

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.1436, -20.2990,  
-5.7134)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.1436, -20.2990,  
-5.7134) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.2064,  
-20.2965, -5.5540)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEEAF3
RGB	174, 234, 243
RGB Percent	68%, 92%, 95%
CMY	0.3176, 0.0823, 0.0471
CMYK	0.28, 0.04, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	188°, 74%, 82%
HSV	188°, 28%, 95%
XYZ	63.0561, 74.3154, 95.8150
YIQ	217.0860, -38.6490, -9.9210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

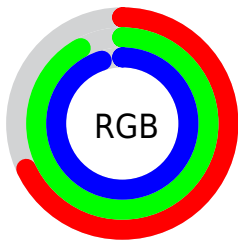
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 206, 243
Decimal	11463411
CIELab	89.07, -16.81, -10.50
CIElCh	89, 19.822, 211.975
Yxy	74.3184, 0.2704, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289653491 (0xFFAEEAF3)
YUV	217.0860, 12.7756, -37.7864
Hunter-Lab	86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540

# Details

The HunterLab color **86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.8186, 15.8796, 14.6464**, and the grayscale version is **83.2963, -4.4445, 4.5256**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.8412, -12.9292, 2.7323**, and **62.7300, -17.3043, -6.0845** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.6583, -24.2893, -8.9713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9870, -15.5522, -1.9360**.

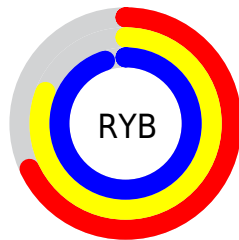
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (92%)

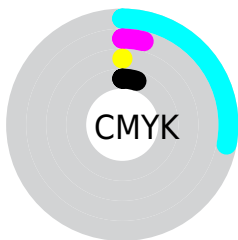
Blue (95%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (95%)

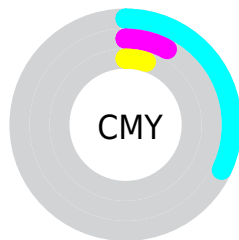


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.2064, -20.2965,  
-5.5540

86.2064, -20.2965,  
-5.5540

218.0760,  
-33.4033, -1.7263

74.1988, -18.8318,  
-5.7650

111.9585,  
-23.2046, -4.9823

62.8057, -17.3509,  
-5.9237

125.6506,  
-24.6530, -4.6305

52.0639, -15.8475,  
-6.0241

139.8595,  
-26.1016, -4.2378

42.0157, -14.3109,  
-6.0604

154.5668,  
-27.5523, -3.8062

32.7128, -12.7254,  
-6.0257

169.7564,  
-29.0067, -3.3377

24.2206, -11.0664,  
-5.9119

185.4133,

16.6252, -9.2917,

-30.4660, -2.8339

-5.7104

201.5240,  
-31.9312, -2.2963

■ 10.0488, -7.9190,  
-5.4189

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.2064, -20.2965,  
-5.5540

■ 86.2064, -20.2965,  
-5.5540

■ 83.6583, -24.2893,  
-8.9713

■ 88.9870, -15.5522,  
-1.9360

■ 81.3421, -27.4783,  
-12.1655

■ 91.9880, -10.1109,  
1.8515

■ 79.2613, -29.8296,  
-15.1115

■ 95.2024, -4.0358,  
5.7839

■ 77.4132, -31.3284,  
-17.7907

■ 96.9828, -3.0032,  
7.8685

■ 75.7899, -31.9870,  
-20.1935

■ 97.9836, -4.6802,  
8.9853

■ 74.3761, -31.8534,  
-22.3233

■ 98.9910, -6.3514,  
10.0990

■ 73.1405, -31.0436,  
-24.2124

■ 99.6249, -7.3947,  
10.7945

■ 72.9496, -30.8857,  
-24.5072

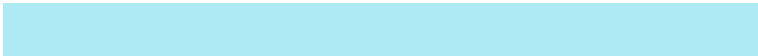
# Harmonies

## Analogous

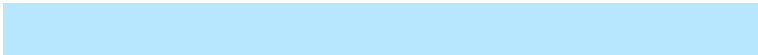
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.2081, -22.9698, 4.0607



86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540



86.2081, -13.4434, -13.0413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.2081, -20.2976, -5.5526



86.2081, 13.0111, -4.3399



86.2081, -5.2652, 21.0262

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540



74.8186, 15.8796, 14.6464

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.2081, 4.6056, 19.3112



86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540



86.2081, 15.4399, 5.3196

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.2081, -20.2976, -5.5526



86.2081, 5.8024, -12.2869



86.2081, 12.2983, 13.8167



86.2081, -14.5400, 18.7953

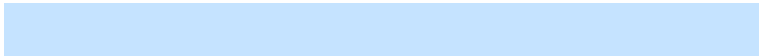


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540



86.2081, -7.2692, -15.4275



86.2081, 12.2983, 13.8167



86.2081, -1.9070, 20.8928

# Sweetspot

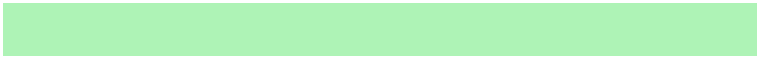
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.2081, -20.2976, -5.5526



96.9586, -11.0618, 1.6993



87.4533, -34.7492, 23.2566



44.6379, -5.5227, 0.5121

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.2081, -20.2976, -5.5526



89.4961, -23.9415, -7.9484



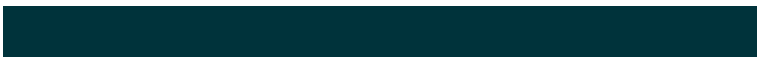
75.4909, -3.4944, -20.1417



42.8573, -5.0219, 0.6682



54.1745, -23.0506, -17.9539



16.3707, -7.2308, -4.8527



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.3432, 30.6513, -15.7364



74.7591, 40.0829, -20.9175



84.5614, -1.6963, 23.9984



40.9010, 3.1172, -0.8731



36.1416, 69.0991, -32.5018

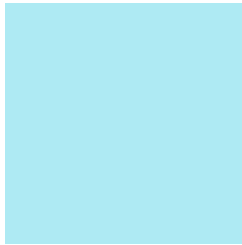


10.7619, 20.6511, -10.2633



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

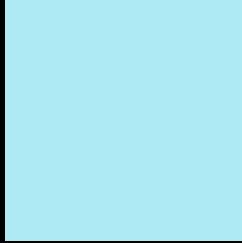
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

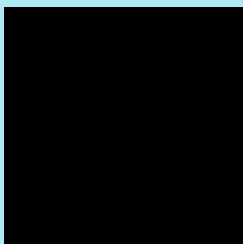
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

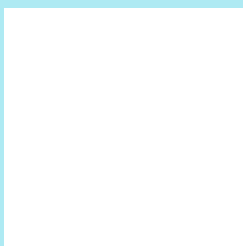
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540.



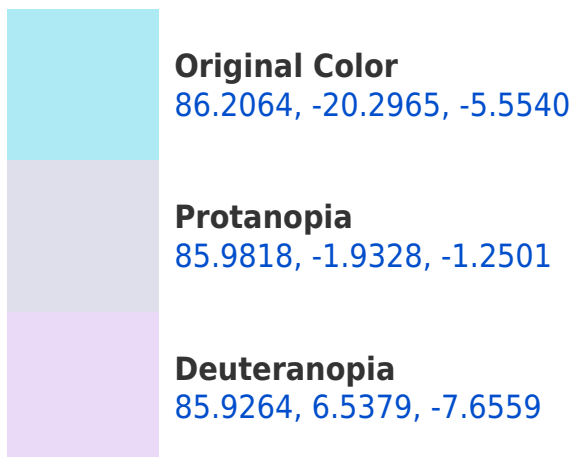
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2064,

-20.2965, -5.5540.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

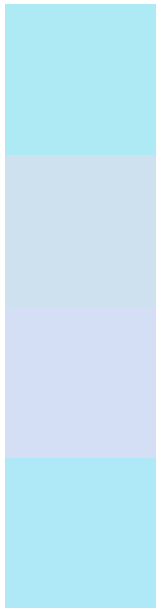




## Tritanopia

86.2977, -17.6989, -9.8375

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540

## Protanomaly

85.7583, -8.9440, -3.2362

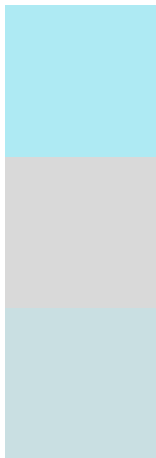
## Deuteranomaly

85.6891, -3.7764, -7.5925

## Tritanomaly

86.1215, -18.5573, -8.3960

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540

## Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

## Achromatomaly

84.0737, -10.8181, 0.8752

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 234, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 234, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 234, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 234, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 234, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 234, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 234, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 234, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 234, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 234,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.2064, -20.2965, -5.5540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 234, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
234, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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