

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.3940, 50.9757,  
-97.6737)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.3940, 50.9757,  
-97.6737) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.7101, 22.5921,  
-20.8586)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEC1FF
RGB	238, 193, 255
RGB Percent	93%, 76%, 100%
CMY	0.0667, 0.2431, 0.0000
CMYK	0.07, 0.24, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	284°, 100%, 88%
HSV	284°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	72.3798, 63.5370, 103.0567
YIQ	213.5230, 6.9180, 28.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

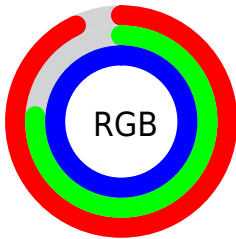
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	238, 193, 255
Decimal	15647231
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.73, 26.75, -24.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 36.222, 317.595
Yxy	63.5396, 0.3029, 0.2659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293837311 (0xFFEEC1FF)
YUV	213.5230, 20.4482, 21.4663
Hunter-Lab	79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586

# Details

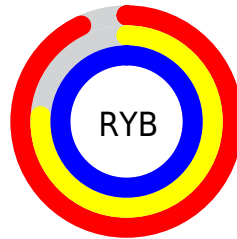
The HunterLab color  $79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $94.3783, -29.0519, 25.9502$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.7108, -4.3599, 4.4395$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.4130, -2.6782, 3.5973$ , and  $56.9978, 21.5039, -20.0763$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.1342, 34.4124, -32.7106$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $87.7704, 10.9425, -9.6334$ .

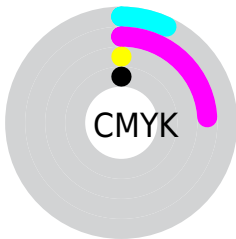
# Distribution



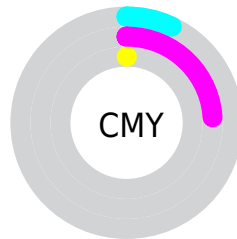
- Red (93%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.7101, 22.5921,  
-20.8586

79.7101, 22.5921,  
-20.8586

209.1711, 24.7984,  
-21.1801

68.0279, 22.0057,  
-20.5579

104.8559, 23.5177,  
-21.2788

56.9782, 21.3303,  
-20.1993

118.2636, 23.8744,  
-21.4080

46.6016, 20.5534,  
-19.7806

132.1985, 24.1667,  
-21.4856

36.9448, 19.6627,  
-19.3062

146.6414, 24.3991,  
-21.5142

28.0661, 18.6436,  
-18.7906

161.5751, 24.5753,  
-21.4959

20.0409, 17.4806,  
-18.2749

176.9839, 24.6987,

12.9720, 16.1666,

-21.4329

-17.8814

192.8535, 24.7722,  
-21.3270

6.4221, 18.2707,  
-20.5785

0.0000, NaN, -NF

79.7101, 22.5921,  
-20.8586

79.7101, 22.5921,  
-20.8586

72.1342, 34.4124,  
-32.7106

87.7704, 10.9425,  
-9.6334

65.1289, 46.2741,  
-45.1838

96.2378, -0.4810,  
1.0071

58.8076, 57.8889,  
-58.1334

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

53.3009, 68.7434,  
-71.1911

■ 48.7457, 78.0500,  
-83.6693

■ 45.2555, 84.8346,  
-94.5758

■ 42.8653, 88.2855,  
-102.8997

■ 41.8863, 88.9681,  
-106.5496

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.7118, 6.3424, -33.3035



79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586



79.7118, 31.9555, -2.9685

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.7118, 22.5899, -20.8562



79.7118, 3.2207, 30.0147



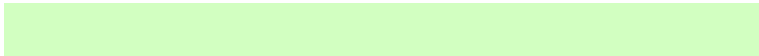
79.7118, -34.2984, -6.1312

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586



94.3783, -29.0519, 25.9502

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.7118, -34.9746, 11.0140



79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586



79.7118, -14.3309, 29.5310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.7118, 22.5899, -20.8562



79.7118, 20.1327, 24.8112



79.7118, -27.9635, 23.3025



79.7118, -26.0274, -23.6043



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586



79.7118, 32.5398, 8.5187



79.7118, -27.9635, 23.3025



79.7118, -35.3937, -0.0802

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.7118, 22.5899, -20.8562



93.9249, 2.5673, -1.8001



80.5813, -0.9502, -19.9732



43.2153, 1.5054, -1.1268

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.7118, 22.5899, -20.8562



76.0942, 28.1164, -26.3340



81.1092, 25.9162, -10.7250



42.4680, 2.5085, -2.0587



30.4063, 64.4786, -76.5288



9.7697, 20.4907, -22.8318



# Inverse Universe

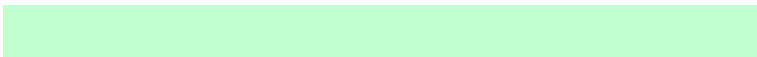
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.0347, 20.3956, 4.5036



76.5248, 25.5249, 4.6320



93.4535, -31.8514, 19.8049



42.5075, 2.0969, 2.2162



33.7056, 58.4693, 15.9867



10.6001, 18.5490, 3.7790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

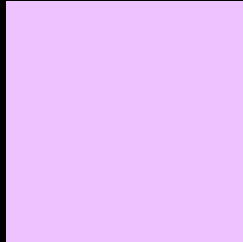
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

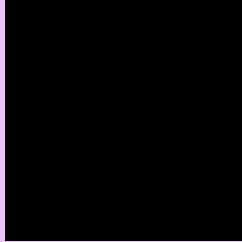
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586.

-20.8586.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586

### Protanopia

79.8223, 2.0621, -21.0501

### Deuteranopia

79.7138, 6.1749, -19.8915



## Tritanopia

79.6381, 9.2995, 0.8689

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586

## Protanomaly

79.6606, 9.2052, -21.1673

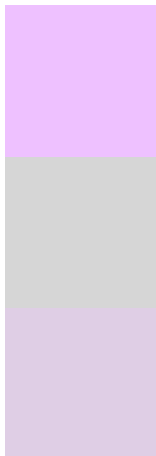
## Deuteranomaly

79.6051, 11.9514, -20.5755

## Tritanomaly

79.4595, 14.1093, -6.6506

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586

## Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554

## Achromatomaly

80.9245, 5.3863, -4.3514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 193, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 193, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 193, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 193, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 193, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 193, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 193, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 193, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 193, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 193,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.7101, 22.5921, -20.8586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 193, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
193, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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