

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(84.9420,  
-70.7386, 49.6382)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29FF29
RGB	41, 255, 41
RGB Percent	16%, 100%, 16%
CMY	0.8392, 0.0000, 0.8392
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.84, 0.00
HSL	120°, 100%, 58%
HSV	120°, 84%, 100%
XYZ	37.0746, 72.1514, 14.0704
YIQ	166.6180, -58.8500, -111.9220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

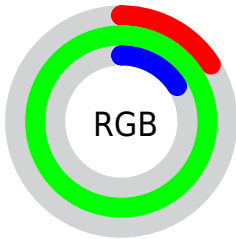
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	41, 255, 255
Decimal	2752297
CIELab	88.04, -83.13, 78.27
CIELCh	88, 114.172, 136.725
Yxy	72.1516, 0.3007, 0.5852
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280942377 (0xFF29FF29)
YUV	166.6180, -61.9297, -110.1670
Hunter-Lab	84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382

# Details

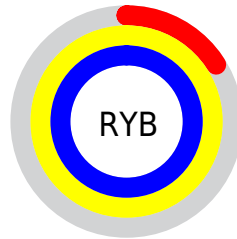
The HunterLab color **84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **54.8317, 99.6334, -66.7581**, and the grayscale version is **62.2712, -3.3226, 3.3833**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.8912, -57.4078, 43.7697**, and **62.8330, -53.8793, 37.7742** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.6533, -72.1173, 50.5703**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.4957, -68.1106, 47.8603**.

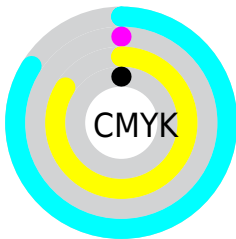
# Distribution



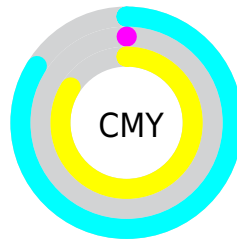
- Red (16%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382


 84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382


216.3490,  
-110.4804, 88.6547


 72.9949, -65.5320,  
44.5732


 110.5767,  
-80.5090, 59.2082


 61.6671, -60.0551,  
39.2954


 124.2144,  
-85.1361, 63.7548


 50.9948, -54.2481,  
33.7895


 138.3708,  
-89.6224, 68.1660

 41.0209, -48.0314,  
28.2533

 153.0276,  
-93.9861, 72.4567

 31.7983, -41.2955,  
22.2588

 168.1681,  
-98.2422, 76.6403

 23.3941, -33.8903,  
16.3759

183.7775,

 15.8974, -27.8205,

-102.4032, 80.7280

11.1282

199.8420,  
-106.4796, 84.7299

■ 9.4353, -16.5118,  
6.6047

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382

■ 84.9420, -70.7386,  
49.6382

■ 84.6533, -72.1173,  
50.5703


■ 85.4957, -68.1106,  
47.8603


■ 84.5695, -72.5182,  
50.8415


■ 86.3529, -64.0806,  
45.1350


■ 87.5403, -58.5742,  
41.4117

■ 89.0747, -51.5836,  
36.6854

 90.9647, -43.1573,  
30.9893

 93.2119, -33.3874,  
24.3862

 95.8116, -22.3978,  
16.9599

 98.7548, -10.3301,  
8.8069

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9421, -33.9485, 56.1954



84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



84.9421, -87.3120, 25.3236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.9421, -70.7383, 49.6375



84.9421, -28.3623, -173.4480



84.9421, 128.6660, 29.5736

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



54.8317, 99.6334, -66.7581

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9421, 131.3282, -23.1040



84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



84.9421, 29.5163, -169.1947

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.9421, -70.7383, 49.6375



84.9421, -67.5868, -112.3930



84.9421, 91.3736, -103.0219



84.9421, 84.8490, 50.9870



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



84.9421, -88.5393, -8.5748



84.9421, 91.3736, -103.0219



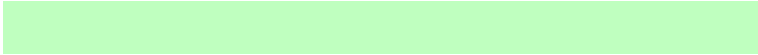
84.9421, 134.7419, 15.9941

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.9421, -70.7383, 49.6375



92.9524, -34.5022, 25.1395



96.4054, -25.3987, 57.6698



42.6262, -17.5959, 12.7348

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.9421, -70.7383, 49.6375



84.5695, -72.5182, 50.8415



86.0985, -63.5568, 32.6475



44.9090, -7.9536, 6.2191



61.1316, -52.4202, 36.7510



19.0753, -16.3569, 11.4674



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8317, 99.6334, -66.7581



53.3658, 104.9177, -70.3764



49.9840, 81.7225, -1.0026



42.7790, 3.5515, -1.6429



38.5758, 75.8405, -50.8722

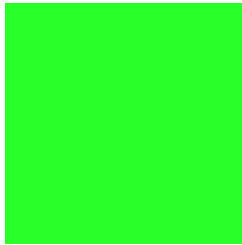


12.0371, 23.6650, -15.8743



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

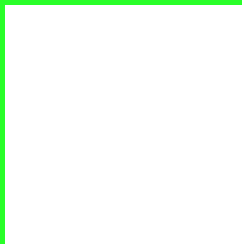
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382.

-70.7386, 49.6382.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382

### Protanopia

83.8778, -11.4713, 50.5679

### Deuteranopia

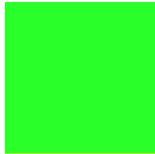
83.9366, 2.0795, 32.2594



## Tritanopia

84.6819, -30.2741, -14.5889

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



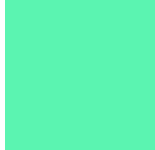
## Protanomaly

81.5429, -42.1042, 48.3531



## Deuteranomaly

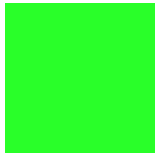
81.1891, -35.2706, 39.0502



## Tritanomaly

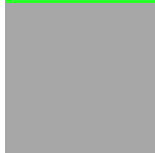
83.7256, -51.4324, 21.2356

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382



## Achromatopsia

62.1634, -3.3169, 3.3775



## Achromatomaly

68.0384, -35.7449, 25.5359

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 255, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 255, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 255, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 255, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 255, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 255, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 255, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 255, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 255, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 255,  
41) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 84.9420, -70.7386, 49.6382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 255, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 255,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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