

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.6206, -1.9605,  
7.5251)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.6206, -1.9605, 7.5251)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.4209, -1.9131,  
7.5102)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6DCD8
RGB	230, 220, 216
RGB Percent	90%, 86%, 85%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1372, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.06, 0.10
HSL	17°, 22%, 87%
HSV	17°, 6%, 90%
XYZ	70.6211, 72.9673, 75.3278
YIQ	222.5340, 7.2440, 0.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

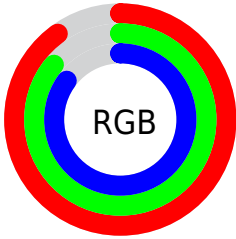
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">230, 222, 216</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15129816</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">88.43, 2.72, 3.17</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 4.180, 49.326</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">72.9705, 0.3226, 0.3333</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293319896</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE6DCD8</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">222.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102</a>

# Details

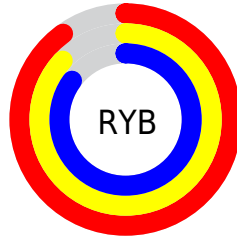
The HunterLab color  $85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $86.4313, -7.1060, 1.7792$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.7121, -4.5734, 4.6569$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $62.0340, -1.1046, 5.9790$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.7882, 2.9981, 11.7264$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.2649, -6.5072, 3.0711$ .

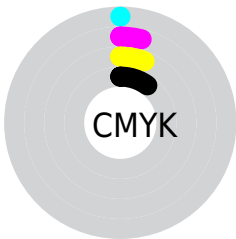
# Distribution



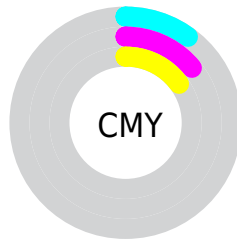
- Red (90%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85.4209, -1.9131,  
7.5102

85.4209, -1.9131,  
7.5102

217.0052, -7.9885,  
15.7491

73.4519, -1.4043,  
6.7144

111.1014, -3.0473,  
9.1802

62.0992, -0.9331,  
5.9426

124.7599, -3.6641,  
10.0508

51.4004, -0.5050,  
5.1967

138.9362, -4.3128,  
10.9447

41.3982, -0.1240,  
4.4767

153.6123, -4.9918,  
11.8616

32.1450, 0.2049,  
3.7824

168.7715, -5.6999,  
12.8009

23.7072, 0.4746,  
3.1128

184.3989, -6.4360,

16.1729, 0.6750,

13.7622

2.4651

200.4810, -7.1992,  
14.7451

■ 9.6671, 0.7896,  
1.8913

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.4209, -1.9131,  
7.5102

■ 85.4209, -1.9131,  
7.5102

■ 79.7882, 2.9981,  
11.7264

■ 91.2649, -6.5072,  
3.0711

■ 74.3873, 8.2649,  
15.6695

■ 97.0562, -12.1208,  
1.7990

■ 69.2512, 13.9110,  
19.2821

■ 97.7564, -13.2307,  
2.6251

■ 64.4162, 19.9483,  
22.4906

■ 59.9247, 26.3632,  
25.2051

■ 55.8241, 33.0994,  
27.3226

■ 52.1656, 40.0382,  
28.7370

■ 49.0006, 46.9778,  
29.3629

■ 46.3729, 53.6231,  
29.1831

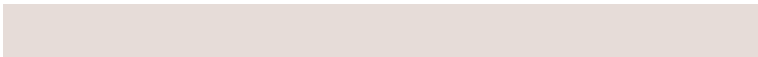
# Harmonies

## Analogous

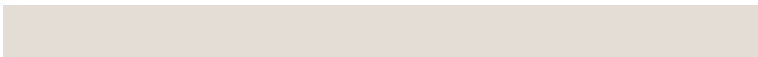
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.4228, -0.7193, 5.9110



85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102



85.4228, -3.8135, 8.3384

# Triad

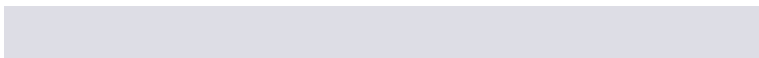
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.4228, -1.9153, 7.5116



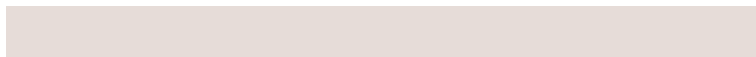
85.4228, -8.4938, 5.3581



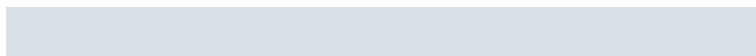
85.4228, -3.2223, 0.9458

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



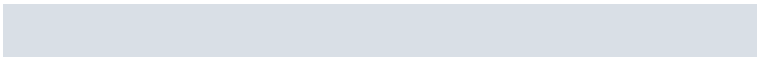
85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102



