

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.0808, -6.6002,
-16.6483)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.0808, -6.6002,
-16.6483) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(85.7222, -7.8500,
-12.7515)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5E2FF
RGB	197, 226, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.2274, 0.1137, 0.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 89%
HSV	210°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	68.2723, 73.4830, 105.1930
YIQ	220.6350, -26.5930, 2.8710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

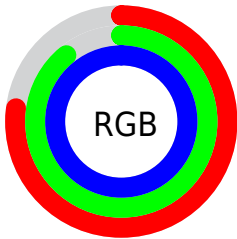
Format	Color
RYB	197, 216, 255
Decimal	12968703
CIELab	88.68, -3.41, -17.23
CIELCh	89, 17.568, 258.807
Yxy	73.4858, 0.2765, 0.2976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291158783 (0xFFC5E2FF)
YUV	220.6350, 16.9419, -20.7279
Hunter-Lab	85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515

Details

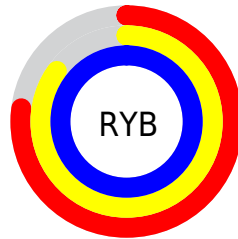
The HunterLab color $85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $89.2654, 0.7869, 19.9324$, and the grayscale version is $84.8128, -4.5254, 4.6080$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.9054, -5.6651, 5.3160$, and $62.4130, -6.5171, -12.4083$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.7821, -8.0337, -21.2870$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.8791, -7.0711, -4.5591$.

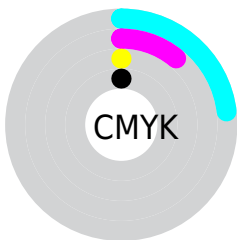
Distribution



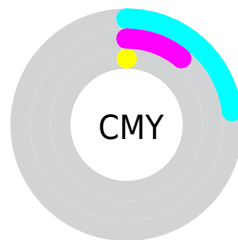
- Red (77%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.7222, -7.8500,
-12.7515

■ 85.7222, -7.8500,
-12.7515

217.4159,
-16.0915, -10.9143

■ 73.7383, -7.0486,
-12.7112

111.4301, -9.5279,
-12.6604

■ 62.3700, -6.2697,
-12.6131

125.1015,
-10.4005, -12.5402

■ 51.6547, -5.5150,
-12.4509

139.2903,
-11.2955, -12.3732

■ 41.6349, -4.7844,
-12.2204

153.9784,
-12.2124, -12.1619

■ 32.3626, -4.0776,
-11.9185

169.1492,
-13.1509, -11.9085

■ 23.9038, -3.3933,
-11.5461

184.7880,

■ 16.3460, -2.7282,

-14.1105, -11.6149

-11.1179

200.8811,
-15.0908, -11.2830

■ 9.8130, -2.0755,
-10.7022

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 85.7222, -7.8500,
-12.7515

■ 85.7222, -7.8500,
-12.7515

■ 79.7821, -8.0337,
-21.2870

■ 91.8791, -7.0711,
-4.5591

■ 74.0777, -7.5244,
-30.2071

■ 98.2269, -5.7730,
3.3204

■ 68.6385, -6.2189,
-39.5364

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 63.4955, -4.0054,
-49.2860

■ 58.6826, -0.7750,
-59.4407

■ 54.2337, 3.5589,
-69.9473

■ 50.1774, 9.0251,
-80.7121

■ 47.4676, 13.5976,
-88.6837

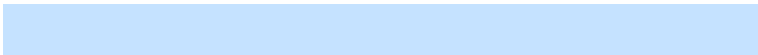
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.7239, -15.4828, -8.4072



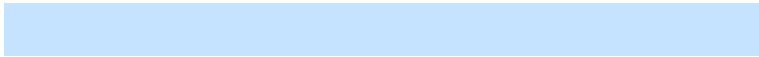
85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515



85.7239, 0.9672, -12.0847

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.7239, -7.8515, -12.7492



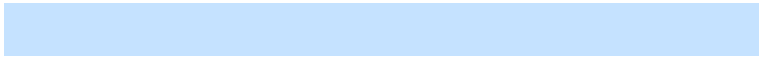
85.7239, 12.1030, 9.7143



85.7239, -16.9915, 14.6419

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515



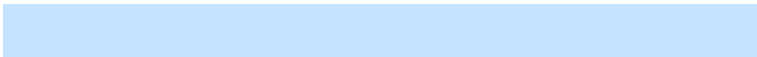
89.2654, 0.7869, 19.9324

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.7239, -9.9869, 18.5978



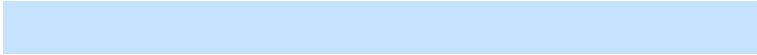
85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515



