

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.9285, -30.7459,  
0.2562)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.9285, -30.7459,  
0.2562) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.9605,  
-30.6465, 0.2870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95EFE7
RGB	149, 239, 231
RGB Percent	58%, 94%, 91%
CMY	0.4157, 0.0627, 0.0941
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.03, 0.06
HSL	175°, 74%, 76%
HSV	175°, 38%, 94%
XYZ	57.6847, 73.8921, 86.8237
YIQ	211.1780, -51.0720, -21.5680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

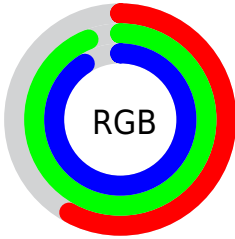
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	149, 196, 239
Decimal	9826279
CIELab	88.87, -28.70, -4.65
CIElCh	89, 29.078, 189.199
Yxy	73.8950, 0.2641, 0.3383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288016359 (0xFF95EFE7)
YUV	211.1780, 9.7722, -54.5301
Hunter-Lab	85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870

# Details

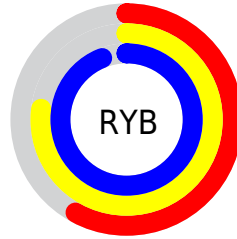
The HunterLab color **85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.0246, 30.1397, 11.5079**, and the grayscale version is **80.7630, -4.3093, 4.3880**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.8446, -20.1082, 0.1821**, and **62.7126, -26.3951, -0.6515** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.7074, -35.5718, -0.2488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4638, -24.8841, 1.1364**.

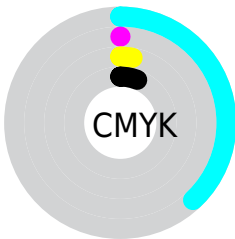
# Distribution



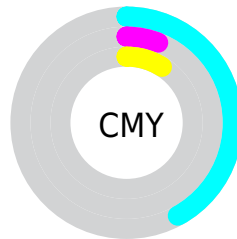
- Red (58%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85.9605, -30.6465,  
0.2870


 85.9605, -30.6465,  
0.2870


217.7409,  
-48.2227, 5.9369

 73.9649, -28.5642,  
-0.1615


 111.6902,  
-34.6941, 1.3078

 62.5844, -26.4266,  
-0.5673


 125.3718,  
-36.6733, 1.8730

 51.8561, -24.2188,  
-0.9255


139.5705,  
-38.6309, 2.4726

 41.8222, -21.9188,  
-1.2315

154.2680,  
-40.5711, 3.1050

 32.5349, -19.4942,  
-1.4796

169.4481,  
-42.4977, 3.7689

 24.0596, -16.8949,  
-1.6616

185.0958,

 16.4833, -14.0367,

-44.4136, 4.4629

-1.7665

201.1976,  
-46.3212, 5.1859

■ 9.9289, -13.1885,  
-1.7780

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 85.9605, -30.6465,  
0.2870

■ 85.9605, -30.6465,  
0.2870

■ 84.7074, -35.5718,  
-0.2488

■ 87.4638, -24.8841,  
1.1364

■ 83.6936, -39.6369,  
-0.4778

■ 89.2144, -18.3216,  
2.2918

■ 82.9106, -42.8462,  
-0.4101

■ 91.2129, -11.0148,  
3.7442

■ 82.3433, -45.2310,  
-0.0659

■ 93.4552, -3.0284,  
5.4788

■ 81.9703, -46.8557,  
0.5248

■ 94.5431, 0.8450,  
5.7746

■ 81.7599, -47.8353,  
1.3172

■ 94.6108, 1.2119,  
4.8078

■ 81.7218, -48.0198,  
1.5159

■ 94.6794, 1.5825,  
3.8311

■ 94.7486, 1.9569,  
2.8446

■ 94.8186, 2.3350,  
1.8483

# Harmonies

## Analogous

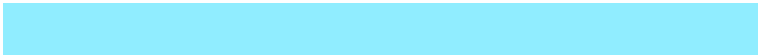
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.9622, -29.3512, 13.6545



85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



85.9622, -25.3332, -14.0201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9622, -30.6474, 0.2882



85.9622, 13.9295, -18.7624



85.9622, 5.6338, 26.1334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



65.0246, 30.1397, 11.5079

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.9622, 18.3252, 19.9387



85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



85.9622, 23.3329, -5.3822

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.9622, -30.6474, 0.2882



85.9622, -0.0457, -26.1676



85.9622, 24.9932, 8.8500



85.9622, -9.0444, 27.1347

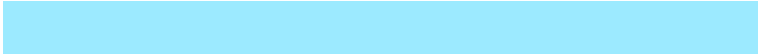


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



85.9622, -18.5338, -21.6408



85.9622, 24.9932, 8.8500



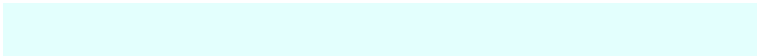
85.9622, 10.3005, 24.6458

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9622, -30.6474, 0.2882



97.4183, -14.6008, 3.4664



84.3653, -41.0154, 31.2838



44.9332, -7.2547, 1.5034

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

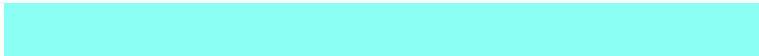


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9622, -30.6474, 0.2882



91.4863, -37.0485, -0.1547



74.3881, -11.8019, -19.4587



42.3123, -5.7755, 1.6109



60.7579, -35.6465, 1.0085



17.5444, -10.1606, 0.0049



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.0246, 30.1397, 11.5079



65.0430, 40.3962, 14.3097



74.3109, 10.1719, 23.2806



39.7261, 1.6070, 2.9434



31.9052, 54.7589, 19.6837

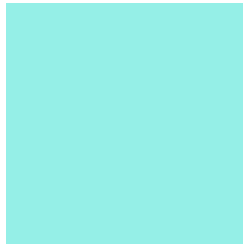


9.2443, 15.9494, 5.0568



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

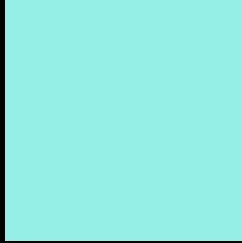
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

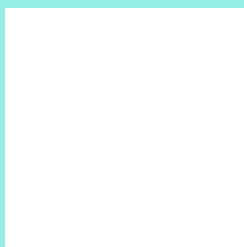
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870.



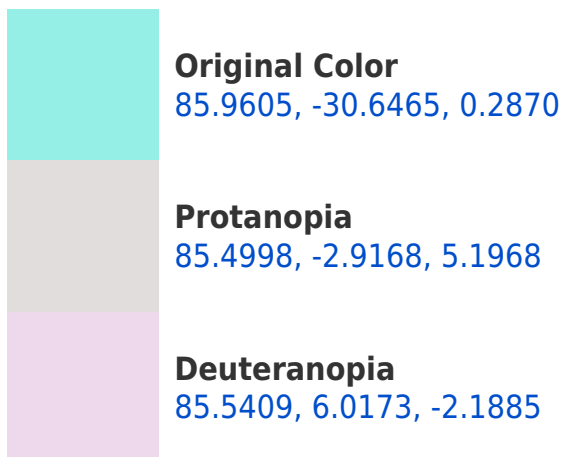
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870.

-30.6465, 0.2870.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

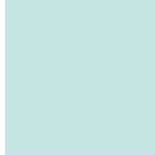
85.7560, -22.8624, -12.3857

# Trichromacy



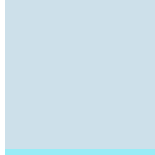
## Original Color

85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



## Protanomaly

85.3984, -14.3725, 2.9143



## Deuteranomaly

84.9888, -8.6760, -2.0864



## Tritanomaly

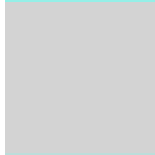
85.6837, -25.4377, -7.9788

# Monochromacy



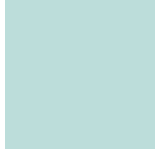
## Original Color

85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870



## Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851



## Achromatomaly

82.1378, -14.9797, 2.4716

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 239, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 239, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 239, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 239, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 239, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 239, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 239, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 239, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 239, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 239,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.9605, -30.6465, 0.2870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 239, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
239, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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