

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.0766, 6.7553,  
9.1711)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.0766, 6.7553, 9.1711)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.2178, 6.4749,  
9.2880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D6D4
RGB	247, 214, 212
RGB Percent	97%, 84%, 83%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1608, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.14, 0.03
HSL	3°, 69%, 90%
HSV	3°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	74.2880, 72.6207, 72.3891
YIQ	223.6390, 20.3100, 6.3740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

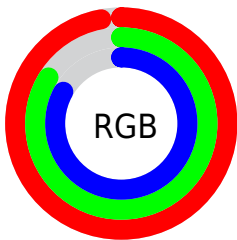
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 214, 212
Decimal	16242388
CIE Lab	88.27, 11.14, 5.22
CIE LCh	88, 12.304, 25.080
Yxy	72.6240, 0.3388, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294432468 (0xFFF7D6D4)
YUV	223.6390, -5.7380, 20.4876
Hunter-Lab	85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880

# Details

The HunterLab color  $85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $92.7445, -14.8910, 0.6334$ , and the grayscale version is  $86.1992, -4.5994, 4.6834$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $61.7881, 6.6155, 7.5808$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.7913, 15.1481, 12.2385$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $93.0637, -1.8052, 6.4152$ .

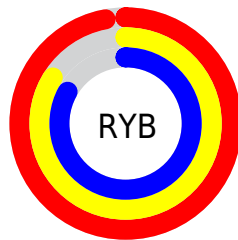
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (84%)

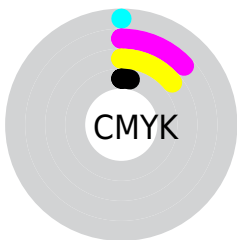
Blue (83%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (83%)

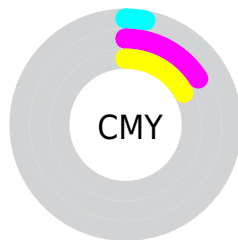


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.2178, 6.4749,  
9.2880

 85.2178, 6.4749,  
9.2880

216.7281, 3.3010,  
18.2317

 73.2588, 6.5966,  
8.3960

110.8798, 6.0651,  
11.1366

 61.9167, 6.6614,  
7.5222


124.5295, 5.7899,  
12.0905

 51.2290, 6.6604,  
6.6673


138.6974, 5.4711,  
13.0647

 41.2388, 6.5854,  
5.8298

153.3653, 5.1111,  
14.0588

 31.9985, 6.4255,  
5.0072

168.5166, 4.7123,  
15.0728

 23.5748, 6.1659,  
4.1948

184.1364, 4.2766,

 16.0564, 5.7850,

16.1065

3.3838

200.2111, 3.8057,  
17.1595

■ 9.5690, 5.2500,  
2.7824

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 85.2178, 6.4749,  
9.2880

■ 85.2178, 6.4749,  
9.2880

■ 77.7913, 15.1481,  
12.2385

■ 93.0637, -1.8052,  
6.4152

■ 70.8530, 24.2223,  
15.2443

■ 99.2544, -7.9392,  
4.5068

■ 64.4967, 33.6308,  
18.2622

■ 58.8327, 43.1948,  
21.2045

■ 53.9851, 52.5604,  
23.9259

■ 50.0789, 61.1610,  
26.2216

■ 47.2121, 68.2716,  
27.8656

■ 45.4142, 73.2198,  
28.7047

■ 44.8245, 74.9399,  
28.9326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.2197, 7.6049, 3.6643



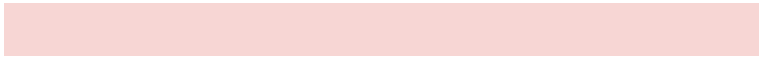
85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880



85.2197, 2.3528, 13.3909

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2197, 6.4723, 9.2894



85.2197, -14.0714, 10.8549



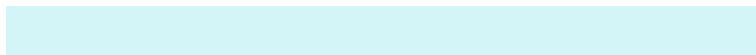
85.2197, -5.5677, -7.4006

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880



92.7445, -14.8910, 0.6334

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.2197, -11.2431, -5.1530



85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880



85.2197, -16.0628, 5.6018

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.2197, 6.4723, 9.2894



85.2197, -9.5270, 14.2486



85.2197, -15.0423, -0.2897



85.2197, 0.5405, -6.2396



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880



85.2197, -1.4727, 14.8480



85.2197, -15.0423, -0.2897



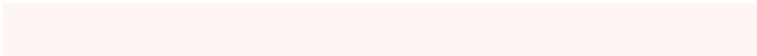
85.2197, -7.5875, -7.0143

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2197, 6.4723, 9.2894



96.6322, -2.0084, 6.6039



85.7146, 13.3121, -6.8436



44.4165, -0.6366, 3.1578

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2197, 6.4723, 9.2894



86.1140, 9.2399, 10.4988



90.4546, -2.6204, 14.8639



40.7856, 1.1675, 3.6412



32.6949, 54.1701, 21.0948



9.9602, 15.1757, 6.4031



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.7445, -14.8910, 0.6334



95.4522, -17.2999, -0.2511



87.2139, -6.0497, -6.1870



43.1110, -5.4262, 0.9685



58.6533, -28.6783, -11.4033



17.5278, -8.6724, -3.1870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

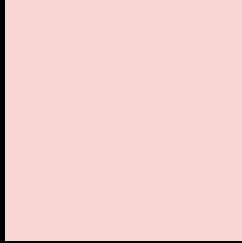
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

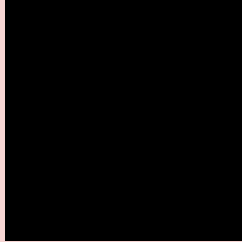
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880.



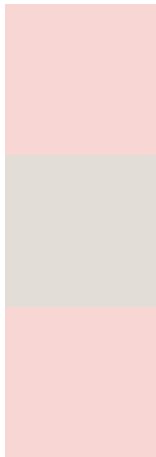
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.2178, 6.4749,

9.2880.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880

### Protanopia

85.4410, -3.4274, 7.5067

### Deuteranopia

85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880



## Tritanopia

85.3394, 10.9056, 1.7825

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880

## Protanomaly

85.1713, 0.3137, 7.7337

## Deuteranomaly

85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880

## Tritanomaly

85.3340, 8.9934, 4.7242

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880

## Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

## Achromatomaly

85.7377, -0.5787, 5.9976

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 214, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 214, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 214, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 214, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 214, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 214, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 214, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 214, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 214, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 214,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.2178, 6.4749, 9.2880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 214, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
214, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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