

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.1186, -4.0530,
6.6304)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.1186, -4.0530, 6.6304)
contains.

HunterLab(86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(86.0573, -4.2906,
6.7804)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2DFDB
RGB	226, 223, 219
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 86%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1255, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.03, 0.11
HSL	34°, 11%, 87%
HSV	34°, 3%, 89%
XYZ	70.5379, 74.0586, 77.5948
YIQ	223.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

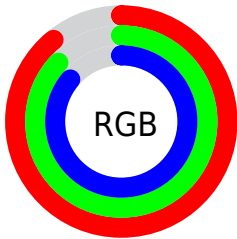
Format	Color
RYB	224, 226, 219
Decimal	14868443
CIELab	88.95, 0.31, 2.31
CIELCh	89, 2.328, 82.258
Yxy	74.0618, 0.3175, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293058523 (0xFFE2DFDB)
YUV	223.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442
Hunter-Lab	86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804

Details

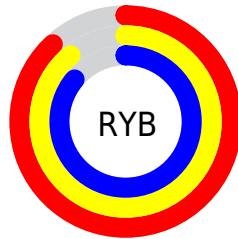
The HunterLab color $86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $85.3186, -4.8185, 2.4870$, and the grayscale version is $86.1035, -4.5943, 4.6782$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.7244, -3.0564, 5.3981$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.4189, -2.9126, 12.9936$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.8063, -5.3481, -0.0082$.

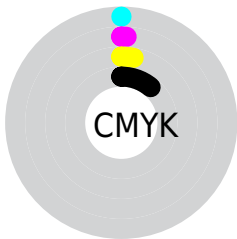
Distribution



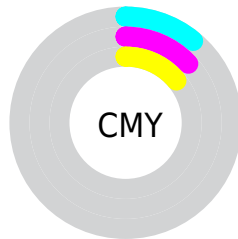
- Red (89%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.0573, -4.2906,
6.7804

■ 86.0573, -4.2906,
6.7804

217.8730,
-11.2229, 14.7348

■ 74.0572, -3.6665,
6.0233

111.7960, -5.6397,
8.3785

■ 62.6716, -3.0740,
5.2926

125.4817, -6.3577,
9.2153

■ 51.9380, -2.5173,
4.5905

139.6844, -7.1037,
10.0769

■ 41.8985, -1.9987,
3.9176

154.3858, -7.8769,
10.9626

■ 32.6050, -1.5215,
3.2748

169.5697, -8.6761,
11.8717

■ 24.1230, -1.0894,
2.6624

185.2210, -9.5007,

■ 16.5392, -0.7078,

12.8038

2.0798

201.3263,
-10.3499, 13.7584

■ 9.9761, -0.3844,
1.5287

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.0573, -4.2906,
6.7804

■ 86.0573, -4.2906,
6.7804

■ 82.4189, -2.9126,
12.9936

■ 89.8063, -5.3481,
-0.0082

■ 78.8932, -1.1851,
18.5748

■ 93.3287, -7.8864,
-2.7319

■ 75.4901, 0.9113,
23.4702

■ 96.4494, -12.8967,
1.0481

■ 72.2183, 3.3960,
27.6231

■ 97.4212, -14.4263,
2.2002

■ 69.0869, 6.2839,
30.9787

■ 66.1048, 9.5834,
33.4883

■ 63.2810, 13.2923,
35.1160

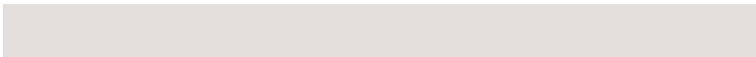
■ 60.6232, 17.3933,
35.8502

■ 58.1371, 21.8470,
35.7222

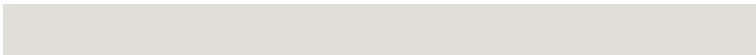
Harmonies

Analogous

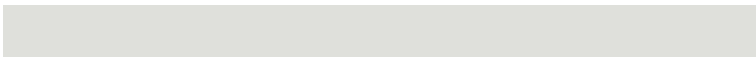
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.0592, -3.2127, 6.3625



86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804



86.0592, -5.4485, 6.6450

Triad

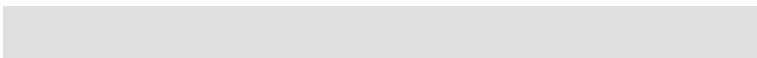
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.0592, -4.2927, 6.7818



86.0592, -6.6723, 3.8684



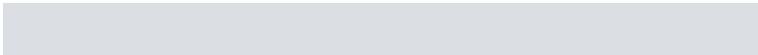
86.0592, -2.8071, 3.3618

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



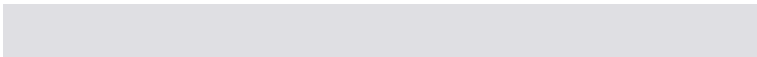
86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804



