

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.8913, 2.4100,  
-2.9046)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.8913, 2.4100, -2.9046)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.9564, 2.4950,  
-2.9888)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | E4D9EC                    |
| RGB           | 228, 217, 236             |
| RGB Percent   | 89%, 85%, 93%             |
| CMY           | 0.1059, 0.1490, 0.0745    |
| CMYK          | 0.03, 0.08, 0.00, 0.07    |
| HSL           | 275°, 33%, 89%            |
| HSV           | 275°, 8%, 93%             |
| XYZ           | 71.9482, 72.1759, 89.4962 |
| YIQ           | 222.4550, 0.4570, 8.2410  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

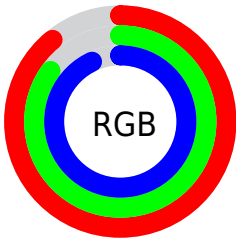
| Format                              | Color                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 228, 217, 236               |
| Decimal                             | 14997996                    |
| CIE Lab                             | 88.05, 7.18, -7.94          |
| CIE LCh                             | 88, 10.705, 312.101         |
| Yxy                                 | 72.1790, 0.3080,<br>0.3089  |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4293188076<br>(0xFFE4D9EC)  |
| YUV                                 | 222.4550, 6.6777,<br>4.8630 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 84.9564, 2.4950,<br>-2.9888 |

# Details

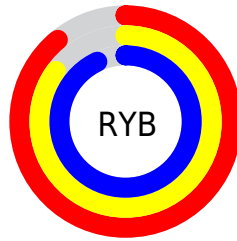
The HunterLab color  $84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $90.0057, -11.5975, 12.0124$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.6382, -4.5694, 4.6529$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.6605, 3.2349, -3.4684$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.0005, 11.8329, -13.4508$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $93.2204, -6.6585, 6.8521$ .

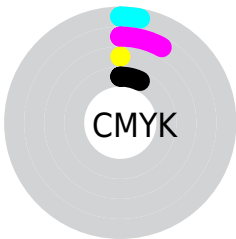
# Distribution



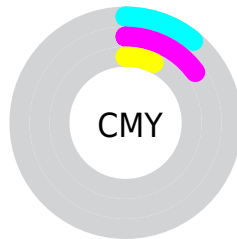
- Red (89%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.9564, 2.4950,  
-2.9888

84.9564, 2.4950,  
-2.9888

216.3711, -2.0260,  
1.5917

73.0102, 2.7961,  
-3.2963

110.5943, 1.7501,  
-2.2329

61.6816, 3.0485,  
-3.5550

124.2327, 1.3163,  
-1.7933

51.0084, 3.2452,  
-3.7590

138.3898, 0.8444,  
-1.3152

41.0336, 3.3796,  
-3.9027

153.0472, 0.3362,  
-0.8005

31.8099, 3.4434,  
-3.9790

168.1884, -0.2064,  
-0.2510

23.4046, 3.4245,  
-3.9788

183.7983, -0.7818,

15.9066, 3.3056,

0.3317

-3.8907

199.8634, -1.3888,  
0.9464

■ 9.4430, 3.0581,  
-3.7020

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 84.9564, 2.4950,  
-2.9888

■ 84.9564, 2.4950,  
-2.9888

■ 77.0005, 11.8329,  
-13.4508

■ 93.2204, -6.6585,  
6.8521

■ 69.3979, 21.3743,  
-24.6626

■ 98.7474, -10.8993,  
13.0087

■ 62.2160, 31.0990,  
-36.7442

■ 99.4164, -8.5424,  
13.7828

■ 55.5402, 40.9205,  
-49.7759

■ 49.4797, 50.6197,  
-63.7171

■ 44.1690, 59.7512,  
-78.2631

■ 39.7590, 67.5575,  
-92.6595

■ 36.3847, 73.0194,  
-105.6180

■ 34.0689, 75.3659,  
-115.7940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9582, -2.3633, -5.5462



84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888



84.9582, 5.5083, 1.5514

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9582, 2.4930, -2.9873



84.9582, -1.3423, 13.4467



84.9582, -14.3955, 2.5405

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888



90.0057, -11.5975, 12.0124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9582, -14.1376, 7.5870



84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888



84.9582, -6.6905, 13.6750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9582, 2.4930, -2.9873



84.9582, 3.2564, 10.9469



84.9582, -11.3470, 11.5913



84.9582, -12.0606, -2.2246



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888



84.9582, 6.0241, 4.9836



84.9582, -11.3470, 11.5913



84.9582, -14.6075, 4.2638

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9582, 2.4930, -2.9873



98.1754, -3.3370, 3.3013



86.4797, -5.3135, -1.2120



45.4621, -1.5897, 1.5765

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9582, 2.4930, -2.9873



91.0031, 4.7371, -5.4799



85.6998, 4.9147, -1.3437



38.7034, 1.7554, -2.0438



25.1590, 56.3538, -86.5956



7.4392, 16.2635, -22.5069



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.3804, 3.1973, 3.1979



91.5867, 5.7009, 3.0472



89.3423, -13.8899, 10.6671



38.9350, 2.1390, 1.3427



32.1792, 56.7399, 8.1419

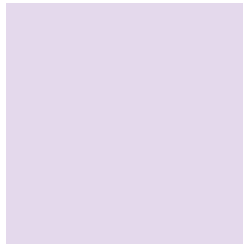


9.1211, 16.2789, 0.7882



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

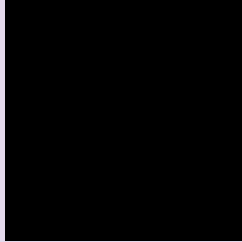
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

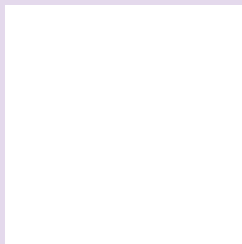
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9564, 2.4950,

-2.9888.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888

### Protanopia

84.8488, -0.9439, -3.7193

### Deuteranopia

85.0407, 5.8784, -2.8227



## Tritanopia

84.8883, 2.1276, -2.0235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888

## Protanomaly

84.8205, 0.5353, -3.7295

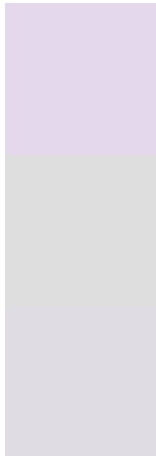
## Deuteranomaly

85.0433, 4.3434, -2.8462

## Tritanomaly

84.9222, 2.3108, -2.5050

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.1937, -2.0068, 1.8845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 217, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 217, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 217, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 217, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 217, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 217, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 217, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 217, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 217, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 217,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9564, 2.4950, -2.9888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 217, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
217, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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