

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.4079, -16.9531,  
52.3072)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.4079, -16.9531,  
52.3072) contains.

<b>HunterLab(85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(85.4960,  
-17.0887, 52.3632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1E201
RGB	241, 226, 1
RGB Percent	95%, 89%, 0%
CMY	0.0549, 0.1137, 0.9960
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 1.00, 0.05
HSL	56°, 99%, 47%
HSV	56°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	63.4775, 73.0957, 10.7919
YIQ	204.8350, 81.1650, -66.7950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

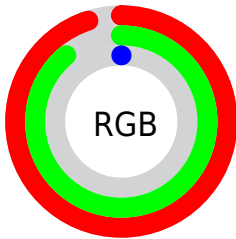
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	17, 241, 1
Decimal	15852033
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.49, -13.36, 87.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 88.615, 98.669
Y <sub>xy</sub>	73.0991, 0.4307, 0.4960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294042113 (0xFFFF1E201)
<b>YUV</b>	204.8350, -100.4907, 31.7167
Hunter-Lab	85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632

# Details

The HunterLab color **85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF33**. The color can be described as light saturated yellow. A complement of this color would be **25.9397, 65.2269, -173.0854**, and the grayscale version is **78.4583, -4.1863, 4.2628**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.7137, -23.6483, 53.1129**, and **62.3130, -13.4132, 38.1622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.4763, -17.0684, 52.3713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0175, -17.5927, 52.0567**.

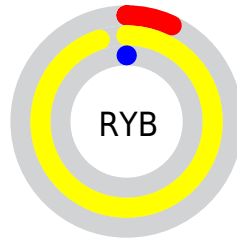
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (89%)

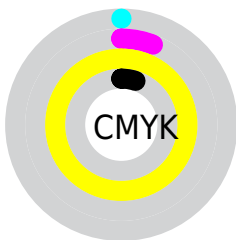
Blue (0%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (0%)

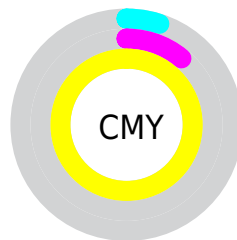


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85.4960, -17.0887,  
52.3632


 85.4960, -17.0887,  
52.3632


217.1079,  
-28.9222, 95.4648

 73.5235, -15.8003,  
46.7766


 111.1836,  
-19.6759, 62.9461


 62.1669, -14.5039,  
40.9739


 124.8453,  
-20.9734, 67.9763


 51.4640, -13.1974,  
34.9575

 139.0247,  
-22.2768, 72.8553

 41.4574, -11.8729,  
29.0202


 153.7038,  
-23.5876, 77.5984

 32.1994, -10.5189,  
22.5396

 168.8659,  
-24.9068, 82.2195

 23.7563, -9.1166,  
16.6294

 184.4962,

 16.2161, -7.6342,

-26.2352, 86.7307

11.3513

200.5810,  
-27.5735, 91.1426

■ 9.7035, -6.5359,  
6.7925

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.4960, -17.0887,  
52.3632

■ 85.4960, -17.0887,  
52.3632

■ 85.4763, -17.0684,  
52.3713

■ 86.0175, -17.5927,  
52.0567

■ 86.5869, -17.8197,  
51.0354

■ 87.2190, -17.6994,  
49.1103

■ 87.9212, -17.1916,  
46.1784

■ 88.6991, -16.2664,  
42.1658

■ 89.5569, -14.9027,  
37.0203

■ 90.4979, -13.0859,  
30.7079

■ 91.5245, -10.8076,  
23.2101

■ 92.6385, -8.0645,  
14.5219

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.4980, 28.8588, 51.0684



85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632



85.4980, -51.7543, 46.9489

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.4980, -17.0920, 52.3638



85.4980, -61.6701, -63.4746



85.4980, 90.6922, -30.5886

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632



25.9397, 65.2269, -173.0854

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.4980, 55.7731, -86.4808



85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632



85.4980, -33.5342, -111.2770

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.4980, -17.0920, 52.3638



85.4980, -73.8097, -8.5541



85.4980, 8.7242, -121.3534



85.4980, 97.5999, 16.0418



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632



85.4980, -66.0960, 37.0955



85.4980, 8.7242, -121.3534



85.4980, 81.5426, -49.4501

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.4980, -17.0920, 52.3638



96.4380, -14.0650, 33.1212



43.3169, 74.1426, 27.2623



44.4161, -6.9087, 16.6985

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.4980, -17.0920, 52.3638



91.1225, -18.1755, 55.8310



82.6025, -54.2716, 49.9280



42.7551, -3.7078, 6.6586



63.0042, -12.6594, 38.6013



18.3114, -3.8615, 11.2158



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.9397, 65.2269, -173.0854



27.5473, 69.9458, -185.4247



30.6225, 72.9930, -140.9767



39.2265, -0.4957, -2.6233



19.2204, 47.4863, -126.5332

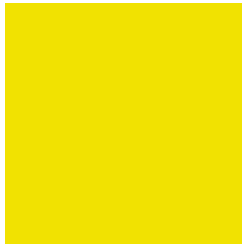


6.0215, 11.8225, -33.0478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

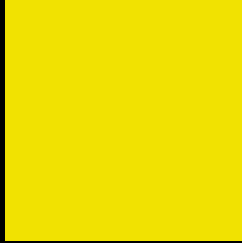
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632.



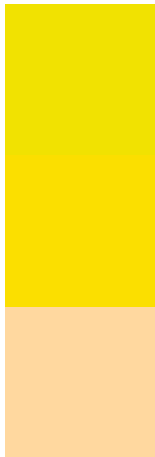
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4960,

-17.0887, 52.3632.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632

### Protanopia

85.6064, -11.8358, 52.5431

### Deuteranopia

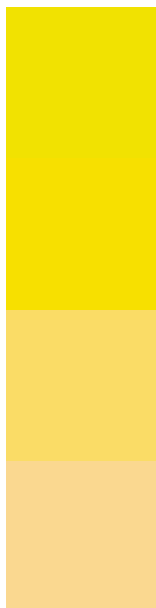
85.3668, 1.2710, 29.8436



## Tritanopia

85.3488, 13.7996, 2.8499

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632

## Protanomaly

85.4900, -13.8620, 52.4359

## Deuteranomaly

85.1291, -7.6175, 43.5679

## Tritanomaly

84.5277, -2.1838, 33.5398

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632

## Achromatopsia

78.1342, -4.1690, 4.2452

## Achromatomaly

80.0828, -13.5312, 33.2123

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 226, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 226, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 226, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 226, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 226, 1) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 226, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 226, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 226, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 226, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 226,  
1) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.4960, -17.0887, 52.3632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 226, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
226, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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