

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.8913, -3.5655,  
6.9287)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.8913, -3.5655, 6.9287)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.9422, -3.5680,  
6.9322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E1DCD8
RGB	225, 220, 216
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 85%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1372, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.04, 0.12
HSL	27°, 13%, 86%
HSV	27°, 4%, 88%
XYZ	69.0391, 72.1518, 75.2536
YIQ	221.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

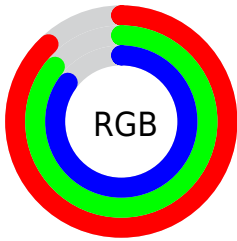
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">225, 223, 216</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14802136</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">88.04, 1.00, 2.55</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 2.744, 68.612</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">72.1549, 0.3190, 0.3334</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292992216 (0xFFE1DCD8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">221.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322</a>

# Details

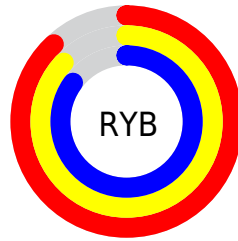
The HunterLab color  $84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $84.7035, -5.4249, 2.2366$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.0603, -4.5386, 4.6215$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.6681, -2.3681, 5.5402$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.4713, -0.6992, 12.1850$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $89.5560, -6.1306, 1.2685$ .

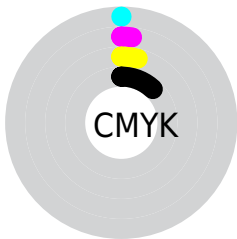
# Distribution



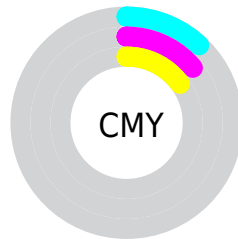
- Red (88%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 84.9422, -3.5680,  
6.9322

■ 84.9422, -3.5680,  
6.9322

216.3517,  
-10.2366, 14.9520

■ 72.9967, -2.9794,  
6.1661

110.5788, -4.8508,  
8.5470

■ 61.6689, -2.4244,  
5.4257

124.2166, -5.5377,  
9.3916

■ 50.9964, -1.9074,  
4.7131

138.3731, -6.2538,  
10.2606

■ 41.0224, -1.4314,  
4.0290

153.0299, -6.9979,  
11.1534

■ 31.7997, -1.0002,  
3.3737

168.1706, -7.7691,  
12.0695

■ 23.3954, -0.6186,  
2.7472

183.7800, -8.5665,

■ 15.8985, -0.2936,

13.0083

2.1481

199.8446, -9.3893,  
13.9693

■ 9.4362, -0.0358,  
1.6360

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9422, -3.5680,  
6.9322

■ 84.9422, -3.5680,  
6.9322

■ 80.4713, -0.6992,  
12.1850

■ 89.5560, -6.1306,  
1.2685

■ 76.1510, 2.5097,  
16.9699

■ 94.0870, -9.5584,  
-1.8095

■ 71.9982, 6.0830,  
21.2280

■ 97.3384, -14.7223,  
2.0951

■ 68.0299, 10.0434,  
24.8924

■ 64.2647, 14.4062,  
27.8912

■ 60.7229, 19.1739,  
30.1518

■ 57.4260, 24.3288,  
31.6093

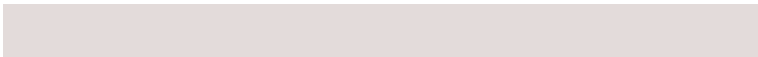
■ 54.3955, 29.8238,  
32.2211

■ 51.6509, 35.5700,  
31.9930

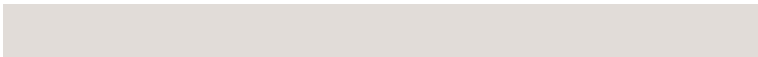
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9440, -2.4601, 6.1791



84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322



84.9440, -4.9327, 7.0742

# Triad

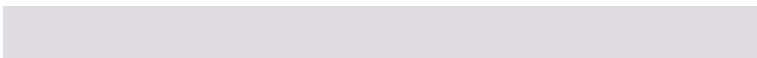
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9440, -3.5701, 6.9335



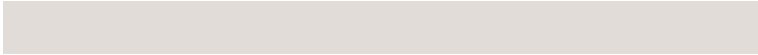
84.9440, -7.1366, 4.2461



84.9440, -2.8799, 2.6339

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



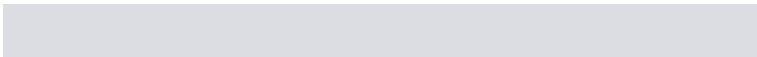
84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322



84.7035, -5.4249, 2.2366

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9440, -4.1405, 2.0980



84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322



84.9440, -6.5940, 3.0384

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9440, -3.5701, 6.9335



84.9440, -6.9860, 5.5363



84.9440, -5.4995, 2.2472



84.9440, -2.0599, 3.7009



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



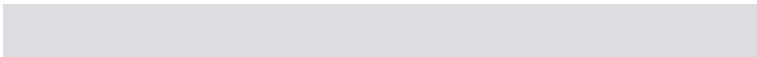
84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322



84.9440, -5.8000, 6.8032



84.9440, -5.4995, 2.2472



84.9440, -3.2665, 2.3849

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9440, -3.5701, 6.9335



99.4671, -5.0335, 6.0840



83.8726, -0.6261, 3.2639



46.0302, -2.3357, 2.7998

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

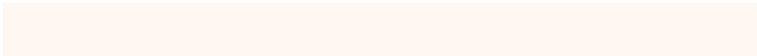


# Same Dimension

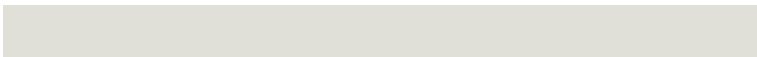
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9440, -3.5701, 6.9335



97.3514, -3.7891, 8.6399



86.3093, -5.8365, 8.4524



39.1286, -1.4474, 3.6431



38.3573, 28.9135, 24.1418



10.9377, 5.6443, 6.8386



# Inverse Universe

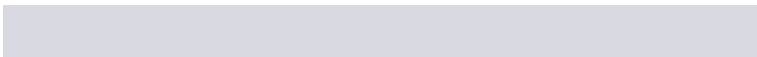
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.7035, -5.4249, 2.2366



97.0029, -6.4768, 1.8333



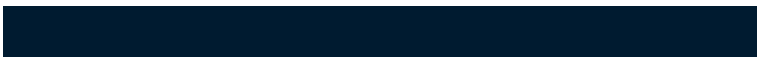
83.3402, -3.1565, 0.6206



38.9706, -2.6664, 0.5559



34.3606, 3.0830, -49.6031

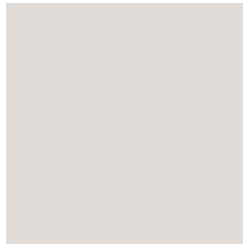


9.9809, -0.7921, -10.7653



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

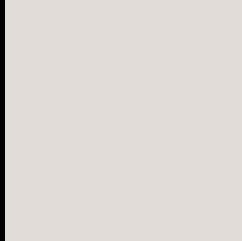
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

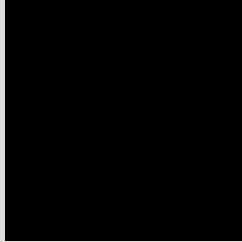
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

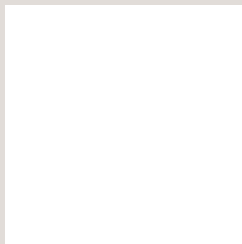
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322.



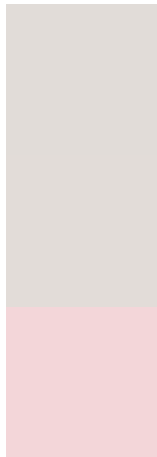
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9422, -3.5680,

6.9322.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322

### Protanopia

85.0371, -3.2393, 7.0470

### Deuteranopia

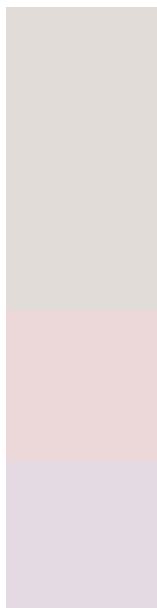
84.9456, 5.8635, 6.6267



## Tritanopia

84.8883, 2.1276, -2.0235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322

## Protanomaly

85.0371, -3.2393, 7.0470

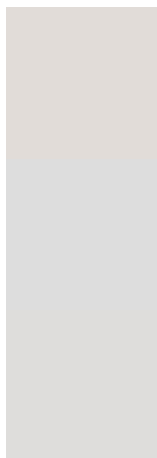
## Deuteranomaly

84.8259, 2.3754, 6.4272

## Tritanomaly

84.8645, 0.0157, 1.5208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322

## Achromatopsia

85.0326, -4.5371, 4.6200

## Achromatomaly

85.0629, -4.5565, 5.6232

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 220, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 220, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 220, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 220, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 220, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 220, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 220, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 220, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 220, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 220,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9422, -3.5680, 6.9322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 220, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
220, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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