

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.9027, -48.7064,
26.5083)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.9027, -48.7064,
26.5083) contains.

HunterLab(84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(84.9465,
-48.9065, 26.6416)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AF5A5
RGB	122, 245, 165
RGB Percent	48%, 96%, 65%
CMY	0.5216, 0.0392, 0.3529
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.33, 0.04
HSL	141°, 86%, 72%
HSV	141°, 50%, 96%
XYZ	47.4700, 72.1591, 47.0235
YIQ	199.1030, -47.6280, -50.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

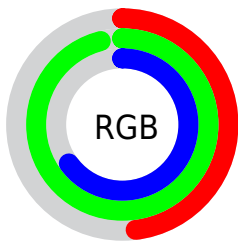
Format	Color
RYB	122, 213, 245
Decimal	8058277
CIELab	88.05, -51.77, 28.21
CIELCh	88, 58.958, 151.411
Yxy	72.1620, 0.2848, 0.4330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286248357 (0xFF7AF5A5)
YUV	199.1030, -16.8128, -67.6193
Hunter-Lab	84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416

Details

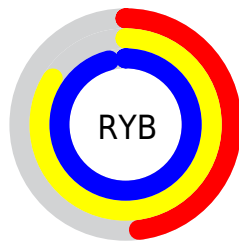
The HunterLab color $84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99FF99$. A complement of this color would be $61.3167, 53.6186, -15.3110$, and the grayscale version is $75.7021, -4.0393, 4.1130$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93.0113, -32.7794, 13.5775$, and $61.7409, -42.0501, 22.3057$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.6951, -54.6148, 30.4539$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86.4861, -42.1044, 22.6088$.

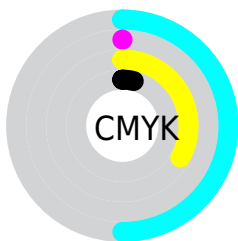
Distribution



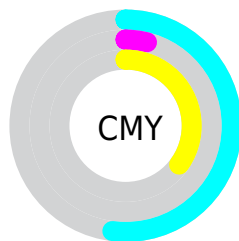
- Red (48%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (4%)





- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84.9465, -48.9065,
26.6416


 84.9465, -48.9065,
26.6416


216.3574,
-75.5839, 44.2162

 73.0007, -45.5482,
24.5412


 110.5834,
-55.2965, 30.7083

 61.6727, -42.0465,
22.3782


 124.2214,
-58.3609, 32.6911

 51.0000, -38.3681,
20.1354


 138.3780,
-61.3560, 34.6492

 41.0257, -34.4652,
17.7886

153.0350,
-64.2916, 36.5876

 31.8028, -30.2685,
15.3031

168.1758,
-67.1759, 38.5105

 23.3981, -25.6733,
12.6288

183.7854,

 15.9009, -20.6969,

-70.0158, 40.4211

10.3743

199.8501,
-72.8168, 42.3222

■ 9.4383, -16.5169,
6.6068

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9465, -48.9065,
26.6416

■ 84.9465, -48.9065,
26.6416

■ 83.6951, -54.6148,
30.4539

■ 86.4861, -42.1044,
22.6088

■ 82.7171, -59.2042,
33.9936


■ 88.3127, -34.2587,
18.4055


■ 81.9983, -62.6938,
37.2167


■ 90.4275, -25.4485,
14.0844

■ 81.5147, -65.1492,
40.0845

■ 92.8260, -15.7679,
9.6949

 81.2243, -66.7214,
42.5091

 95.5008, -5.3193,
5.2819

 96.8440, -0.0089,
1.7537

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9482, -32.1775, 39.0372



84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



84.9482, -54.2197, 3.2820

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9482, -48.9077, 26.6424



84.9482, -3.1333, -69.1358



84.9482, 49.6200, 28.2528

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



61.3167, 53.6186, -15.3110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9482, 60.0813, 5.9444



84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



84.9482, 27.1624, -55.6773

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9482, -48.9077, 26.6424



84.9482, -30.0617, -57.8738



84.9482, 51.3560, -25.5331



84.9482, 24.4096, 39.7186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



84.9482, -51.2426, -17.5776



84.9482, 51.3560, -25.5331



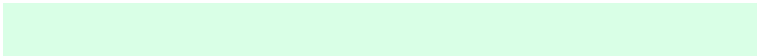
84.9482, 55.1216, 22.0891

Sweetspot

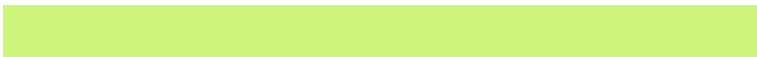
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9482, -48.9077, 26.6424



95.8924, -21.4987, 12.3690



89.1912, -33.8647, 42.1262



44.1214, -10.9294, 6.1712

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9482, -48.9077, 26.6424



87.5944, -57.1122, 31.8399



86.5185, -39.5785, 4.0463



43.0903, -6.9686, 4.3448



59.6352, -48.8472, 30.9082



17.7324, -14.1522, 8.3866

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3167, 53.6186, -15.3110



59.1642, 67.2098, -18.0601



59.4147, 44.8514, 11.6609



40.8217, 2.6928, 0.2528



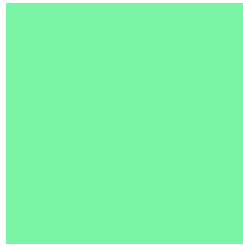
34.4096, 62.9445, -8.9048



10.2958, 19.0002, -3.9545

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

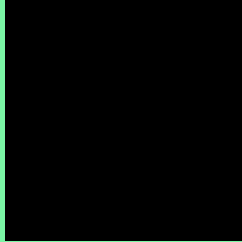
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416.



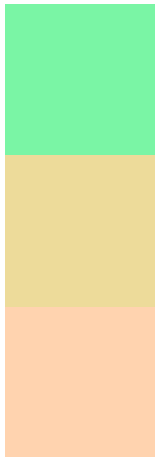
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9465,

-48.9065, 26.6416.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416

Protanopia

84.2619, -7.4550, 30.2797

Deuteranopia

84.2281, 5.7633, 23.4526



Tritanopia

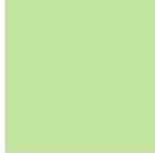
84.7743, -24.8535, -13.1906

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



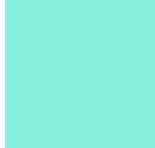
Protanomaly

83.4012, -25.1973, 27.9542



Deuteranomaly

83.0548, -17.5330, 23.3672



Tritanomaly

84.6190, -34.6388, 3.6050

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416



Achromatopsia

75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060



Achromatomaly

78.3310, -22.4104, 12.2895

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 245, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 245, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 245, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 245, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 245, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 245, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 245, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 245, 165); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 245, 165); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 245, 165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9465, -48.9065, 26.6416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 245, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
245, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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