

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.1113, 3.2213,  
17.0265)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.1113, 3.2213,  
17.0265) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.0118, 3.2394,  
16.8444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D7C2
RGB	247, 215, 194
RGB Percent	97%, 84%, 76%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1568, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.21, 0.03
HSL	24°, 77%, 86%
HSV	24°, 21%, 97%
XYZ	72.3958, 72.2701, 61.1727
YIQ	222.1740, 25.8130, 0.2530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

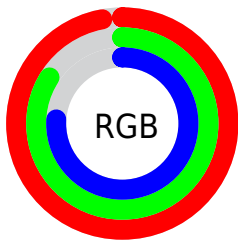
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 229, 194
Decimal	16242626
CIE Lab	88.10, 7.92, 14.45
CIE LCh	88, 16.481, 61.262
Yxy	72.2733, 0.3517, 0.3511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294432706 (0xFFFF7D7C2)
YUV	222.1740, -13.8898, 21.7724
Hunter-Lab	85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444

# Details

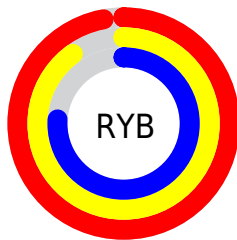
The HunterLab color  $85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $85.1913, -10.3090, -8.9281$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.5947, -4.5671, 4.6505$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.8724, -6.0350, 7.2541$ , and  $61.6297, 3.7715, 14.1729$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.0017, 7.7561, 21.5040$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.2333, -0.8811, 11.6854$ .

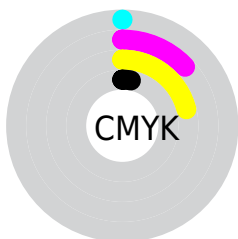
# Distribution



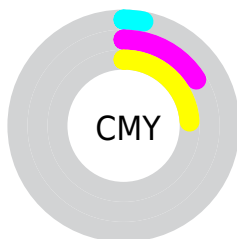
- Red (97%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.0118, 3.2394,  
16.8444

 85.0118, 3.2394,  
16.8444


216.4469, -1.0270,  
29.1134

 73.0630, 3.5058,  
15.4917

 110.6549, 2.5574,  
19.5421

 61.7315, 3.7225,  
14.1277

124.2957, 2.1537,  
20.8912

 51.0552, 3.8815,  
12.7463


138.4551, 1.7108,  
22.2441

 41.0771, 3.9760,  
11.3376

153.1147, 1.2307,  
23.6024

 31.8500, 3.9970,  
9.8863

168.2580, 0.7153,  
24.9676

 23.4407, 3.9319,  
8.3684

183.8701, 0.1663,

 15.9384, 3.7623,

26.3406

6.7428

199.9372, -0.4149,  
27.7223

■ 9.4697, 3.4586,  
6.6288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.0118, 3.2394,  
16.8444

■ 85.0118, 3.2394,  
16.8444

■ 80.0017, 7.7561,  
21.5040

■ 90.2333, -0.8811,  
11.6854

■ 75.2206, 12.7045,  
25.5850

■ 95.6402, -4.6288,  
6.0884

■ 70.6965, 18.0989,  
29.0037

■ 99.2543, -7.9393,  
4.5067

■ 66.4587, 23.9388,  
31.6691

■ 62.5389, 30.1955,  
33.4925

■ 58.9698, 36.7985,  
34.4029

■ 55.7826, 43.6199,  
34.3773

■ 53.3753, 49.4440,  
33.7552

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.0137, 9.4761, 12.1058



85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444



85.0137, -4.8906, 18.3977

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.0137, 3.2367, 16.8457



85.0137, -19.8540, 4.2937



85.0137, 3.8657, -9.3372

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444



85.1913, -10.3090, -8.9281

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.0137, -4.1902, -11.9180



85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444



85.0137, -17.7044, -3.5985

# Square

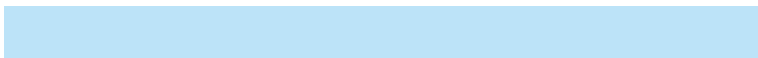
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.0137, 3.2367, 16.8457



85.0137, -18.0326, 11.5805



85.0137, -12.0481, -9.7254



85.0137, 9.8489, -2.9674



# Rectangle

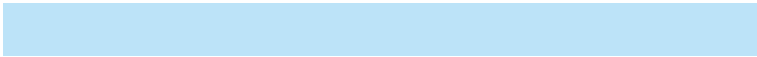
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444



85.0137, -10.2279, 17.5461



85.0137, -12.0481, -9.7254



85.0137, 1.3001, -10.7026

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.0137, 3.2367, 16.8457



96.5926, -3.0756, 9.0076



79.9294, 19.7354, -4.1404



44.5184, -1.3055, 4.3432

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

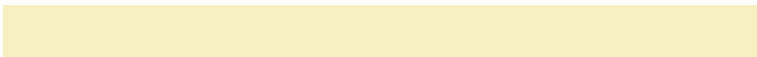
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.0137, 3.2367, 16.8457



85.7378, 5.4520, 19.7517



92.9902, -10.1340, 24.5800



41.9047, -0.7573, 4.8715



39.1477, 35.0865, 24.7369

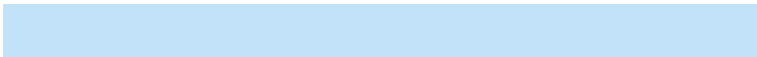


12.4164, 8.3780, 7.7976

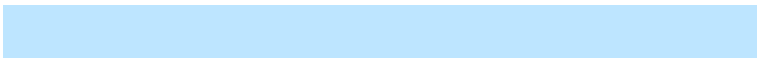


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.1913, -10.3090, -8.9281



85.9573, -11.4895, -12.4914



77.1876, 3.0601, -19.9762



41.9419, -3.5445, -0.4298



39.0165, -0.9600, -46.6948

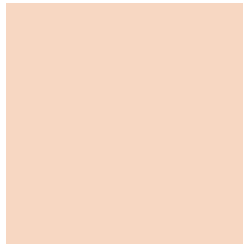


12.4026, -1.6502, -11.9397



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

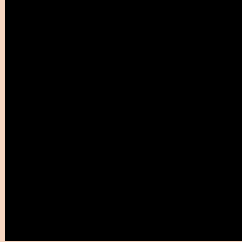
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.0118, 3.2394,

16.8444.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444

### Protanopia

84.9744, -4.5468, 15.4243

### Deuteranopia

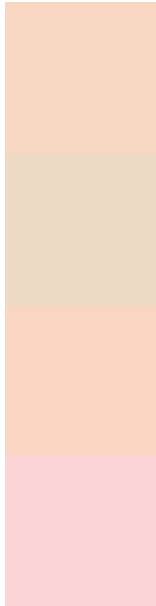
84.9582, 6.1204, 16.8393



## Tritanopia

84.9403, 12.5281, 1.8319

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444

## Protanomaly

84.9311, -1.5936, 15.8485

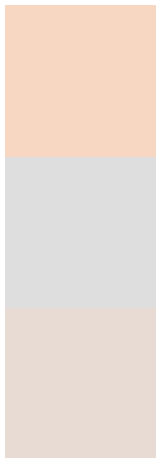
## Deuteranomaly

85.0366, 4.8578, 16.8983

## Tritanomaly

85.0396, 9.0978, 7.7370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.0914, -1.7108, 9.0024

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 215, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 215, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 215, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 215, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 215, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 215, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 215, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 215, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 215, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 215,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.0118, 3.2394, 16.8444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 215, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
215, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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