

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.8827, 9.9187,  
12.5753)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.8827, 9.9187,  
12.5753) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.9754, 9.7490,  
12.6730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFD3CC
RGB	255, 211, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1725, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	8°, 100%, 90%
HSV	8°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	75.4334, 72.2082, 67.0885
YIQ	223.3580, 28.4710, 7.1510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

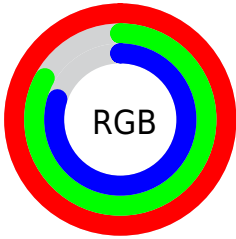
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 212, 204
Decimal	16765900
CIE Lab	88.07, 14.35, 9.24
CIE LCh	88, 17.070, 32.785
Yxy	72.2113, 0.3513, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955980 (0xFFFFD3CC)
YUV	223.3580, -9.5435, 27.7500
Hunter-Lab	84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730

# Details

The HunterLab color **84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93.3753, -17.1315, -2.8350**, and the grayscale version is **86.0904, -4.5936, 4.6775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **61.6317, 9.9697, 10.3939** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.0343, 17.9024, 16.1946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.3175, 2.0088, 9.0762**.

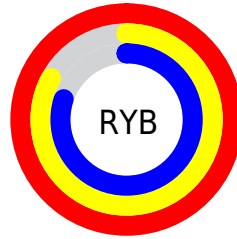
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

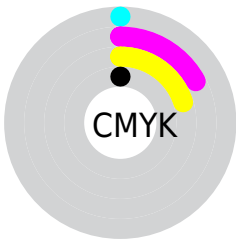
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (80%)

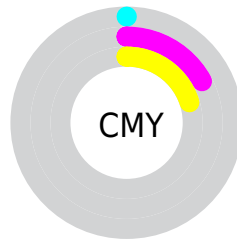


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.9754, 9.7490,  
12.6730

84.9754, 9.7490,  
12.6730

216.3971, 7.6638,  
23.0395

73.0283, 9.7262,  
11.5849

110.6151, 9.6094,  
14.8837

61.6987, 9.6404,  
10.5028

124.2543, 9.4622,  
16.0065

51.0245, 9.4810,  
9.4246

138.4122, 9.2671,  
17.1426

41.0485, 9.2386,  
8.3454

153.0703, 9.0270,  
18.2927

31.8237, 8.9009,  
7.2573

168.2123, 8.7446,  
19.4572

23.4170, 8.4511,  
6.1477

183.8229, 8.4219,

15.9175, 7.8659,

20.6363

4.9940

199.8887, 8.0611,  
21.8304

■ 9.4522, 7.1127,  
4.5682

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 84.9754, 9.7490,  
12.6730

■ 84.9754, 9.7490,  
12.6730

■ 78.0343, 17.9024,  
16.1946

■ 92.3175, 2.0088,  
9.0762

■ 71.5552, 26.4753,  
19.5837

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 65.6204, 35.4032,  
22.7579

■ 60.3235, 44.5265,  
25.5952

■ 55.7672, 53.5416,  
27.9338

■ 52.0519, 61.9748,  
29.5914

■ 49.2554, 69.2177,  
30.4212

■ 47.3958, 74.6403,  
30.5117

■ 47.3957, 74.6405,  
30.5117

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9773, 12.5335, 5.3827



84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730



84.9773, 3.1203, 17.4044

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9773, 9.7459, 12.6743



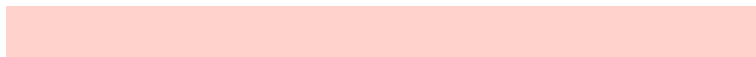
84.9773, -18.6858, 11.4790



84.9773, -3.7376, -12.5460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



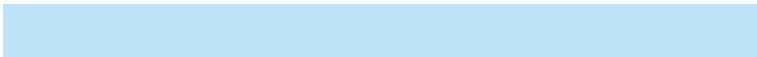
84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730



93.3753, -17.1315, -2.8350

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9773, -11.9357, -10.5093



84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730



84.9773, -20.3613, 3.8614

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9773, 9.7459, 12.6743



84.9773, -13.2686, 16.7638



84.9773, -17.9380, -4.2967



84.9773, 4.5584, -9.6183



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



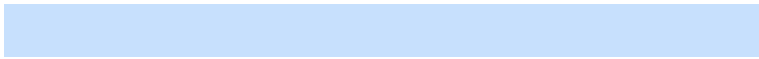
84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730



84.9773, -2.4616, 18.7386



84.9773, -17.9380, -4.2967



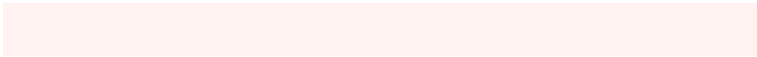
84.9773, -6.5961, -12.4195

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9773, 9.7459, 12.6743



95.3518, -0.9737, 7.6232



84.4015, 21.0816, -10.1222



43.8832, -0.2271, 3.6368

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

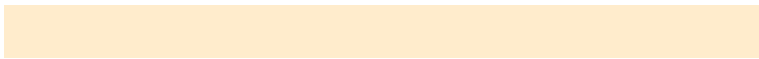
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9773, 9.7459, 12.6743



82.1485, 12.9579, 14.0944



92.6196, -3.6241, 20.4382



42.8827, 0.7570, 4.1160



34.4377, 53.3730, 22.1547



11.2770, 14.9803, 7.2111



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.3753, -17.1315, -2.8350



92.1610, -19.1502, -4.4102



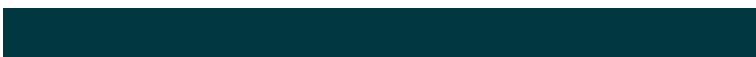
85.2486, -4.1631, -13.3423



44.7558, -5.2185, 0.6610



55.3861, -23.1767, -19.1960



17.6043, -7.6467, -5.4969



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

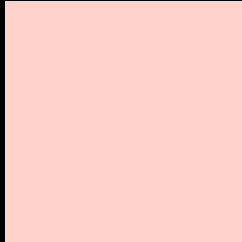
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

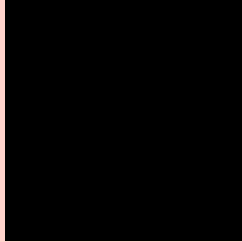
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

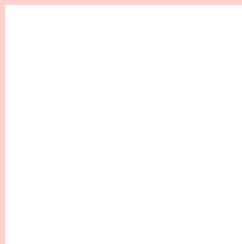
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730.



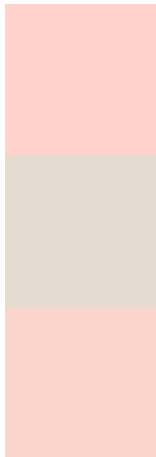
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9754, 9.7490,

12.6730.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730

### Protanopia

85.0199, -3.7156, 10.2576

### Deuteranopia

84.9046, 6.4876, 12.5390



## Tritanopia

84.9957, 14.0052, 3.4262

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730

## Protanomaly

85.0340, 0.9345, 11.2542

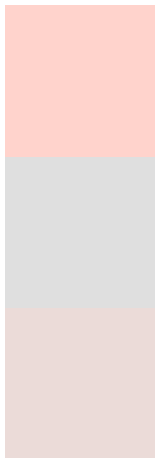
## Deuteranomaly

84.8268, 7.7465, 12.4765

## Tritanomaly

85.0664, 12.3109, 6.8790

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730

## Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672

## Achromatomaly

85.6055, 0.2940, 7.7599

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 211, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 211, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 211, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 211, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

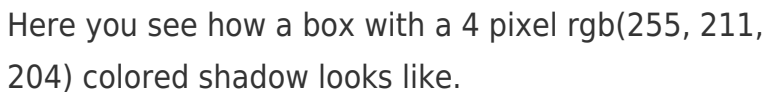
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 211, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 211, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 211, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 211, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9754, 9.7490, 12.6730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 211, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
211, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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