

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.1532, 5.9200,  
-7.4011)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.1532, 5.9200, -7.4011)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.2268, 6.0009,  
-7.2687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EADAF7
RGB	234, 218, 247
RGB Percent	92%, 85%, 97%
CMY	0.0823, 0.1451, 0.0314
CMYK	0.05, 0.12, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	273°, 64%, 91%
HSV	273°, 12%, 97%
XYZ	75.7916, 74.3506, 98.3522
YIQ	226.0900, 0.2270, 12.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

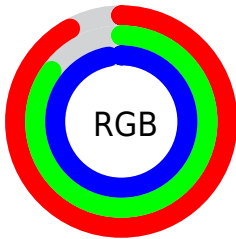
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">234, 218, 247</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15391479</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">89.09, 10.69, -12.14</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">89, 16.180, 311.356</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">74.3538, 0.3050, 0.2992</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293581559 (0xFFEADAF7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">226.0900, 10.3086, 6.9371</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687</a>

# Details

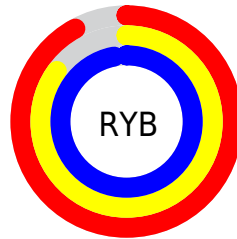
The HunterLab color  $86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $94.1140, -15.1053, 15.9394$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.2054, -4.6531, 4.7380$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $62.7861, 6.2923, -7.7469$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77.8891, 15.7167, -18.7141$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.9034, -3.5112, 3.4424$ .

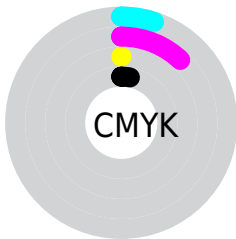
# Distribution



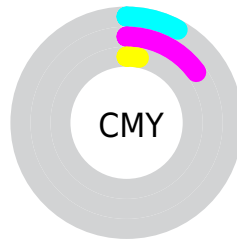
- Red (92%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.2268, 6.0009,  
-7.2687

86.2268, 6.0009,  
-7.2687

218.1040, 2.6439,  
-3.9367

74.2184, 6.1481,  
-7.4161

111.9809, 5.5454,  
-6.8177

62.8241, 6.2393,  
-7.5095

125.6739, 5.2484,  
-6.5237

52.0812, 6.2663,  
-7.5424

139.8835, 4.9087,  
-6.1872

42.0319, 6.2214,  
-7.5093

154.5917, 4.5286,  
-5.8104

32.7277, 6.0942,  
-7.4035

169.7821, 4.1103,  
-5.3953

24.2340, 5.8705,  
-7.2181

185.4398, 3.6557,

16.6371, 5.5298,

-4.9436

-6.9479

201.5512, 3.1664,  
-4.4570

10.0589, 5.0407,  
-6.6011

0.0000, INF, -NF

86.2268, 6.0009,  
-7.2687

86.2268, 6.0009,  
-7.2687

77.8891, 15.7167,  
-18.7141

94.9034, -3.5112,  
3.4424

69.9429, 25.6532,  
-31.0465

99.7474, -6.7212,  
9.0408

62.4663, 35.7789,  
-44.4046

55.5585, 45.9754,  
-58.8673

■ 49.3468, 55.9543,  
-74.3411

■ 43.9864, 65.1442,  
-90.3678

■ 39.6444, 72.6128,  
-105.9034

■ 36.4520, 77.2186,  
-119.3154

■ 34.6005, 78.6625,  
-128.0899

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.2286, -1.4970, -11.2444



86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687



86.2286, 10.7567, -0.2111

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.2286, 5.9989, -7.2671



86.2286, 0.4634, 17.6619



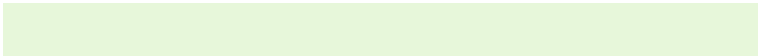
86.2286, -19.4432, 1.7053

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687



94.1140, -15.1053, 15.9394

# Split Complementary

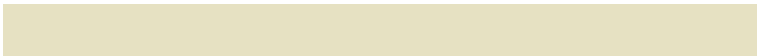
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.2286, -18.9624, 9.3262



86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687



86.2286, -7.6707, 18.0717

# Square

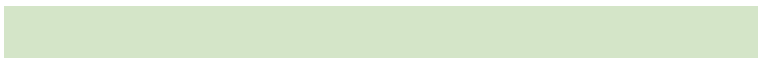
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.2286, 5.9989, -7.2671



86.2286, 7.4798, 13.9771



86.2286, -14.7211, 15.1538



86.2286, -16.0600, -5.7525



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687



86.2286, 11.6329, 5.0459



86.2286, -14.7211, 15.1538



86.2286, -19.7247, 4.3400

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.2286, 5.9989, -7.2671



96.3363, -1.4223, 1.1109



88.7714, -5.9594, -4.1765



44.2534, -0.3159, 0.1326

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.2286, 5.9989, -7.2671



87.4011, 8.5022, -10.1737



87.4907, 10.1020, -4.7529



40.4689, 1.7601, -2.1987



25.3320, 57.4014, -92.3087



7.9054, 17.4866, -25.4991

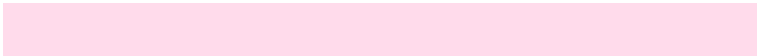


# Inverse Universe

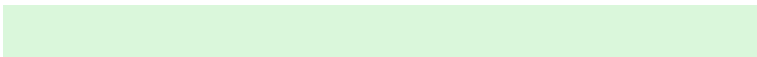
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.9999, 7.4886, 2.2156



88.3717, 10.3522, 1.7481



93.0415, -18.8920, 14.0939



40.7505, 2.3107, 1.2667



33.3009, 58.9253, 6.8165

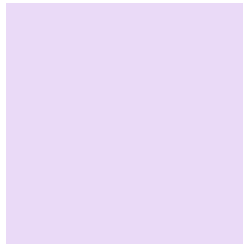


9.9752, 17.8438, 0.5474



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

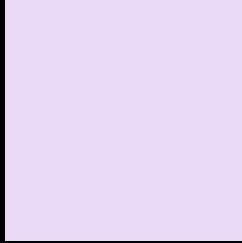
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

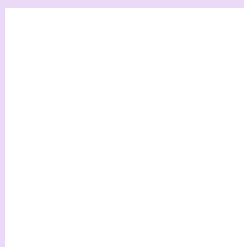
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687.



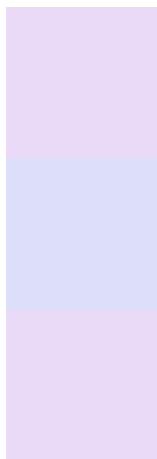
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687.

-7.2687.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687

### Protanopia

86.2324, -0.0217, -9.0490

### Deuteranopia

86.3252, 6.3308, -7.1333



## Tritanopia

86.2883, 2.4023, -1.8397

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687

## Protanomaly

86.3481, 1.8783, -8.2981

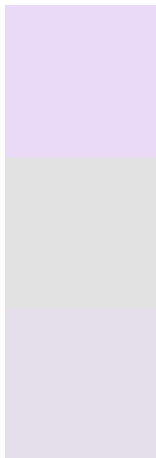
## Deuteranomaly

86.3252, 6.3308, -7.1333

## Tritanomaly

86.2192, 4.0020, -4.0290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687

## Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

## Achromatomaly

86.8181, -0.7071, 0.3246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 218, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 218, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 218, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 218, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 218, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 218, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 218, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 218, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 218, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 218,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.2268, 6.0009, -7.2687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 218, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
218, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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