83.2378, -20.5327, -2.2978



83.2378, -9.8540, -13.6110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.2378, 12.9638, 10.8259



94.7916, -0.0160, 6.9927



84.6237, 22.2303, -13.2496



43.5966, 0.2645, 3.3151

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.2378, 12.9638, 10.8259



80.1117, 16.8249, 11.9726



90.7793, -0.5095, 18.6175



42.4786, 1.4605, 3.6670



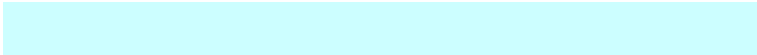
33.4524, 56.6598, 21.6051



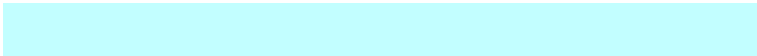
10.5304, 17.3682, 6.7928

Inverse Universe

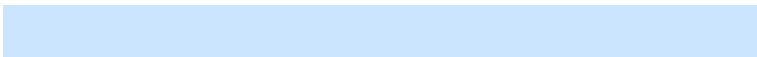
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.3615, -20.1456, -0.4127



94.5600, -22.7265, -1.4504



87.1224, -7.2525, -10.8266



45.1845, -5.9007, 1.1677



62.8634, -32.4808, -8.4570



19.6635, -10.1925, -2.5750

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

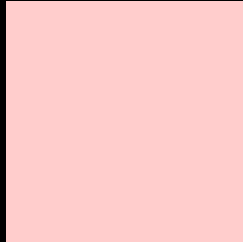
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

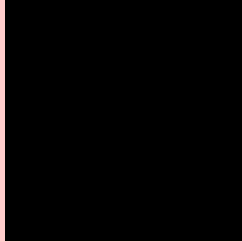
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

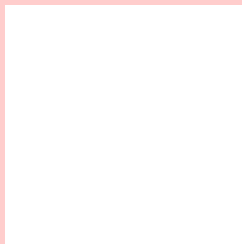
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246.

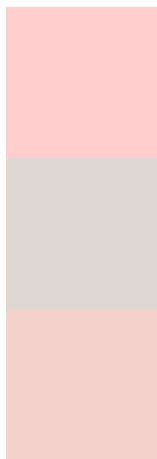


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.2360, 12.9670,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246

Protanopia

83.3384, -3.1504, 7.9193

Deuteranopia

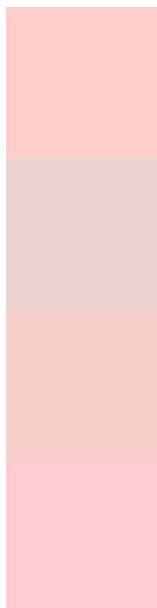
83.3425, 5.7625, 11.2620



Tritanopia

83.0866, 16.2644, 4.1499

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246

Protanomaly

83.2485, 2.6701, 8.8436

Deuteranomaly

83.1852, 8.2662, 11.1329

Tritanomaly

83.2165, 14.9102, 6.6875

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246

Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964

Achromatomaly

84.1306, 1.3804, 7.0308

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 205, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 205, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 205, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 205, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 205, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 205, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 205, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 205, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 205, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 205,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.2360, 12.9670, 10.8246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 205, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
205, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor