

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.1008, 11.2161,  
-5.9647)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.1008, 11.2161,  
-5.9647) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.0803, 11.4857,  
-6.2573)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F5D6F5
RGB	245, 214, 245
RGB Percent	96%, 84%, 96%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1608, 0.0392
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	300°, 61%, 90%
HSV	300°, 13%, 96%
XYZ	78.1842, 74.0982, 96.5678
YIQ	226.8030, 8.5250, 16.2130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

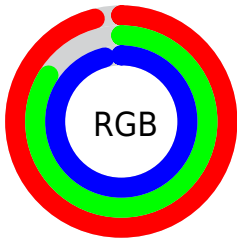
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 214, 245
Decimal	16111349
CIE Lab	88.97, 16.03, -11.17
CIE LCh	89, 19.542, 325.125
Yxy	74.1014, 0.3142, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294301429 (0xFFFF5D6F5)
YUV	226.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588
Hunter-Lab	86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573

# Details

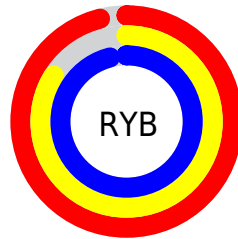
The HunterLab color **86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **91.9011, -19.9623, 15.2336**, and the grayscale version is **87.5194, -4.6698, 4.7551**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **62.6811, 11.5359, -6.7137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.1318, 24.9354, -15.5288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.5144, -1.6689, 2.8226**.

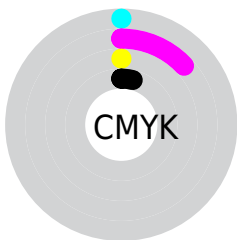
# Distribution



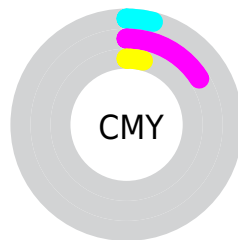
- Red (96%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.0803, 11.4857,  
-6.2573

86.0803, 11.4857,  
-6.2573

217.9044, 9.9256,  
-2.6380

74.0790, 11.3959,  
-6.4412

111.8211, 11.4758,  
-5.7364

62.6923, 11.2395,  
-6.5722

125.5078, 11.3899,  
-5.4090

51.9574, 11.0065,  
-6.6439

139.7114, 11.2543,  
-5.0399

41.9166, 10.6874,  
-6.6506

154.4138, 11.0720,  
-4.6313

32.6217, 10.2694,  
-6.5854

169.5985, 10.8458,  
-4.1852

24.1381, 9.7357,  
-6.4406

185.2507, 10.5780,

16.5525, 9.0634,

-3.7033

-6.2089

201.3568, 10.2706,  
-3.1871

■ 9.9874, 8.2222,  
-5.8921

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 86.0803, 11.4857,  
-6.2573

■ 86.0803, 11.4857,  
-6.2573

■ 79.1318, 24.9354,  
-15.5288

■ 93.5144, -1.6689,  
2.8226

■ 72.7445, 38.5600,  
-24.9093

■ 98.7550, -10.3294,  
8.8066

■ 67.0146, 52.1038,  
-34.2229

■ 98.7550, -10.3294,  
8.8065

■ 62.0462, 65.1378,  
-43.1762

■ 98.7550, -10.3293,  
8.8064

57.9432, 77.0360,  
-51.3413

98.7550, -10.3293,  
8.8063

54.7907, 87.0304,  
-58.1946

98.7550, -10.3293,  
8.8062

52.6282, 94.3913,  
-63.2392

98.7550, -10.3292,  
8.8061

51.4179, 98.7129,  
-66.1997

98.7550, -10.3292,  
8.8060

50.9954, 100.2585,  
-67.2583

98.7550, -10.3291,  
8.8059

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.0822, 3.5852, -13.2574



86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573



86.0822, 15.0800, 3.1418

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0822, 11.4835, -6.2557



86.0822, -2.9837, 20.7612



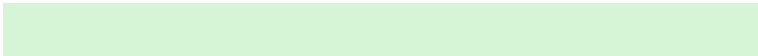
86.0822, -21.0693, -3.3133

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573



91.9011, -19.9623, 15.2336

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.0822, -22.6527, 6.2014



86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573



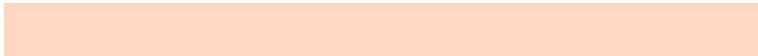
86.0822, -12.4860, 19.4422

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.0822, 11.4835, -6.2557



86.0822, 6.4917, 18.1843



86.0822, -19.5788, 14.3561



86.0822, -15.1528, -11.4293



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573



86.0822, 14.4422, 9.2516



86.0822, -19.5788, 14.3561



86.0822, -22.1143, -0.1449

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0822, 11.4835, -6.2557



96.7801, 0.1007, 1.6781



83.0576, 1.3537, -10.4636



44.4984, 0.5226, 0.4476

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0822, 11.4835, -6.2557



88.3045, 15.3435, -8.8405



85.5535, 8.6777, 1.2413



40.9492, 3.3746, -1.5558



37.4291, 73.5868, -49.3656



11.0963, 21.8158, -14.6351



# Inverse Universe

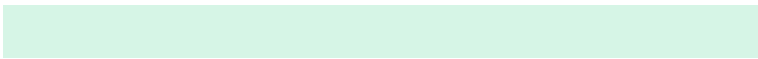
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0822, 11.4835, -6.2557



88.3045, 15.3435, -8.8405



92.3515, -17.4272, 8.7736



40.9492, 3.3746, -1.5558



37.4291, 73.5868, -49.3656



11.0963, 21.8158, -14.6351



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

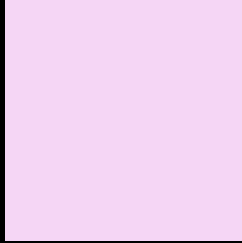
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

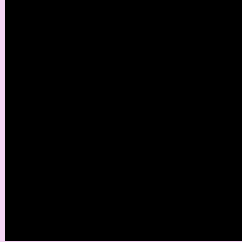
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573.

-6.2573.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573

### Protanopia

86.2324, -0.0217, -9.0490

### Deuteranopia

86.0176, 6.6293, -5.8742



## Tritanopia

86.0521, 7.5263, 0.0410

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573

## Protanomaly

86.0804, 4.0279, -8.0551

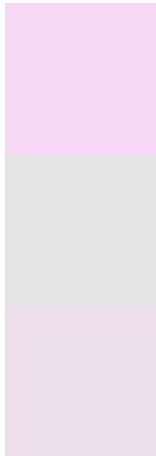
## Deuteranomaly

86.0198, 8.1725, -5.8442

## Tritanomaly

85.9933, 9.1256, -2.0927

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573

## Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

## Achromatomaly

86.9917, 1.4622, 0.5756

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 214, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 214, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 214, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 214, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 214, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 214, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 214, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 214, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 214, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 214,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.0803, 11.4857, -6.2573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 214, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
214, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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