

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.9122, 2.2481,  
13.9068)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.9122, 2.2481,  
13.9068) contains.

<b>HunterLab(85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(85.9460, 2.2604,  
14.0225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F5DACB
RGB	245, 218, 203
RGB Percent	96%, 85%, 80%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1451, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.17, 0.04
HSL	21°, 68%, 88%
HSV	21°, 17%, 96%
XYZ	73.5071, 73.8671, 66.8835
YIQ	224.3630, 20.9070, 1.0590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

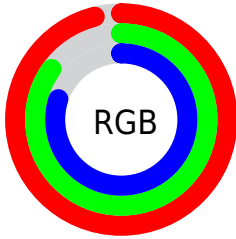
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 226, 203
Decimal	16112331
CIE Lab	88.86, 6.97, 10.78
CIE LCh	89, 12.836, 57.124
Yxy	73.8705, 0.3431, 0.3448
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294302411 (0xFFF5DACB)
YUV	224.3630, -10.5320, 18.0986
Hunter-Lab	85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225

# Details

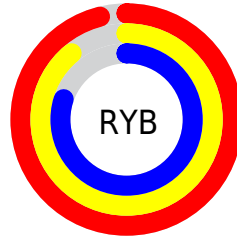
The HunterLab color **85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87.1097, -10.2185, -5.3003**, and the grayscale version is **86.5344, -4.6173, 4.7016**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **62.4945, 2.7739, 11.5816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.6286, 7.0601, 18.6396**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.4832, -2.1601, 8.9988**.

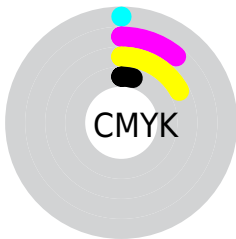
# Distribution



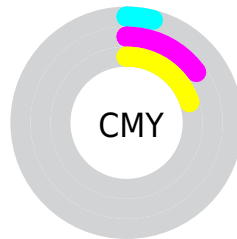
- Red (96%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85.9460, 2.2604,  
14.0225

85.9460, 2.2604,  
14.0225

217.7214, -2.3591,  
24.9520

73.9513, 2.5743,  
12.8572

111.6746, 1.4899,  
16.3762

62.5716, 2.8410,  
11.6931

125.3556, 1.0446,  
17.5658

51.8440, 3.0530,  
10.5274

139.5537, 0.5615,  
18.7660

41.8110, 3.2040,  
9.3537

154.2507, 0.0426,  
19.9777

32.5245, 3.2859,  
8.1625

169.4302, -0.5104,  
21.2018

24.0503, 3.2873,  
6.9383

185.0774, -1.0959,

16.4751, 3.1915,

22.4386

5.6546

201.1786, -1.7125,  
23.6885

■ 9.9219, 2.9719,  
5.0664

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 85.9460, 2.2604,  
14.0225

■ 85.9460, 2.2604,  
14.0225

■ 80.6286, 7.0601,  
18.6396

■ 91.4832, -2.1601,  
8.9988

■ 75.5510, 12.2761,  
22.7767

■ 97.2123, -6.2269,  
3.6226

■ 70.7444, 17.9253,  
26.3533

■ 99.0720, -8.5791,  
4.2792

■ 66.2426, 24.0093,  
29.2765

■ 62.0827, 30.4996,  
31.4479

■ 58.3044, 37.3223,  
32.7755

■ 54.9472, 44.3410,  
33.1980

■ 52.0452, 51.3374,  
32.7397

■ 51.2979, 53.2694,  
32.5421

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.9479, 6.7486, 9.8940



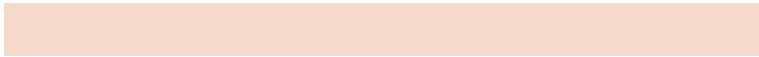
85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225



