

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.0523, -1.6020,
-2.1912)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.0523, -1.6020,
-2.1912) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.0494, -1.5648,
-2.2092)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFDEED
RGB	223, 222, 237
RGB Percent	87%, 87%, 93%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1294, 0.0706
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	244°, 29%, 90%
HSV	244°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	71.8388, 74.0450, 90.6266
YIQ	224.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

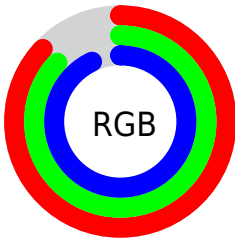
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 222, 237
Decimal	14671597
CIE Lab	88.95, 3.11, -7.19
CIE LCh	89, 7.835, 293.365
Yxy	74.0481, 0.3037, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292861677 (0xFFDFDEED)
YUV	224.0090, 6.4046, -0.8849
Hunter-Lab	86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

Details

The HunterLab color $86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $91.4752, -7.7519, 11.4364$, and the grayscale version is $86.3167, -4.6056, 4.6898$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.6885, -0.6271, -2.7287$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76.8393, 3.9942, -14.4050$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.5418, -6.7995, 9.0324$.

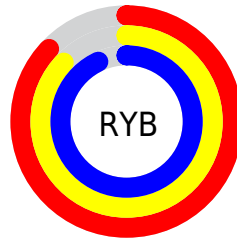
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (87%)

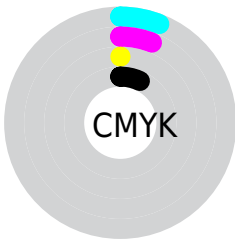
Blue (93%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (93%)

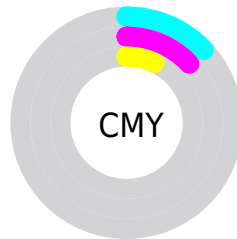


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.0494, -1.5648,
-2.2092

■ 86.0494, -1.5648,
-2.2092

217.8622, -7.5204,
2.6350

■ 74.0496, -1.0715,
-2.5516

111.7873, -2.6688,
-1.3878

■ 62.6645, -0.6171,
-2.8468

125.4727, -3.2716,
-0.9172

■ 51.9313, -0.2066,
-3.0891

139.6751, -3.9067,
-0.4091

■ 41.8923, 0.1557,
-3.2732

154.3762, -4.5725,
0.1346

■ 32.5993, 0.4645,
-3.3923

169.5597, -5.2679,
0.7122

■ 24.1178, 0.7126,
-3.4376

185.2107, -5.9917,

■ 16.5346, 0.8891,

1.3224

-3.3974

201.3157, -6.7428,
1.9636

■ 9.9723, 0.9770,
-3.2574

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.0494, -1.5648,
-2.2092

■ 86.0494, -1.5648,
-2.2092

■ 76.8393, 3.9942,
-14.4050

■ 95.5418, -6.7995,
9.0324

■ 67.9522, 9.9895,
-27.8617

■ 99.4457, -8.3808,
13.3622

■ 59.4539, 16.5572,
-42.9760

■ 51.4352, 23.8646,
-60.2457

■ 44.0285, 32.0761,
-80.2025

■ 37.4292, 41.2362,
-103.1320

■ 31.9162, 50.9584,
-128.2820

■ 27.8393, 59.8999,
-152.4342

■ 25.4875, 65.7324,
-169.5267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.0512, -5.4708, -2.7971



86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092



86.0512, 1.5766, 0.2655

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0512, -1.5667, -2.2077



86.0512, -0.0223, 10.2762



86.0512, -12.0027, 5.5136

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092



91.4752, -7.7519, 11.4364

Split Complementary

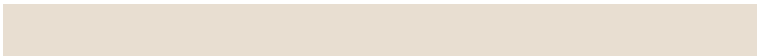
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.0512, -10.5996, 8.8800



86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092



86.0512, -3.7178, 11.5484

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.0512, -1.5667, -2.2077



86.0512, 2.4795, 7.4972



86.0512, -7.5842, 11.0490



86.0512, -11.4502, 1.7725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092



86.0512, 2.7941, 2.5924



86.0512, -7.5842, 11.0490



86.0512, -11.7450, 6.7244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0512, -1.5667, -2.2077



97.9271, -4.1967, 2.9885



90.4328, -9.2717, 3.0320



45.3530, -1.9678, 1.4391

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0512, -1.5667, -2.2077



91.7786, -0.7006, -4.5764



86.7322, 0.7689, -1.3137



38.2056, 0.0625, -2.7178



18.4841, 49.7142, -128.0504



5.3394, 14.0532, -34.6053

Inverse Universe

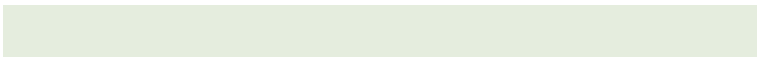
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.3536, 2.8177, 0.0113



93.5846, 5.3460, -1.4558



90.8080, -10.1025, 10.6550



39.1094, 3.0740, -1.1374



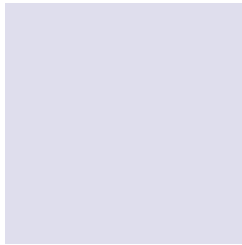
35.6302, 69.0592, -39.3128



10.0105, 19.4429, -11.3582

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

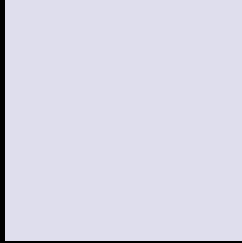
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

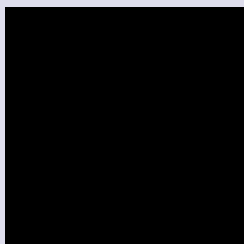
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

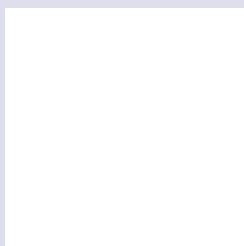
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092.



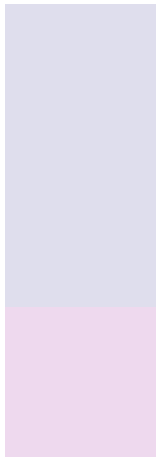
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0494, -1.5648,

-2.2092.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

Protanopia

86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

Deuteranopia

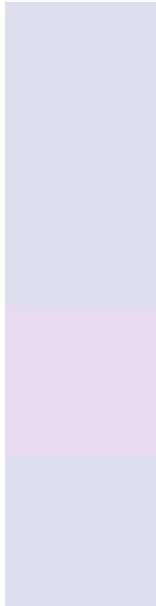
86.0092, 6.1845, -2.6536



Tritanopia

86.1177, -1.1932, -3.1775

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

Protanomaly

86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

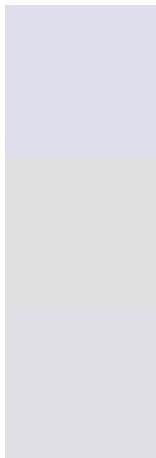
Deuteranomaly

86.1160, 3.4466, -2.5665

Tritanomaly

86.0834, -1.3794, -2.6922

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092

Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

Achromatomaly

86.1857, -3.2150, 2.0553

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 222, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 222, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 222, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 222, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 222, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 222, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 222, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 222, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 222, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 222,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.0494, -1.5648, -2.2092 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 222, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
222, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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