

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(85.9525, 9.2035,  
8.1136)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(85.9525, 9.2035, 8.1136)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.9847, 9.2697,  
8.3491)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDD6D8
RGB	253, 214, 216
RGB Percent	99%, 84%, 85%
CMY	0.0078, 0.1608, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.15, 0.01
HSL	357°, 91%, 92%
HSV	357°, 15%, 99%
XYZ	76.9493, 73.9337, 75.1807
YIQ	225.8890, 22.6020, 8.8900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

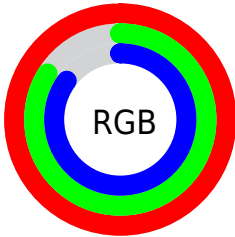
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 214, 216
Decimal	16635608
CIE Lab	88.89, 13.89, 4.08
CIE LCh	89, 14.473, 16.361
Yxy	73.9370, 0.3404, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294825688 (0xFFFD6D8)
YUV	225.8890, -4.8753, 23.7763
Hunter-Lab	85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491

# Details

The HunterLab color  $85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $95.6627, -17.6271, 2.0700$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.1749, -4.6514, 4.7364$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $62.5342, 9.2987, 6.7271$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $78.0751, 19.1926, 10.5768$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.3859, -0.2768, 6.3671$ .

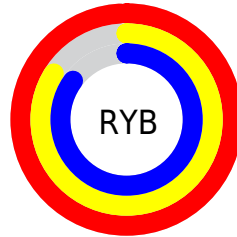
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (84%)

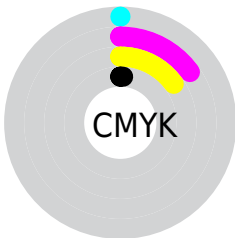
Blue (85%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (85%)

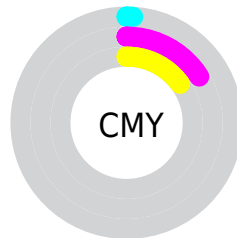


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85.9847, 9.2697,  
8.3491

 85.9847, 9.2697,  
8.3491

217.7742, 6.9964,  
16.9093

 73.9882, 9.2729,  
7.5098


111.7168, 9.0829,  
10.1003

 62.6064, 9.2141,  
6.6919


125.3995, 8.9134,  
11.0088

 51.8767, 9.0835,  
5.8968


139.5992, 8.6968,  
11.9393

 41.8415, 8.8720,  
5.1240

154.2977, 8.4361,  
12.8914

 32.5525, 8.5677,  
4.3723

169.4787, 8.1337,  
13.8648

 24.0756, 8.1545,  
3.6393

185.1273, 7.7917,

 16.4974, 7.6099,

14.8592

2.9198

201.2300, 7.4120,  
15.8741

■ 9.9408, 6.9017,  
2.2652

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 85.9847, 9.2697,  
8.3491

■ 85.9847, 9.2697,  
8.3491

■ 78.0751, 19.1926,  
10.5768

■ 94.3859, -0.2768,  
6.3671

■ 70.7449, 29.4646,  
13.0650

■ 99.8112, -5.9930,  
5.1993

■ 64.1119, 39.9464,  
15.8092

■ 58.3141, 50.3297,  
18.7539

■ 53.5027, 60.0651,  
21.7633

■ 49.8176, 68.3633,  
24.6040

■ 47.3426, 74.3748,  
26.9773

■ 46.0457, 77.5828,  
28.6216

■ 45.7294, 78.3762,  
29.0590

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.9866, 9.4500, 1.4782



85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491



85.9866, 5.2909, 13.7775

# Triad

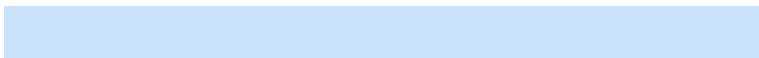
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9866, 9.2670, 8.3505



85.9866, -14.4985, 13.3792



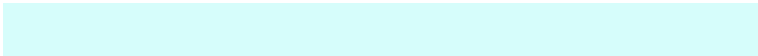
85.9866, -7.8714, -9.3042

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491



95.6627, -17.6271, 2.0700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.9866, -14.0490, -5.5337



85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491



85.9866, -17.7882, 7.7642

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.9866, 9.2670, 8.3505



85.9866, -8.5035, 16.5112



85.9866, -17.6265, 0.8412



85.9866, -0.6106, -9.1141



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491



85.9866, 1.0974, 16.0161



85.9866, -17.6265, 0.8412



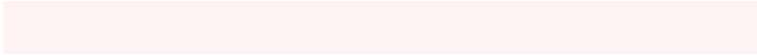
85.9866, -10.1385, -8.4453

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9866, 9.2670, 8.3505



95.5920, -0.6668, 6.3470



86.9404, 14.8686, -9.5416



43.9424, -0.0016, 2.9978

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

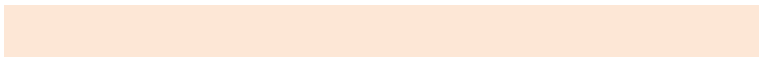
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9866, 9.2670, 8.3505



84.6379, 11.9119, 8.9838



91.0144, -0.0318, 14.6362



42.4289, 1.6740, 3.3385



33.3620, 57.1978, 21.0594



10.4344, 17.9378, 6.2114



# Inverse Universe

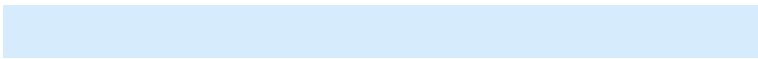
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.9866, 9.2670, 8.3505



84.6379, 11.9119, 8.9838



90.2437, -8.6125, -5.5974



42.4289, 1.6740, 3.3385



33.3620, 57.1978, 21.0594

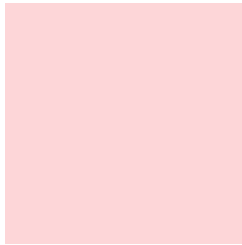


10.4344, 17.9378, 6.2114



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

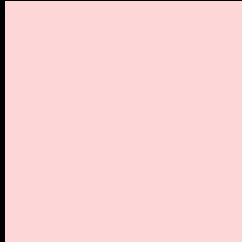
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

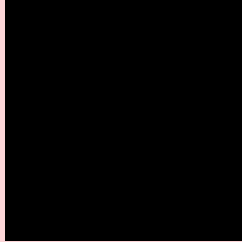
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.9847, 9.2697,

8.3491.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491

### Protanopia

85.9983, -2.7803, 5.7813

### Deuteranopia

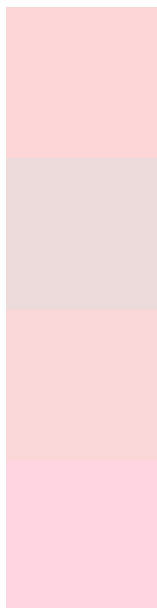
86.0384, 6.4052, 8.3600



## Tritanopia

86.0256, 13.2243, 2.1496

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491

## Protanomaly

85.8965, 1.4701, 6.6957

## Deuteranomaly

85.9551, 7.6533, 8.2871

## Tritanomaly

86.0472, 11.4768, 4.6309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491

## Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

## Achromatomaly

86.8040, 0.0540, 6.2866

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 214, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 214, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 214, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 214, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 214, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 214, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 214, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 214, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 214, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 214,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.9847, 9.2697, 8.3491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 214, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
214, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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