

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.7910, -7.7494,  
-0.0585)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.7910, -7.7494,  
-0.0585) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.7470, -7.7630,  
-0.0872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3E1E8
RGB	211, 225, 232
RGB Percent	83%, 88%, 91%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1176, 0.0902
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	200°, 31%, 87%
HSV	200°, 9%, 91%
XYZ	68.3547, 73.5255, 86.9331
YIQ	221.6120, -10.5910, -0.7910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

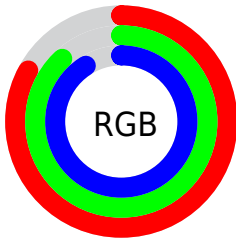
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 219, 232
Decimal	13885928
CIE Lab	88.70, -3.32, -5.03
CIE LCh	89, 6.022, 236.571
Yxy	73.5286, 0.2987, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292076008 (0xFFD3E1E8)
YUV	221.6120, 5.1213, -9.3067
Hunter-Lab	85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872

# Details

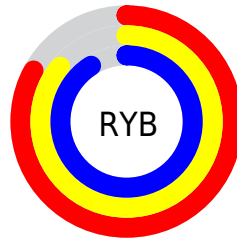
The HunterLab color  $85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $84.8536, -1.0122, 9.2062$ , and the grayscale version is  $85.2818, -4.5504, 4.6335$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $62.4115, -6.4829, -0.6758$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.4004, -10.5723, -5.6343$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90.2666, -4.4599, 5.3979$ .

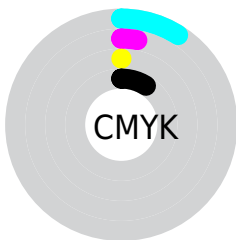
# Distribution



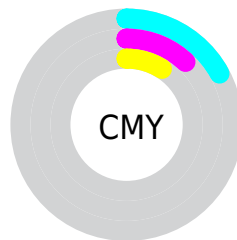
- Red (83%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 85.7470, -7.7630,  
-0.0872

■ 85.7470, -7.7630,  
-0.0872

217.4499,  
-15.9720, 5.4367

■ 73.7620, -6.9662,  
-0.5188

111.4573, -9.4328,  
0.9023

■ 62.3924, -6.1920,  
-0.9070

125.1297,  
-10.3016, 1.4527

■ 51.6758, -5.4422,  
-1.2468

139.3196,  
-11.1929, 2.0380

■ 41.6544, -4.7170,  
-1.5333

154.0087,  
-12.1063, 2.6565

■ 32.3806, -4.0160,  
-1.7605

169.1805,  
-13.0413, 3.3069

■ 23.9201, -3.3380,  
-1.9202

184.8202,

■ 16.3603, -2.6801,

-13.9975, 3.9878

-2.0010

200.9142,  
-14.9746, 4.6981

■ 9.8251, -2.0353,  
-1.9862

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 85.7470, -7.7630,  
-0.0872

■ 85.7470, -7.7630,  
-0.0872

■ 81.4004, -10.5723,  
-5.6343

■ 90.2666, -4.4599,  
5.3979

■ 77.2348, -12.8219,  
-11.2397

■ 94.6996, -1.5439,  
10.5280

■ 73.2660, -14.4487,  
-16.8885

■ 97.1290, -5.6196,  
13.1491

■ 69.5082, -15.3860,  
-22.5604

■ 99.3007, -9.1804,  
15.4442

■ 65.9754, -15.5698,  
-28.2277

■ 62.6795, -14.9456,  
-33.8553

■ 59.6292, -13.4784,  
-39.4035

■ 56.8261, -11.1679,  
-44.8348

■ 54.2487, -8.1094,  
-50.1539

# Harmonies

## Analogous

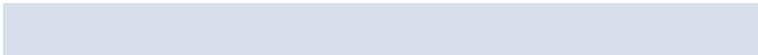
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.7488, -9.7266, 2.1524



85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872



85.7488, -4.9280, -1.0486

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.7488, -7.7647, -0.0858



85.7488, 1.3111, 4.3355



85.7488, -7.1694, 9.4760

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



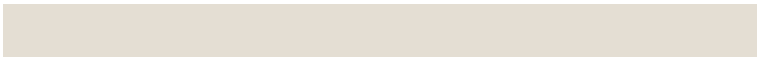
85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872



84.8536, -1.0122, 9.2062

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.7488, -4.2313, 10.0154



85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872



85.7488, 0.6911, 7.1088

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.7488, -7.7647, -0.0858



85.7488, 0.3346, 1.5591



85.7488, -1.3480, 9.1634



85.7488, -9.3863, 7.6638



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



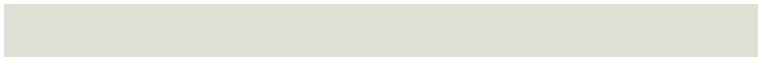
85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872



85.7488, -2.9127, -0.8139



85.7488, -1.3480, 9.1634



85.7488, -6.2345, 9.8094

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.7488, -7.7647, -0.0858



98.4695, -6.4852, 3.5981



87.5254, -13.8149, 8.9206



45.3685, -3.1389, 1.4372

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

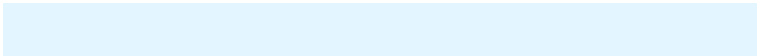


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.7488, -7.7647, -0.0858



94.4692, -9.3169, -1.3286



82.5838, -2.5304, -3.9675



39.3508, -3.6266, -0.1405



40.5400, -6.2799, -37.1150



11.7624, -2.8319, -8.5888



# Inverse Universe

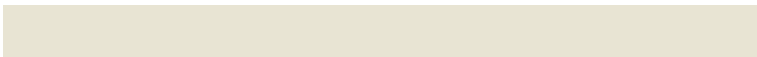
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.1757, 5.0211, 0.5602



90.9964, 8.0370, -0.4158



87.9941, -6.2659, 12.5863



38.1173, 2.5094, 0.1720



32.9497, 60.4716, -10.0588

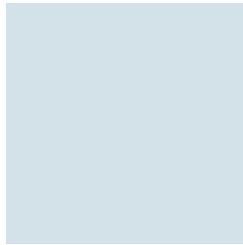


9.0518, 16.7779, -4.0454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

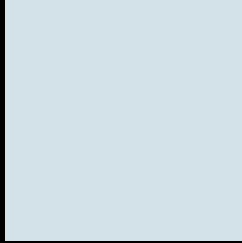
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

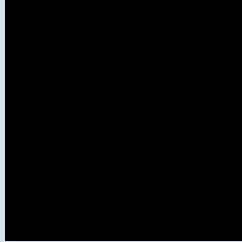
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

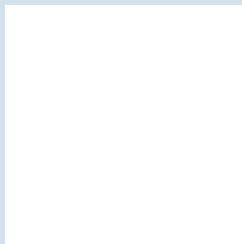
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872.



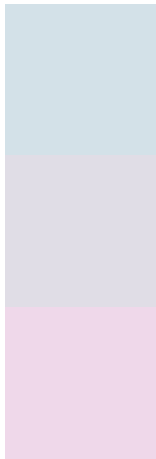
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872.

-0.0872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872

### Protanopia

85.5999, -1.9952, 0.8582

### Deuteranopia

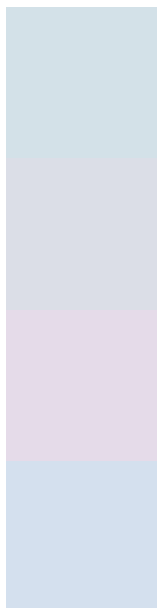
85.6755, 6.3338, -0.9652



## Tritanopia

85.9118, -4.9609, -4.5801

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872

## Protanomaly

85.4822, -3.9275, 0.1684

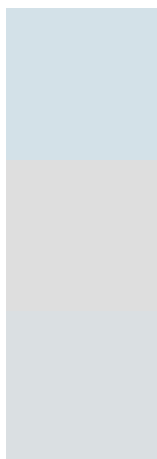
## Deuteranomaly

85.5595, 1.2178, -0.6788

## Tritanomaly

85.7213, -5.8325, -3.2287

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872

## Achromatopsia

85.4670, -4.5603, 4.6436

## Achromatomaly

85.5405, -5.6518, 2.7395

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 225, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 225, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 225, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 225, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 225, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 225, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 225, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 225, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 225, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 225,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.7470, -7.7630, -0.0872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 225, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
225, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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