85.7239, 6.8995, 15.9580

Square

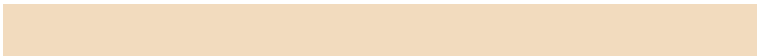
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.7239, -7.8515, -12.7492



85.7239, 12.7315, 1.4694



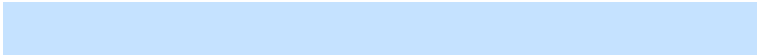
85.7239, -1.2558, 19.0539



85.7239, -20.6156, 7.7444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



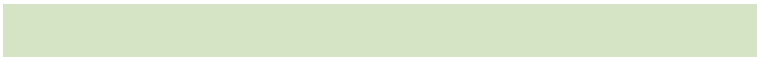
85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515



85.7239, 6.3300, -8.9068



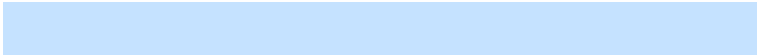
85.7239, -1.2558, 19.0539



85.7239, -14.9676, 16.3286

Sweetspot

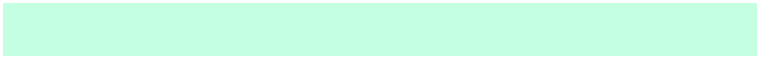
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.7239, -7.8515, -12.7492



95.5029, -6.3841, 0.0024



94.2491, -27.8501, 12.7608



44.0065, -2.9905, -0.2185

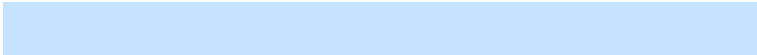
0.0000, NaN, NaN



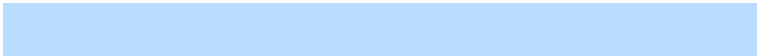
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.7239, -7.8515, -12.7492



83.1676, -8.0073, -16.3383



77.1135, 6.8630, -25.1036



43.4495, -3.1014, -0.9134



34.7446, 8.9699, -62.7911



11.8060, 0.9839, -16.8804

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.6609, 20.8914, -1.5580



78.5106, 25.9077, -2.6062



98.0796, -13.7209, 28.2628



42.5894, 2.5368, 1.0491



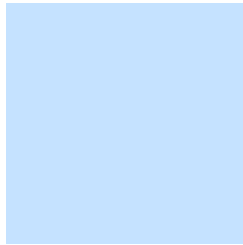
34.5639, 61.6156, 3.5447



10.8869, 19.5960, -0.3433

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

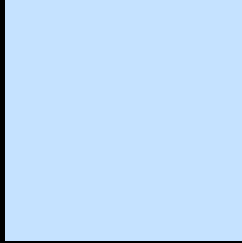
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

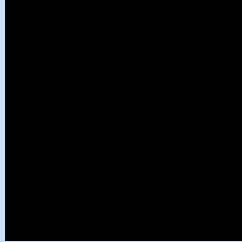
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

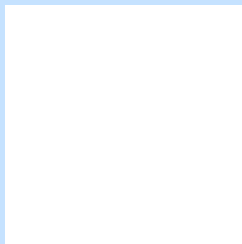
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515.

-12.7515.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515

Protanopia

85.6911, -0.2199, -10.3492

Deuteranopia

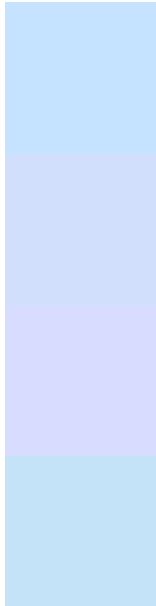
85.5433, 5.8419, -12.7589



Tritanopia

85.8736, -11.2520, -7.4801

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515

Protanomaly

85.7352, -3.1798, -10.9144

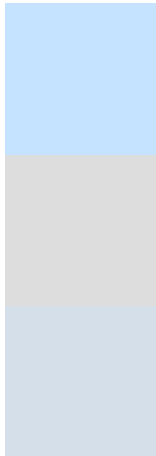
Deuteranomaly

85.4432, 0.8111, -12.9855

Tritanomaly

85.7400, -9.8663, -9.3149

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515

Achromatopsia

85.0326, -4.5371, 4.6200

Achromatomaly

85.2383, -6.2488, -1.2088

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 226, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 226, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 226, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 226, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 226, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 226, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 226, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 226, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 226, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 226,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.7222, -7.8500, -12.7515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 226, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
226, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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