85.9479, -3.9663, 15.6645

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9479, 2.2578, 14.0238



85.9479, -16.6499, 5.2693



85.9479, 1.1472, -6.5188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



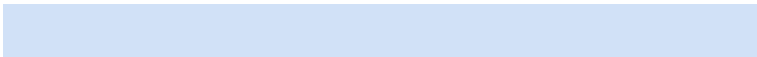
85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225



87.1097, -10.2185, -5.3003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.9479, -5.2131, -7.9817



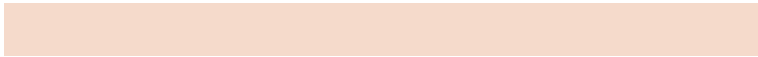
85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225



85.9479, -15.3707, -0.8860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.9479, 2.2578, 14.0238



85.9479, -14.7776, 10.8495



85.9479, -11.2310, -5.8507



85.9479, 6.0942, -1.9873



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225



85.9479, -8.2181, 15.2237



85.9479, -11.2310, -5.8507



85.9479, -0.9019, -7.3996

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9479, 2.2578, 14.0238



96.9991, -3.1975, 8.2469



82.3744, 14.7637, -3.0261



44.6829, -1.3370, 3.9951

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9479, 2.2578, 14.0238



87.7440, 4.2742, 16.6156



92.3485, -8.4954, 20.4810



41.7747, -0.5364, 4.7301



37.9649, 38.2397, 24.0633



12.0572, 9.2530, 7.5916

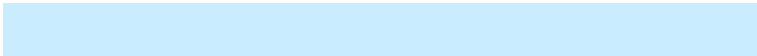


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1097, -10.2185, -5.3003



89.2275, -11.6791, -8.0880



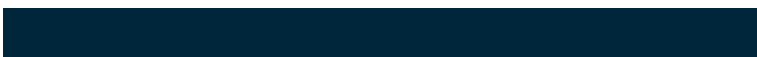
80.6464, 0.4913, -13.8077



42.0757, -3.7622, -0.2679



41.1093, -4.4089, -41.8654

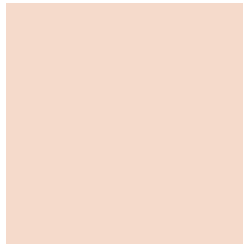


12.9579, -2.5115, -10.7746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

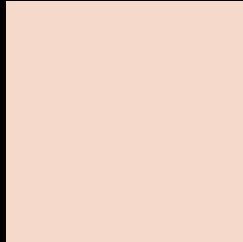
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

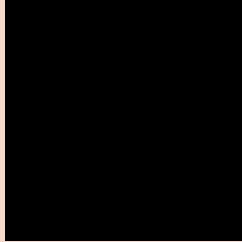
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225.



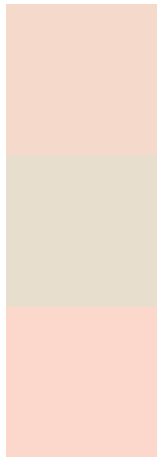
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9460, 2.2604,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225

### Protanopia

85.8133, -4.3674, 12.8955

### Deuteranopia

85.8230, 6.5155, 13.5324



## Tritanopia

86.0246, 10.3457, 1.0831

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225

## Protanomaly

85.9683, -2.3020, 13.5342

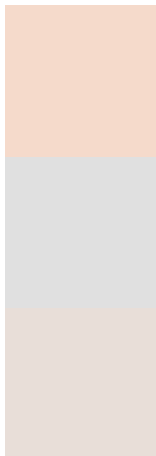
## Deuteranomaly

85.7969, 4.8977, 13.4759

## Tritanomaly

85.8940, 7.7552, 5.8443

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225

## Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

## Achromatomaly

86.2301, -2.2845, 8.4255

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 218, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 218, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 218, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 218, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 218, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 218, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 218, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 218, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 218, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 218,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.9460, 2.2604, 14.0225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 218, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
218, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor