

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.5800, 12.3474,  
5.3195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.5800, 12.3474,  
5.3195) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.4804, 12.4230,  
5.4426)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD3DD
RGB	255, 211, 221
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1725, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	346°, 100%, 91%
HSV	346°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	77.5854, 73.0690, 78.4212
YIQ	225.2960, 23.0140, 12.4380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

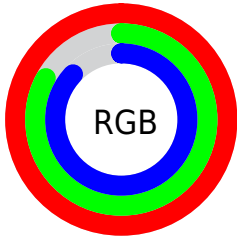
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 211, 221
Decimal	16765917
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.48, 16.94, 0.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 16.959, 2.923
Yxy	73.0721, 0.3387, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955997 (0xFFFFD3DD)
YUV	225.2960, -2.1179, 26.0504
Hunter-Lab	85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426

# Details

The HunterLab color **85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95.8971, -20.5711, 5.3193**, and the grayscale version is **86.9046, -4.6370, 4.7217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **62.0773, 12.3064, 4.0106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.7181, 23.0956, 5.9990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.7423, 2.0219, 5.3092**.

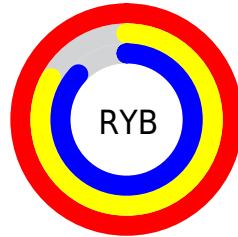
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

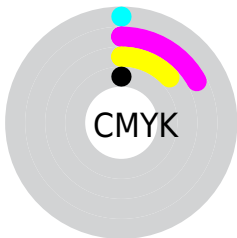
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (87%)

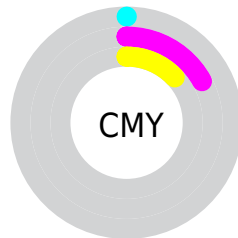


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)


Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.4804, 12.4230,  
5.4426

 85.4804, 12.4230,  
5.4426


217.0863, 11.1832,  
12.8981

 73.5084, 12.2898,  
4.7530


111.1663, 12.4923,  
6.9151

 62.1527, 12.0887,  
4.0936


124.8273, 12.4442,  
7.6930

 51.4506, 11.8088,  
3.4671


139.0062, 12.3450,  
8.4978

 41.4450, 11.4400,  
2.8755

153.6845, 12.1981,  
9.3287

 32.1880, 10.9691,  
2.3207

168.8461, 12.0062,  
10.1849

 23.7460, 10.3789,  
1.8053

184.4757, 11.7717,

 16.2070, 9.6462,

11.0656

1.3322

200.5600, 11.4967,  
11.9702

■ 9.6958, 8.7419,  
0.9046

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 85.4804, 12.4230,  
5.4426

■ 85.4804, 12.4230,  
5.4426

■ 77.7181, 23.0956,  
5.9990

■ 93.7423, 2.0219,  
5.3092

■ 70.5437, 33.9687,  
7.0545

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 64.0741, 44.8421,  
8.6877

■ 58.4439, 55.3359,  
10.9495

■ 53.7969, 64.8363,  
13.8235

■ 50.2606, 72.5348,  
17.1763

■ 47.9019, 77.6493,  
20.7329

■ 46.6636, 79.8527,  
24.1113

■ 46.4380, 80.1829,  
24.9186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.4822, 10.5171, -2.7497



85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426



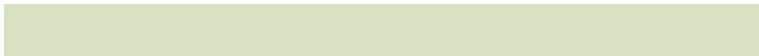
85.4822, 9.6263, 12.6979

# Triad

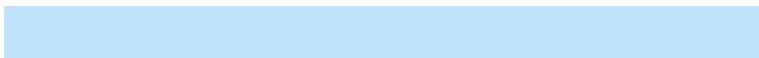
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.4822, 12.4200, 5.4440



85.4822, -13.2895, 16.7290



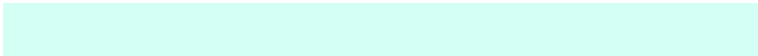
85.4822, -11.8964, -10.4200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426



95.8971, -20.5711, 5.3193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.4822, -17.8882, -4.2587



85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426



85.4822, -18.6702, 11.4477

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.4822, 12.4200, 5.4440



85.4822, -5.3996, 18.8007



85.4822, -20.3206, 3.8545



85.4822, -3.7286, -12.4216



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426



85.4822, 5.5379, 16.1770



85.4822, -20.3206, 3.8545



85.4822, -14.2208, -8.7389

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.4822, 12.4200, 5.4440



95.6633, -0.2796, 5.3293



85.5432, 14.9571, -12.5995



43.9799, 0.2021, 2.4618

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

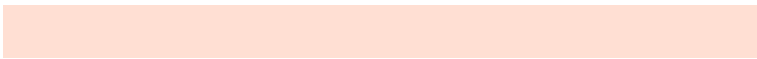
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.4822, 12.4200, 5.4440



82.5099, 16.3906, 5.5986



88.6560, 4.5476, 13.4917



42.4908, 2.0069, 2.4552



33.5955, 58.0624, 17.6072



10.5578, 18.3934, 4.3966



# Inverse Universe

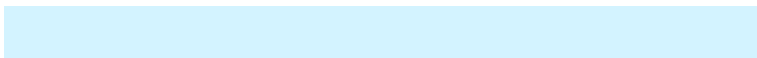
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.4822, 12.4200, 5.4440



82.5099, 16.3906, 5.5986



92.3751, -12.7763, -4.0255



42.4908, 2.0069, 2.4552



33.5955, 58.0624, 17.6072



10.5578, 18.3934, 4.3966



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

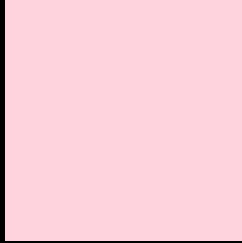
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

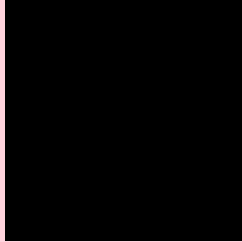
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426.



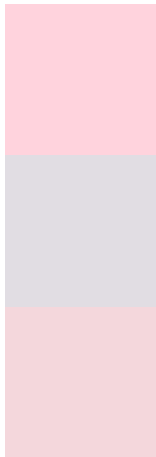
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4804, 12.4230,

5.4426.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426

### Protanopia

85.5959, -2.2042, 2.3665

### Deuteranopia

85.4408, 6.1778, 5.7702



## Tritanopia

85.3488, 13.7996, 2.8499

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426

## Protanomaly

85.3785, 3.1988, 3.1981

## Deuteranomaly

85.5669, 8.1252, 5.9512

## Tritanomaly

85.2848, 13.4627, 3.7616

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426

## Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

## Achromatomaly

86.2561, 1.4436, 4.7017

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 211, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 211, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 211, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 211, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 211, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 211, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 211, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 211, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 211,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.4804, 12.4230, 5.4426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 211, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
211, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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