

Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9DDFF
RGB	217, 221, 255
RGB Percent	85%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1333, 0.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	234°, 100%, 93%
HSV	234°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	72.5216, 73.6845, 105.0079
YIQ	223.6800, -13.2980, 9.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

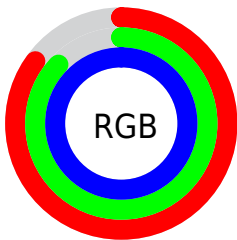
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 221, 255
Decimal	14278143
CIE Lab	88.77, 5.28, -16.95
CIE LCh	89, 17.757, 287.303
Yxy	73.6875, 0.2887, 0.2933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292468223 (0xFFD9DDFF)
YUV	223.6800, 15.4408, -5.8584
Hunter-Lab	85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

Details

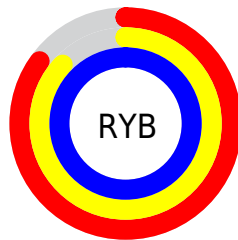
The HunterLab color $85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $97.6026, -9.3887, 20.0996$, and the grayscale version is $86.1381, -4.5961, 4.6800$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.4748, 1.3252, -12.1826$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.7053, 5.1585, -25.7720$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.2778, -3.4881, -0.2244$.

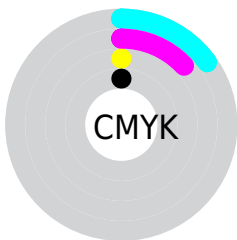
Distribution



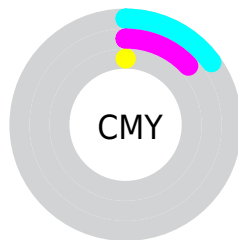
- Red (85%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418

85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418

217.5762, -4.6109,
-10.5213

73.8501, 0.9780,
-12.4118

111.5584, -0.3279,
-12.3307

62.4758, 1.3257,
-12.3242

125.2348, -0.8413,
-12.2008

51.7540, 1.6231,
-12.1726

139.4285, -1.3902,
-12.0244

41.7273, 1.8651,
-11.9526

154.1212, -1.9727,
-11.8039

32.4475, 2.0444,
-11.6610

169.2966, -2.5873,
-11.5414

23.9806, 2.1514,
-11.2978

184.9398, -3.2326,

16.4137, 2.1717,

-11.2390

-10.8761

201.0372, -3.9075,
-10.8985

9.8701, 2.0822,
-10.4590

0.0000, NaN, -NF

85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418

85.8397, 0.5862,
-12.4418

76.7053, 5.1585,
-25.7720

95.2778, -3.4881,
-0.2244

67.9221, 10.3814,
-40.5492

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

59.5641, 16.4424,
-57.1813

51.7335, 23.5696,
-76.1361

■ 44.5765, 31.9872,
-97.8074

■ 38.3008, 41.7687,
-122.1215

■ 33.1844, 52.4833,
-147.6670

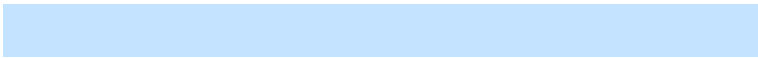
■ 29.5357, 62.6865,
-170.6186

■ 28.2798, 66.8942,
-179.7526

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.8414, -8.3282, -12.8469



85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418



85.8414, 8.4088, -7.1641

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.8414, 0.5844, -12.4395



85.8414, 7.3778, 15.8360



85.8414, -20.7088, 8.1874

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418



97.6026, -9.3887, 20.0996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.8414, -16.8489, 15.0320



85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418



85.8414, -0.7763, 19.1347

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.8414, 0.5844, -12.4395



85.8414, 12.4398, 9.3922



85.8414, -9.6346, 18.8562



85.8414, -20.3782, -0.3312

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418



85.8414, 11.8452, -1.8752



85.8414, -9.6346, 18.8562



85.8414, -19.8652, 10.7421

Sweetspot

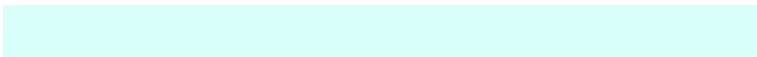
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.8414, 0.5844, -12.4395



96.1414, -3.8345, 0.8306



96.5452, -17.8635, 3.3491



44.1458, -1.6403, -0.0230

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.8414, 0.5844, -12.4395



82.9760, 1.9421, -16.4380



85.9828, 7.3101, -12.1271



42.0542, -0.7716, -2.6493



20.6835, 47.3796, -128.1316



7.1631, 12.1647, -35.2133

Inverse Universe

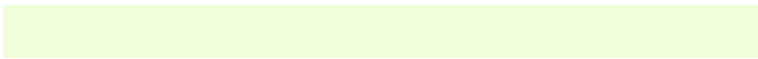
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2397, 9.1868, 7.4246



84.7123, 12.3049, 7.9189



97.5352, -16.2851, 19.9098



42.4478, 1.7757, 3.0687



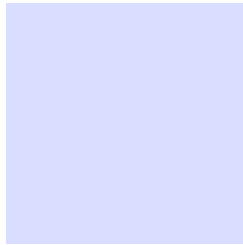
33.4063, 57.3621, 20.4024



10.4706, 18.0718, 5.6764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

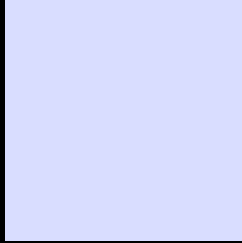
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

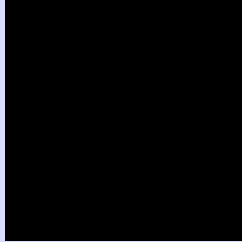
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418.



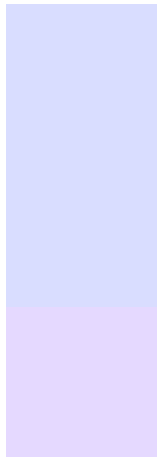
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418.

-12.4418.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

Protanopia

85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

Deuteranopia

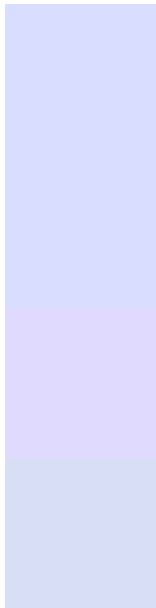
85.7343, 6.4823, -12.4839



Tritanopia

85.7749, -3.8322, -4.7364

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

Protanomaly

85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

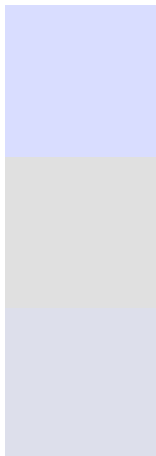
Deuteranomaly

85.6565, 4.6701, -12.6230

Tritanomaly

85.7294, -2.0394, -7.5089

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418

Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

Achromatomaly

86.1079, -3.0887, -1.1133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 221, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 221, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 221, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 221, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 221, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 221, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 221, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 221, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 221,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.8397, 0.5862, -12.4418 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 221, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
221, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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