

Converting Colors

HunterLab(84.9961, 2.4936,
-13.5769)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(84.9961, 2.4936,
-13.5769) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(85.0107, 2.4853,
-13.5566)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DADAFF
RGB	218, 218, 255
RGB Percent	85%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.1451, 0.1451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 93%
HSV	240°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	72.0348, 72.2682, 104.7602
YIQ	222.2180, -11.8770, 11.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

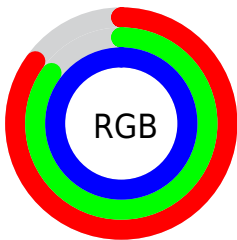
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 218, 255
Decimal	14342911
CIE Lab	88.10, 7.17, -17.96
CIE LCh	88, 19.340, 291.757
Yxy	72.2711, 0.2892, 0.2902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292532991 (0xFFDADAFF)
YUV	222.2180, 16.1615, -3.6992
Hunter-Lab	85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566

Details

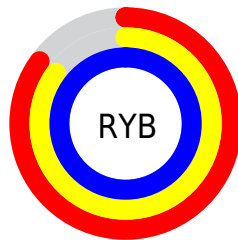
The HunterLab color $85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $98.9143, -11.3105, 20.9931$, and the grayscale version is $85.4990, -4.5620, 4.6453$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $61.6913, 3.1324, -13.2778$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75.1094, 8.4809, -28.2510$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.2717, -2.9978, -0.2233$.

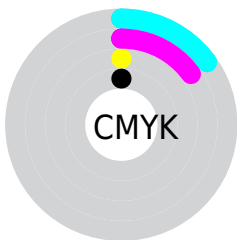
Distribution



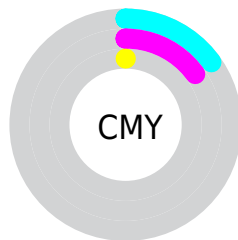
- Red (85%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.0107, 2.4853,
-13.5566

■ 85.0107, 2.4853,
-13.5566

216.4451, -2.0398,
-11.9477

■ 73.0617, 2.7871,
-13.4878

110.6535, 1.7394,
-13.5205

■ 61.7303, 3.0402,
-13.3608

124.2942, 1.3052,
-13.4268

■ 51.0541, 3.2375,
-13.1693

138.4536, 0.8327,
-13.2857

■ 41.0761, 3.3727,
-12.9095

153.1131, 0.3241,
-13.0996

■ 31.8490, 3.4372,
-12.5794

168.2564, -0.2189,
-12.8709

■ 23.4399, 3.4193,
-12.1821

183.8684, -0.7948,

■ 15.9376, 3.3014,

-12.6015

-11.7380

199.9355, -1.4022,
-12.2932

■ 9.4691, 3.0552,
-11.3341

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 85.0107, 2.4853,
-13.5566

■ 85.0107, 2.4853,
-13.5566

■ 75.1094, 8.4809,
-28.2510

■ 95.2717, -2.9978,
-0.2233

■ 65.6325, 15.1636,
-44.7573

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 56.6810, 22.7465,
-63.6376

■ 48.4011, 31.4662,
-85.5164

■ 41.0100, 41.4658,
-110.7825

■ 34.8228, 52.4530,
-138.7053

■ 30.2431, 63.0434,
-165.7343

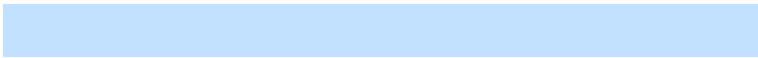
■ 27.6188, 70.5115,
-184.8442

■ 26.8708, 72.8819,
-190.9172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.0124, -7.1981, -14.8697



85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566



85.0124, 10.6086, -7.1033

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.0124, 2.4835, -13.5543



85.0124, 7.3147, 17.4154



85.0124, -22.2220, 7.1321

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566



98.9143, -11.3105, 20.9931

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.0124, -18.6980, 14.8932



85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566



85.0124, -1.8500, 20.3797

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.0124, 2.4835, -13.5543



85.0124, 13.4838, 10.9445



85.0124, -11.3438, 19.5110



85.0124, -21.1781, -2.2149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566



85.0124, 13.9072, -1.1160



85.0124, -11.3438, 19.5110



85.0124, -21.5382, 9.9962

Sweetspot

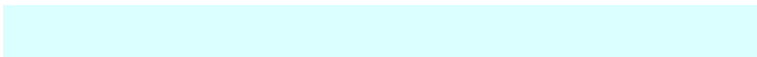
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.0124, 2.4835, -13.5543



95.8023, -3.2655, 0.4250



96.7503, -16.8734, 1.6630



43.9598, -1.3276, -0.2472

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.0124, 2.4835, -13.5543



82.5098, 3.9234, -17.0725



86.7047, 8.1786, -11.1240



41.6869, -0.1459, -3.1161



19.4239, 52.6822, -138.0039



6.0615, 16.4363, -43.0576

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.4450, 8.1665, 9.0506



85.3863, 10.5726, 9.7082



97.2661, -17.1997, 19.2006



42.4112, 1.5786, 3.5914



33.3299, 57.0786, 21.5363



10.4002, 17.8107, 6.7196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

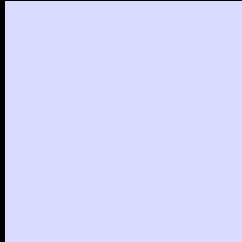
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566.



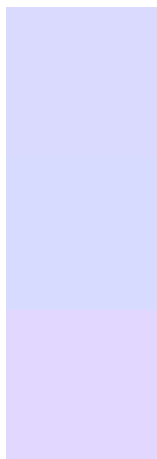
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566.

-13.5566.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566

Protanopia

84.9583, 0.7336, -13.6603

Deuteranopia

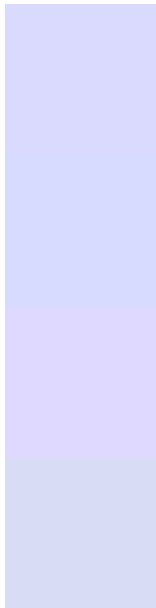
85.1472, 6.0606, -13.3042



Tritanopia

85.0488, -3.3609, -4.0422

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566

Protanomaly

85.0471, 1.0368, -13.5313

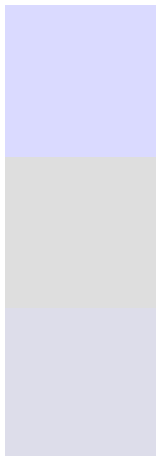
Deuteranomaly

85.1667, 4.5750, -13.3031

Tritanomaly

85.0394, -1.3807, -7.2958

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566

Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

Achromatomaly

85.4550, -2.2291, -1.3900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 218, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 218, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 218, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 218, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 218, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 218, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 218, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 218, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 218,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.0107, 2.4853, -13.5566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 218, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
218, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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