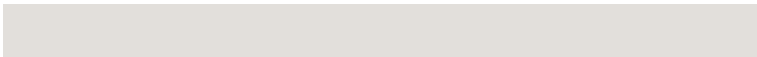
85.3186, -4.8185, 2.4870

Split Complementary

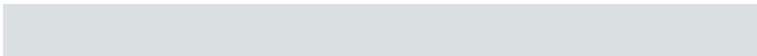
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.0592, -3.7412, 2.6766



86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804



86.0592, -5.9716, 2.9718

Square

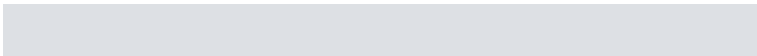
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



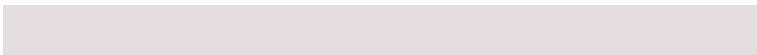
86.0592, -4.2927, 6.7818



86.0592, -6.8182, 4.9727



86.0592, -4.8999, 2.5330



86.0592, -2.3520, 4.3951

Rectangle

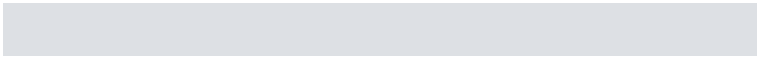
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804



86.0592, -6.1068, 6.2561



86.0592, -4.8999, 2.5330



86.0592, -3.0758, 3.0826

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.0592, -4.2927, 6.7818



99.5703, -5.2053, 6.2017



84.9168, -1.7003, 4.0269



46.0756, -2.4112, 2.8516

0.0000, NaN, NaN



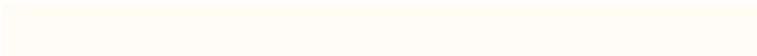
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

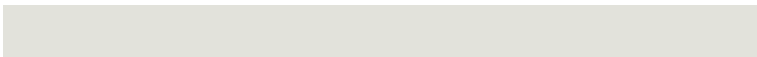
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.0592, -4.2927, 6.7818



98.2886, -4.7913, 8.4674



86.9492, -5.9901, 7.7731



39.5213, -1.8921, 3.6213



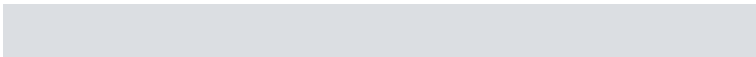
42.9680, 18.3278, 26.7975



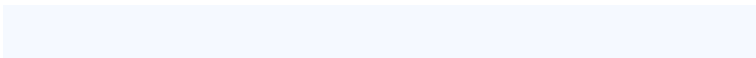
12.0679, 3.2681, 7.4934

Inverse Universe

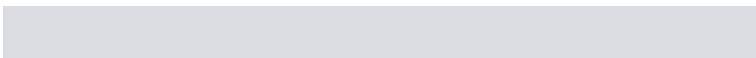
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.3186, -4.8185, 2.4870



97.1856, -5.5744, 2.0703



84.4321, -3.1201, 1.4455



39.0002, -2.2619, 0.5990



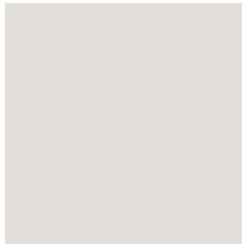
28.6470, 14.4739, -67.0513



8.6246, 1.5923, -14.2173

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

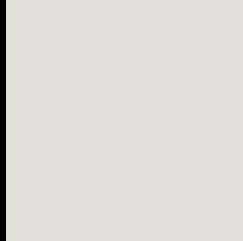
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

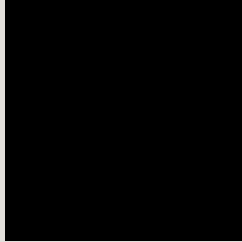
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

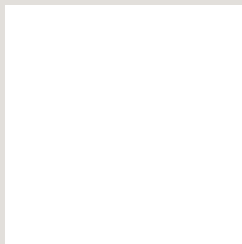
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804.



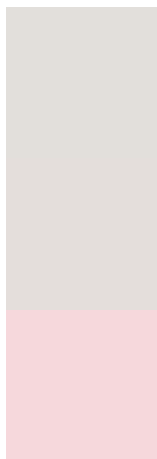
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.0573, -4.2906,

6.7804.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804

Protanopia

85.9366, -3.1169, 6.6617

Deuteranopia

85.9487, 6.3484, 6.3639



Tritanopia

86.0334, 1.6033, -2.7032

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804

Protanomaly

85.8417, -3.4457, 6.5463

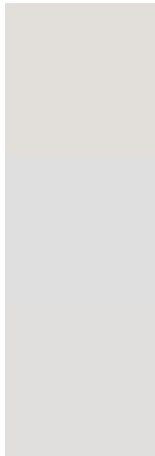
Deuteranomaly

86.1284, 2.3209, 6.5015

Tritanomaly

86.0095, -0.5203, 0.8744

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804

Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672

Achromatomaly

85.9631, -4.4326, 5.2282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 223, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 223, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 223, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 223, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 223, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 223, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 223, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 223, 219); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 223, 219); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 223, 219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.0573, -4.2906, 6.7804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 223, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
223, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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