

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FED6C6
RGB	254, 214, 198
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 78%
CMY	0.0039, 0.1608, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	17°, 97%, 89%
HSV	17°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	75.1127, 73.2412, 63.6042
YIQ	224.1360, 28.9760, 3.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

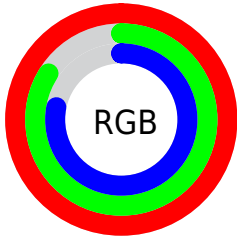
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">254, 220, 198</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16701126</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">88.56, 11.57, 13.09</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">89, 17.470, 48.546</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">73.2446, 0.3544, 0.3456</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4294891206 (0xFFFE6C6)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">224.1360, -12.8850, 26.1907</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89.6151, -13.9069, -7.0597**, and the grayscale version is **86.4431, -4.6124, 4.6966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **62.1934, 7.2796, 13.2969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.6818, 13.0831, 20.0613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.7695, 1.1277, 11.2801**.

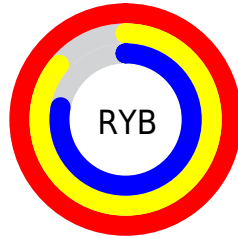
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

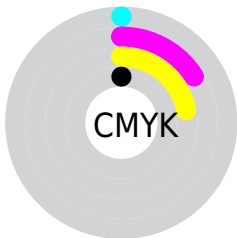
Blue (78%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (78%)

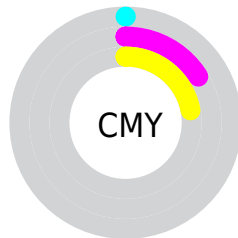


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422

 85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422

217.2239, 3.8564,  
27.6125

 73.6043, 7.0030,  
14.5598

111.2764, 6.5213,  
18.4114

 62.2434, 7.0499,  
13.2708


124.9417, 6.2615,  
19.7010

 51.5358, 7.0302,  
11.9706


139.1247, 5.9576,  
20.9970

 41.5242, 6.9355,  
10.6506

153.8071, 5.6122,  
22.3008

 32.2608, 6.7550,  
9.2979

168.9726, 5.2275,  
23.6135

 23.8118, 6.4735,  
7.8918

184.6060, 4.8055,

 16.2650, 6.0696,

24.9359

6.3972

200.6940, 4.3480,  
26.2687

■ 9.7447, 5.5105,  
6.1100

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422

■ 85.5811, 6.8988,  
15.8422

■ 79.6818, 13.0831,  
20.0613

■ 91.7695, 1.1277,  
11.2801

■ 74.1049, 19.7103,  
23.8564

■ 98.2081, -4.2546,  
6.4319

■ 68.8977, 26.7749,  
27.1338

99.9054, -5.6648,  
5.3161

■ 64.1122, 34.2338,  
29.7811

■ 59.8056, 41.9809,  
31.6768

■ 56.0369, 49.8234,  
32.7105

■ 52.8602, 57.4640,  
32.8253

■ 50.7768, 63.1080,  
32.3932

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.5830, 12.0320, 9.6115



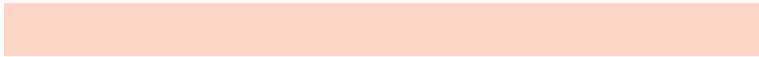
85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422



85.5830, -1.1924, 18.9526

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.5830, 6.8959, 15.8435



85.5830, -20.4986, 7.7870



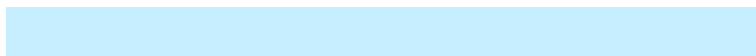
85.5830, 0.8659, -12.0109

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



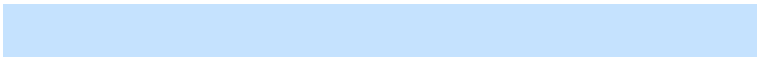
85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422



89.6151, -13.9069, -7.0597

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5830, -7.8981, -12.6258



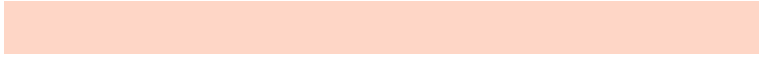
85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422



85.5830, -19.9976, -0.6094

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.5830, 6.8959, 15.8435



85.5830, -16.8618, 14.6240



85.5830, -15.4644, -8.2751



85.5830, 8.4549, -6.6713



# Rectangle

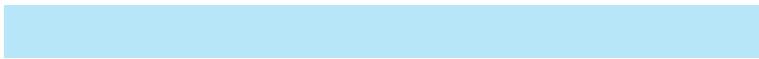
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422



85.5830, -7.0659, 19.0684



85.5830, -15.4644, -8.2751



85.5830, -2.0474, -12.7955

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.5830, 6.8959, 15.8435



95.4135, -1.6411, 8.9061



82.2441, 22.1499, -7.3215



43.9621, -0.6080, 4.2562

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.5830, 6.8959, 15.8435



83.5833, 9.3351, 17.6369



94.1136, -7.6960, 24.1995



43.3963, -0.1277, 4.6813



37.1604, 44.9640, 23.6852

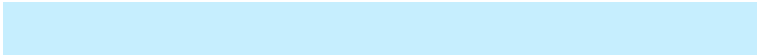


12.3345, 11.9600, 7.8098

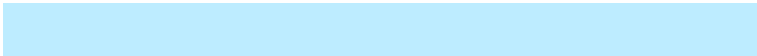


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.6151, -13.9069, -7.0597



88.3295, -15.1947, -9.3420



80.8218, 0.4810, -18.9757



44.2182, -4.3544, 0.0187



46.4195, -10.7906, -34.7265



15.1156, -4.2861, -9.6407



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

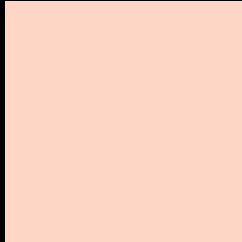
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

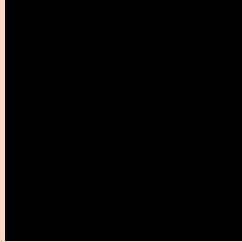
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422.



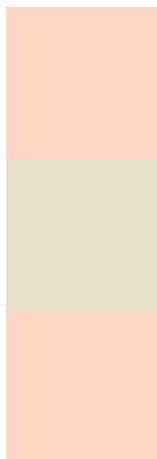
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5811, 6.8988,

15.8422.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422

### Protanopia

85.7297, -4.8258, 14.0975

### Deuteranopia

85.4710, 6.5306, 15.7203



## Tritanopia

85.6385, 13.2569, 3.1880

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422

## Protanomaly

85.5750, -0.6762, 14.4337

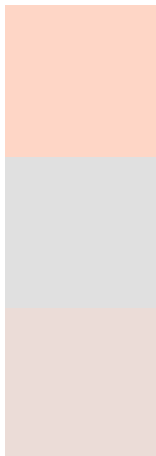
## Deuteranomaly

85.4710, 6.5306, 15.7203

## Tritanomaly

85.6182, 11.0719, 7.9631

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422

## Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

## Achromatomaly

85.8807, -0.3924, 8.5281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 214, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 214, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 214, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 214, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 214, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 214, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 214, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 214, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 214, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 214,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.5811, 6.8988, 15.8422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 214, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
214, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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