86.4313, -7.1060, 1.7792

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.4228, -5.3090, 0.7890



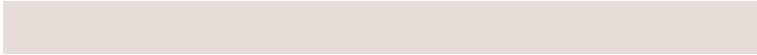
85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102



85.4228, -8.3389, 3.3690

# Square

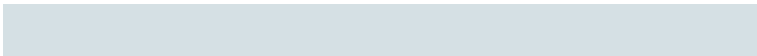
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.4228, -1.9153, 7.5116



85.4228, -7.6029, 7.1151



85.4228, -7.1779, 1.6855



85.4228, -1.4790, 2.1087



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



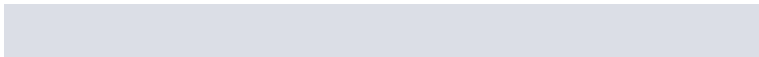
85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102



85.4228, -5.2158, 8.3534



85.4228, -7.1779, 1.6855



85.4228, -3.9073, 0.7726

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.4228, -1.9153, 7.5116



98.6785, -4.2984, 6.4379



84.5155, 1.8881, 1.6175



45.6834, -2.0126, 2.9555

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

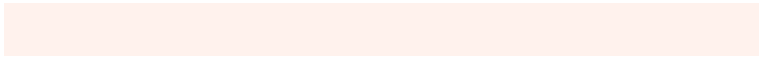


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.4228, -1.9153, 7.5116



95.4146, -1.6430, 8.9073



87.5796, -5.5216, 9.8880



39.2759, -0.5623, 3.7843



34.4911, 41.3918, 21.9779



10.1680, 9.0702, 6.4242

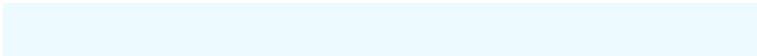


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.4313, -7.1060, 1.7792



96.7245, -8.3852, 1.4619



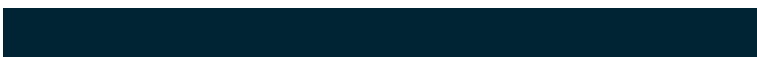
84.2577, -3.5136, -0.8221



39.8570, -3.5531, 0.4817



43.0459, -10.0868, -32.0291

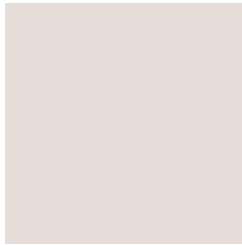


12.3530, -3.6852, -7.4849



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

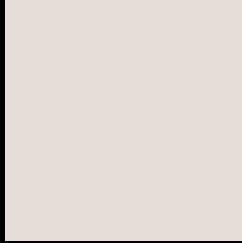
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

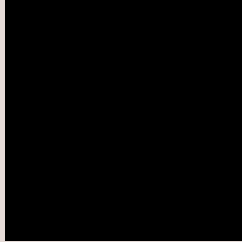
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

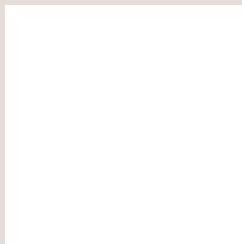
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102.



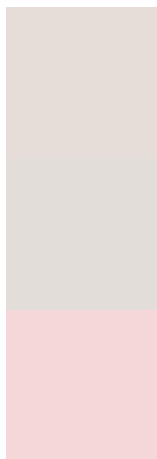
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.4209, -1.9131,

7.5102.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102

### Protanopia

85.4714, -3.2616, 7.0727

### Deuteranopia

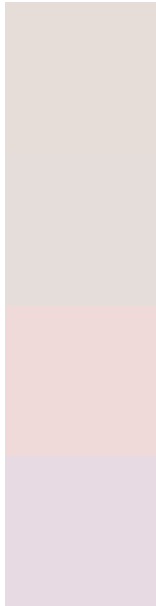
85.4536, 6.0362, 7.2150



## Tritanopia

85.3756, 3.7796, -1.3840

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102

## Protanomaly

85.5667, -2.9315, 7.1880

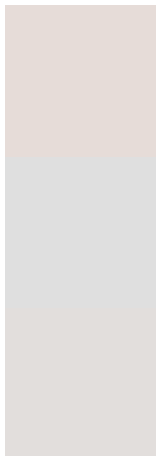
## Deuteranomaly

85.5340, 3.2268, 7.2583

## Tritanomaly

85.3491, 1.6708, 2.1367

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102

## Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672

## Achromatomaly

85.7780, -3.6049, 5.9914

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 220, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 220, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 220, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 220, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 220, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 220, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 220, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 220, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 220, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 220,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.4209, -1.9131, 7.5102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 220, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
220, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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