

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.5714, -24.7674,  
35.9199)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.5714, -24.7674,  
35.9199) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.5693,  
-24.6881, 35.8966)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2E889
RGB	210, 232, 137
RGB Percent	82%, 91%, 54%
CMY	0.1765, 0.0902, 0.4627
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.41, 0.09
HSL	74°, 67%, 72%
HSV	74°, 41%, 91%
XYZ	59.9504, 73.2211, 34.6404
YIQ	214.5920, 17.3830, -34.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

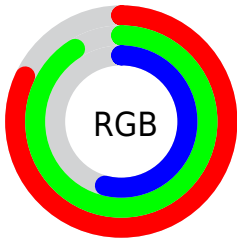
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	137, 232, 159
Decimal	13822089
CIELab	88.55, -21.86, 43.73
CIELCh	89, 48.892, 116.561
Yxy	73.2243, 0.3572, 0.4363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292012169 (0xFFD2E889)
YUV	214.5920, -38.2529, -4.0272
Hunter-Lab	85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966

# Details

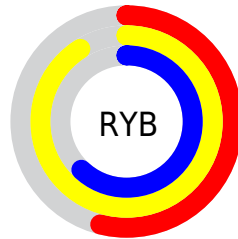
The HunterLab color  $85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCFF99$ . A complement of this color would be  $55.7588, 23.4695, -46.4141$ , and the grayscale version is  $82.4144, -4.3974, 4.4777$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.2781, -14.8526, 30.2130$ , and  $62.1100, -21.0622, 29.6991$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $84.7661, -28.3986, 40.6415$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.4670, -20.5279, 30.0525$ .

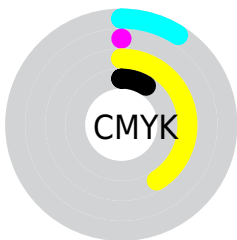
# Distribution



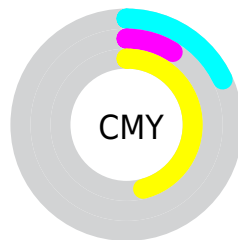
- Red (82%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 85.5693, -24.6881,  
35.8966

■ 85.5693, -24.6881,  
35.8966

217.2077,  
-39.6779, 59.8268

■ 73.5931, -22.9648,  
32.9000

■ 111.2635,  
-28.0772, 41.6082

■ 62.2327, -21.2074,  
29.7813

■ 124.9283,  
-29.7491, 44.3516

■ 51.5258, -19.4073,  
26.5141

■ 139.1108,  
-31.4120, 47.0357

■ 41.5149, -17.5490,  
23.0639

153.7928,  
-33.0688, 49.6692

■ 32.2522, -15.6096,  
19.3871

168.9577,  
-34.7220, 52.2594

■ 23.8041, -13.5533,  
15.7050


184.5907,

■ 16.2582, -11.3191,


-36.3735, 54.8124


11.3807


200.6782,  
-38.0250, 57.3334


 9.7389, -10.3268,  
6.8173


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 85.5693, -24.6881,  
35.8966


 85.5693, -24.6881,  
35.8966


 84.7661, -28.3986,  
40.6415


 86.4670, -20.5279,  
30.0525


 84.0485, -31.6588,  
44.3175

 87.4556, -15.9107,  
23.0898

 83.4145, -34.4850,  
46.9765

 88.5385, -10.8441,  
15.0061

 82.8585, -36.9006,  
48.6918

 89.7164, -5.3379,  
5.8101

82.3734, -38.9410,  
49.5657

90.9894, 0.5943,  
-4.4790

81.9835, -40.5311,  
49.8083

91.5734, 2.7238,  
-4.7798

92.0995, 4.5049,  
-4.0746

92.6378, 6.3170,  
-3.3573

92.8420, 7.0020,  
-3.0862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

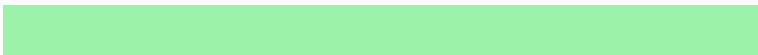
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.5712, -1.7180, 38.4743



85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966



85.5712, -40.5381, 25.9089

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.5712, -24.6905, 35.8974



85.5712, -29.0820, -41.9799



85.5712, 47.8871, 1.9179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966



55.7588, 23.4695, -46.4141

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5712, 38.5363, -23.9966



85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966



85.5712, -7.3861, -53.4525

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.5712, -24.6905, 35.8974



85.5712, -42.8655, -17.9771



85.5712, 17.5995, -46.0882



85.5712, 41.9269, 22.4177



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966



85.5712, -45.8486, 14.4593



85.5712, 17.5995, -46.0882



85.5712, 46.4062, -6.4605

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.5712, -24.6905, 35.8974



98.4195, -12.7238, 17.7680



65.7845, 20.4189, 19.5621



45.4581, -6.2390, 8.7913

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

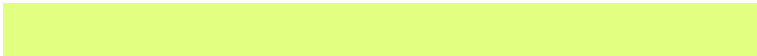


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.5712, -24.6905, 35.8974



94.5046, -30.9483, 44.4308



82.1016, -37.8687, 32.8357



40.7923, -4.6198, 6.2990



61.1322, -30.0075, 37.1441



16.7411, -7.6777, 10.1814



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.7588, 23.4695, -46.4141



55.2890, 33.4682, -66.7994



60.5891, 37.4830, -36.7203



37.4799, 0.5796, -2.4339



19.2692, 49.7844, -117.6646

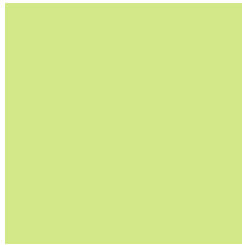


5.6200, 13.8772, -29.3360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

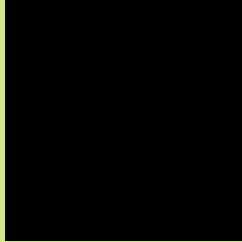
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

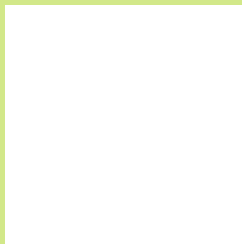
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966.



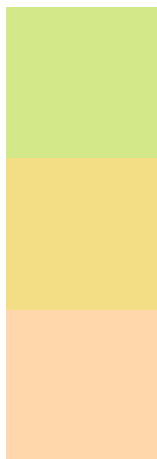
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5693,

-24.6881, 35.8966.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966

### Protanopia

85.4346, -8.8638, 37.0896

### Deuteranopia

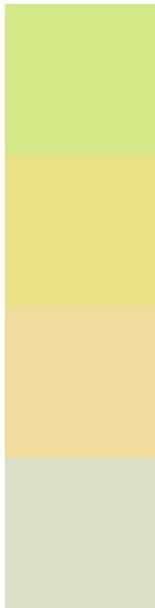
85.3013, 3.0546, 26.1823



## Tritanopia

85.4678, -0.3297, -3.4545

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966

## Protanomaly

85.5002, -15.0630, 36.7809

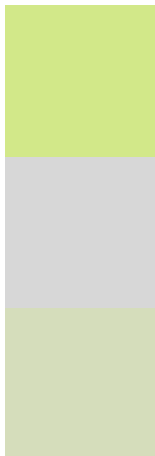
## Deuteranomaly

85.1659, -7.3052, 29.8314

## Tritanomaly

85.1080, -10.2807, 13.7678

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966

## Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788

## Achromatomaly

83.3348, -12.4631, 17.6836

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 232, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 232, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 232, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 232, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 232, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 232, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 232, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 232, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 232, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 232,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.5693, -24.6881, 35.8966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 232, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
232, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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