

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.1147, 14.4185,
-0.6826)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.1147, 14.4185,
-0.6826) contains.

HunterLab(86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(86.2236, 14.2668,
-0.6655)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD4EB
RGB	255, 212, 235
RGB Percent	100%, 83%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1686, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	328°, 100%, 92%
HSV	328°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	79.7789, 74.3451, 88.7424
YIQ	227.4790, 18.2450, 16.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

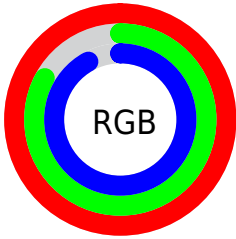
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 212, 235
Decimal	16766187
CIE Lab	89.09, 18.69, -5.64
CIE LCh	89, 19.524, 343.223
Yxy	74.3481, 0.3285, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956267 (0xFFFFD4EB)
YUV	227.4790, 3.7079, 24.1359
Hunter-Lab	86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655

Details

The HunterLab color $86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $95.5743, -22.5503, 11.1351$, and the grayscale version is $87.8335, -4.6866, 4.7722$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.7490, 13.8820, -1.3882$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.6935, 26.1568, -3.7246$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.2490, 2.5592, 2.8343$.

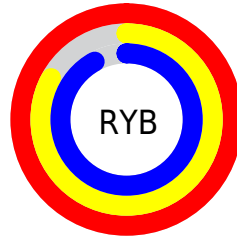
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (83%)

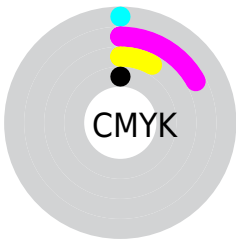
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (92%)

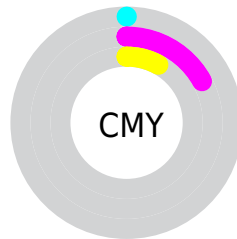


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.2236, 14.2668,
-0.6655

86.2236, 14.2668,
-0.6655

218.0995, 13.5808,
4.6752

74.2152, 14.0620,
-1.0731

111.9773, 14.4721,
0.2788

62.8212, 13.7865,
-1.4363

125.6702, 14.4887,
0.8077

52.0785, 13.4292,
-1.7499

139.8797, 14.4524,
1.3721

42.0293, 12.9796,
-2.0089

154.5878, 14.3665,
1.9705

32.7253, 12.4246,
-2.2070

169.7780, 14.2340,
2.6013

24.2319, 11.7467,
-2.3360

185.4356, 14.0575,

16.6352, 10.9236,

3.2631

-2.3842

201.5469, 13.8390,
3.9547

■ 10.0573, 9.9299,
-2.3355

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 86.2236, 14.2668,
-0.6655

■ 86.2236, 14.2668,
-0.6655

■ 78.6935, 26.1568,
-3.7246

■ 94.2490, 2.5592,
2.8343

■ 71.7419, 38.1150,
-6.2088

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 65.4770, 49.8893,
-7.9375

■ 60.0207, 61.0479,
-8.6970

■ 55.4995, 70.9439,
-8.2700

■ 52.0220, 78.7740,
-6.5042

■ 49.6408, 83.7983,
-3.4102

■ 48.3017, 85.7201,
0.7561

■ 48.0089, 85.9422,
2.1434

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.2254, 8.7356, -9.4760



86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655



86.2254, 14.5933, 8.7089

Triad

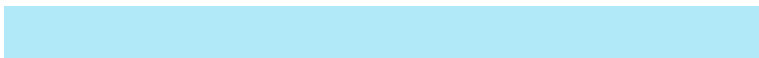
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.2254, 14.2638, -0.6641



86.2254, -8.8898, 20.4379



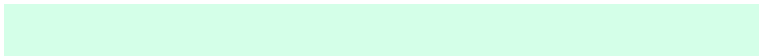
86.2254, -17.9615, -8.5619

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655



95.5743, -22.5503, 11.1351

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.2254, -22.2587, 0.4751



86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655



86.2254, -17.1815, 16.8036

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



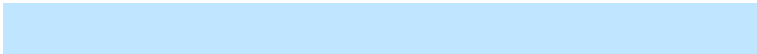
86.2254, 14.2638, -0.6641



86.2254, 0.9232, 20.2060



86.2254, -21.9797, 9.7279



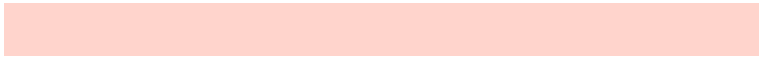
86.2254, -9.9981, -14.3741

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655



86.2254, 11.7968, 13.9821



86.2254, -21.9797, 9.7279



86.2254, -19.8664, -5.7594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.2254, 14.2638, -0.6641



95.7899, 0.4070, 3.5247



84.4735, 9.9433, -14.1768



44.0467, 0.5639, 1.5094

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.2254, 14.2638, -0.6641



83.8039, 17.9813, -1.6778



85.5645, 10.7751, 8.7580



42.6023, 2.6056, 0.8665



34.7475, 62.2835, 0.9237



10.9438, 19.8021, -1.1484

Inverse Universe

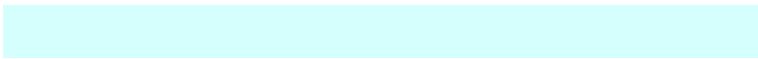
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.2254, 14.2638, -0.6641



83.8039, 17.9813, -1.6778



96.2290, -18.8568, 1.7863



42.6023, 2.6056, 0.8665



34.7475, 62.2835, 0.9237



10.9438, 19.8021, -1.1484

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

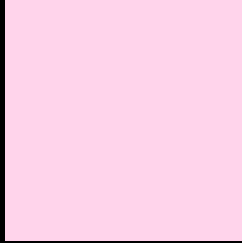
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655.

-0.6655.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655

Protanopia

86.4952, -1.3434, -3.7699

Deuteranopia

86.1783, 6.4810, -0.3385



Tritanopia

86.2395, 12.4934, 1.8905

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655

Protanomaly

86.3465, 4.2940, -2.7914

Deuteranomaly

86.1012, 9.2818, -0.3849

Tritanomaly

86.3050, 12.8392, 0.9586

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 212, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 212, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 212, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 212, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 212, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 212, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 212, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 212, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 212,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.2236, 14.2668, -0.6655 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 212, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
212, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor