

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.8952, 9.7670,  
3.5801)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.8952, 9.7670, 3.5801)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(84.9640, 9.3430,  
3.8014)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D4DF
RGB	247, 212, 223
RGB Percent	97%, 83%, 87%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1686, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.10, 0.03
HSL	341°, 69%, 90%
HSV	341°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	75.2205, 72.1888, 79.7813
YIQ	223.7190, 17.3290, 10.8410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

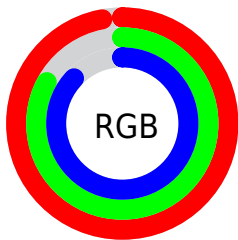
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 212, 223
Decimal	16241887
CIE Lab	88.06, 13.96, -0.89
CIE LCh	88, 13.984, 356.344
Yxy	72.1920, 0.3311, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294431967 (0xFFF7D4DF)
YUV	223.7190, -0.3545, 20.4174
Hunter-Lab	84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014

# Details

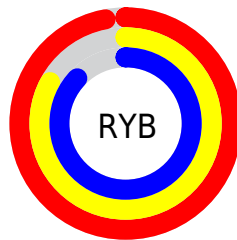
The HunterLab color  $84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $93.0465, -17.8865, 6.4522$ , and the grayscale version is  $86.2123, -4.6001, 4.6841$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.5534, 9.3224, 2.4086$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.3977, 19.8616, 3.2783$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $92.9840, -0.9376, 4.7439$ .

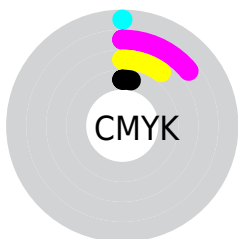
# Distribution



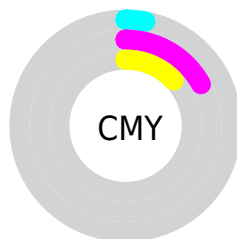
- Red (97%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



84.9640, 9.3430,  
3.8014

84.9640, 9.3430,  
3.8014

216.3815, 7.1262,  
10.6582

73.0175, 9.3382,  
3.1926

110.6027, 9.1712,  
5.1236

61.6885, 9.2706,  
2.6182

124.2414, 9.0085,  
5.8308

51.0149, 9.1303,  
2.0820

138.3988, 8.7983,  
6.5675

41.0396, 8.9080,  
1.5869

153.0565, 8.5437,  
7.3327

31.8155, 8.5916,  
1.1366

168.1980, 8.2471,  
8.1252

23.4096, 8.1644,  
0.7357

183.8082, 7.9108,

15.9110, 7.6033,

8.9441

0.3910

199.8736, 7.5365,  
9.7887

9.4467, 6.8753,  
0.1124

0.0000, INF, NaN

84.9640, 9.3430,  
3.8014

84.9640, 9.3430,  
3.8014

77.3977, 19.8616,  
3.2783

92.9840, -0.9376,  
4.7439

70.3622, 30.5604,  
3.2647

99.2544, -7.9392,  
4.5068

63.9608, 41.2740,  
3.8695

58.3140, 51.6842,  
5.1987

■ 53.5545, 61.2634,  
7.3242

■ 49.8083, 69.2809,  
10.2315

■ 47.1598, 74.9550,  
13.7632

■ 45.6021, 77.7894,  
17.6021

■ 45.0764, 78.4025,  
19.7644

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9659, 6.9786, -2.7949



84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014



84.9659, 7.8855, 10.1219

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9659, 9.3405, 3.8029



84.9659, -10.4389, 15.3348



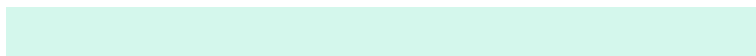
84.9659, -11.8822, -6.7588

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014



93.0465, -17.8865, 6.4522

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9659, -16.2865, -1.2658



84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014



84.9659, -15.4723, 11.4306

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9659, 9.3405, 3.8029



84.9659, -3.6765, 16.4550



84.9659, -17.5794, 5.4388



84.9659, -5.3963, -9.1965



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014



84.9659, 4.9714, 13.3910



84.9659, -17.5794, 5.4388



84.9659, -13.6470, -5.1878

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9659, 9.3405, 3.8029



96.5513, -1.1419, 4.9376



84.6312, 9.8684, -9.3255



44.3722, -0.1612, 2.2441

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

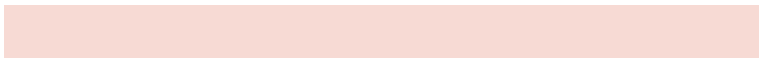
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9659, 9.3405, 3.8029



85.8040, 12.7816, 3.7395



86.5389, 4.1294, 10.7199



40.7042, 2.0619, 1.9267



32.8152, 57.1432, 13.8700



9.8195, 17.2754, 2.7860



# Inverse Universe

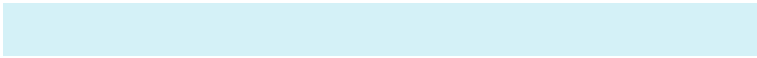
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.9659, 9.3405, 3.8029



85.8040, 12.7816, 3.7395



91.3119, -12.6467, -1.0927



40.7042, 2.0619, 1.9267



32.8152, 57.1432, 13.8700

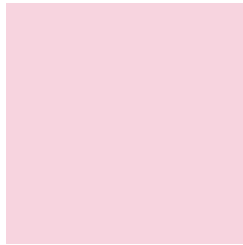


9.8195, 17.2754, 2.7860



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

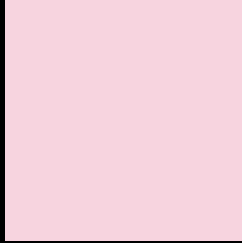
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

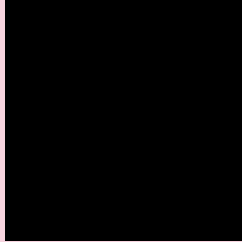
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9640, 9.3430,

3.8014.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014

### Protanopia

85.1327, -2.1523, 1.3027

### Deuteranopia

85.0283, 6.5148, 3.8283



## Tritanopia

84.9391, 11.0906, 1.2987

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014

## Protanomaly

85.0132, 2.0233, 2.2397

## Deuteranomaly

84.9407, 7.7484, 3.7458

## Tritanomaly

84.8740, 10.7461, 2.2243

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014

## Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

## Achromatomaly

85.8627, 0.0998, 4.2137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 212, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 212, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 212, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 212, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 212, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 212, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 212, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 212, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 212,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9640, 9.3430, 3.8014 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 212, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
212, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor