

Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(85.5845,
-25.1340, 26.6327)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7E9A8
RGB	199, 233, 168
RGB Percent	78%, 91%, 66%
CMY	0.2196, 0.0863, 0.3412
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.28, 0.09
HSL	91°, 60%, 79%
HSV	91°, 28%, 91%
XYZ	59.7600, 73.2471, 48.0342
YIQ	215.4240, 0.6010, -27.4230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

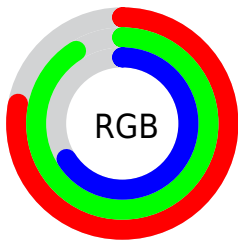
Format	Color
RYB	168, 233, 202
Decimal	13101480
CIELab	88.57, -22.37, 28.04
CIELCh	89, 35.866, 128.587
Yxy	73.2503, 0.3301, 0.4046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291291560 (0xFFC7E9A8)
YUV	215.4240, -23.3800, -14.4038
Hunter-Lab	85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327

Details

The HunterLab color $85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $68.1521, 19.7336, -24.7293$, and the grayscale version is $82.7167, -4.4136, 4.4942$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.0766, -10.4180, 18.6666$, and $62.1381, -21.6483, 22.4339$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.1766, -31.3669, 32.5367$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87.1394, -18.3288, 19.7177$.

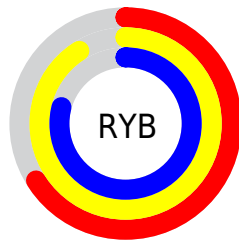
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (91%)

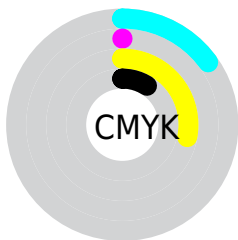
Blue (66%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (79%)

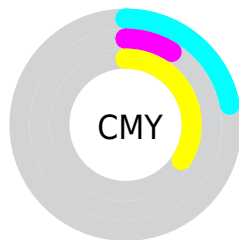


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (22%)


Magenta (9%)


Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327


 85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327


217.2284,
-40.3141, 44.1272

 73.6075, -23.3840,
24.5454


 111.2800,
-28.5713, 30.6772

 62.2463, -21.5987,
22.3966


 124.9455,
-30.2658, 32.6501

 51.5386, -19.7687,
20.1700


139.1286,
-31.9504, 34.5990

 41.5268, -17.8779,
17.8419

153.8112,
-33.6281, 36.5288

 32.2632, -15.9029,
15.3785

168.9767,
-35.3014, 38.4435

 23.8140, -13.8066,
12.7307


184.6103,

 16.2669, -11.5265,


-36.9725, 40.3464


10.3734


200.6984,
-38.6429, 42.2402


 9.7463, -10.5478,
6.8224


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327


 85.5845, -25.1340,
26.6327


 84.1766, -31.3669,
32.5367


 87.1394, -18.3288,
19.7177


 82.9105, -36.9932,
37.4133

 88.8341, -10.9794,
11.8164

 81.7872, -41.9945,
41.2669

 90.6682, -3.1256,
2.9679

 80.8043, -46.3606,
44.1216

 92.4191, 4.0126,
-3.6757

■ 79.9577, -50.0941,
46.0271

■ 93.1455, 6.4596,
-2.7119

■ 79.2408, -53.2138,
47.0648

■ 78.6431, -55.7674,
47.3772

■ 78.5288, -56.2539,
47.4043

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.5864, -9.6857, 31.2708



85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



85.5864, -34.5109, 15.8443

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.5864, -25.1360, 26.6336



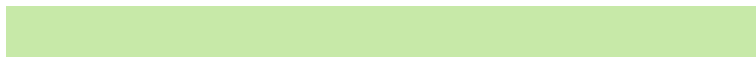
85.5864, -16.8626, -32.0767



85.5864, 32.4719, 9.4374

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



68.1521, 19.7336, -24.7293

Split Complementary

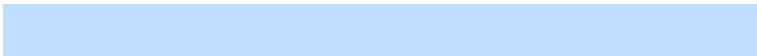
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5864, 30.1498, -8.2756



85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



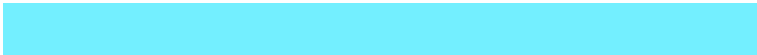
85.5864, 0.6662, -34.7809

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.5864, -25.1360, 26.6336



85.5864, -30.0164, -18.5653



85.5864, 18.1396, -25.3325



85.5864, 24.2446, 22.7789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



85.5864, -36.5412, 5.4679



85.5864, 18.1396, -25.3325



85.5864, 32.9121, 3.8416

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.5864, -25.1360, 26.6336



98.3804, -12.2820, 13.2214



78.8665, 1.6254, 20.7747



45.3795, -6.2682, 6.7597

0.0000, NaN, NaN



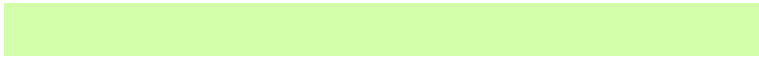
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.5864, -25.1360, 26.6336



93.9683, -31.5607, 33.0880



83.3509, -33.5209, 24.0430



41.4903, -5.7013, 6.1479



59.2137, -42.1189, 35.7498



16.7637, -11.1007, 10.1353

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.1521, 19.7336, -24.7293



71.2157, 27.1920, -34.4061



71.5209, 29.9844, -18.6443



38.6479, 1.5678, -2.1185



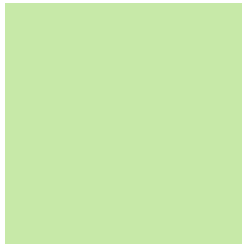
23.9911, 54.9996, -92.3575



7.1358, 15.8936, -23.8645

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

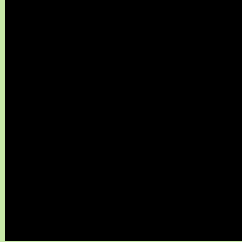
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327.



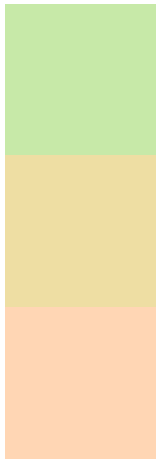
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.5845,

-25.1340, 26.6327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

**Original Color**

85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327

Protanopia

85.4775, -7.6000, 28.5032

Deuteranopia

85.2340, 4.8185, 22.5685



Tritanopia

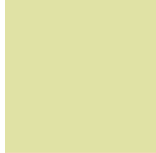
85.6527, -5.8646, -4.9293

Trichromacy



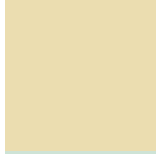
Original Color

85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



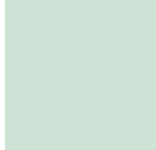
Protanomaly

85.4146, -14.2060, 27.6738



Deuteranomaly

85.1526, -6.5697, 23.7564



Tritanomaly

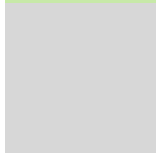
85.3903, -13.4309, 8.2091

Monochromacy



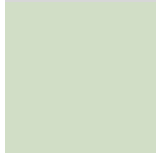
Original Color

85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327



Achromatopsia

82.4344, -4.3985, 4.4788



Achromatomaly

83.5913, -12.5906, 13.3939

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 233, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 233, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 233, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 233, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 233, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 233, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 233, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 233, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 233, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 233,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.5845, -25.1340, 26.6327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 233, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
233, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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