

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.2293, 36.4514,  
8.0897)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.2293, 36.4514,  
8.0897) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(81.1183, 20.0756,  
1.8553)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC4DA
RGB	255, 196, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2313, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 88%
HSV	338°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	73.6348, 65.8018, 75.1497
YIQ	216.1490, 28.1020, 19.3500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

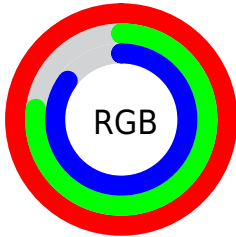
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 196, 218
Decimal	16762074
CIE Lab	84.90, 24.32, -2.79
CIE LCh	85, 24.480, 353.459
Yxy	65.8046, 0.3431, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952154 (0xFFFFC4DA)
YUV	216.1490, 0.9125, 34.0723
Hunter-Lab	81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553

# Details

The HunterLab color **81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.4140, -26.7654, 9.2953**, and the grayscale version is **82.9200, -4.4244, 4.5052**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3633, -4.2744, 4.7000**, and **58.3062, 19.1126, 1.0276** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.7999, 31.3831, 1.1292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9835, 8.9317, 3.1244**.

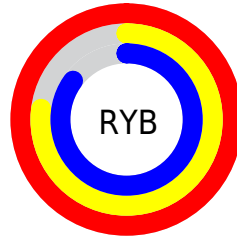
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (77%)

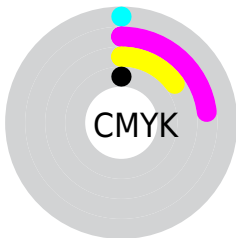
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (85%)

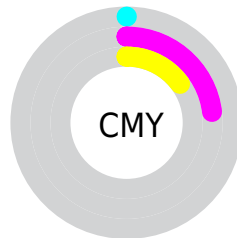


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.1183, 20.0756,  
1.8553

81.1183, 20.0756,  
1.8553

211.1108, 21.4325,  
7.9980

69.3641, 19.5996,  
1.3426

106.3982, 20.7901,  
2.9979

58.2383, 19.0402,  
0.8698

119.8687, 21.0472,  
3.6208

47.7806, 18.3844,  
0.4413

133.8641, 21.2431,  
4.2764

38.0367, 17.6201,  
0.0616

148.3653, 21.3820,  
4.9631

29.0634, 16.7323,  
-0.2640

163.3554, 21.4674,  
5.6797

20.9336, 15.7037,  
-0.5281


178.8189, 21.5026,

13.7461, 14.5186,


6.4250


-0.7195


194.7416, 21.4901,  
7.1981


 7.3627, 14.7102,  
-1.1691


0.0000, INF, NaN


 81.1183, 20.0756,  
1.8553


 81.1183, 20.0756,  
1.8553

 73.7999, 31.3831,  
1.1292


 88.9835, 8.9317,  
3.1244

 67.1256, 42.6959,  
1.0703

 97.3070, -1.9703,  
4.8250

 61.2189, 53.6862,  
1.8195

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

 56.2144, 63.8166,  
3.4976

■ 52.2416, 72.3389,  
6.1520

■ 49.3908, 78.4377,  
9.6870

■ 47.6639, 81.5642,  
13.8185

■ 46.9974, 82.2453,  
16.7189

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.1200, 15.1973, -9.8814



81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553



81.1200, 18.1072, 12.7332

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.1200, 20.0725, 1.8567



81.1200, -13.3792, 22.1913



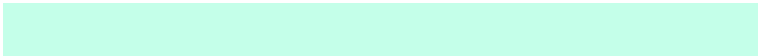
81.1200, -17.7117, -15.4313

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553



94.4140, -26.7654, 9.2953

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.1200, -24.5708, -4.8882



81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553



81.1200, -22.1737, 16.5068

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.1200, 20.0725, 1.8567



81.1200, -1.6684, 23.4526



81.1200, -26.1554, 6.8937



81.1200, -6.9631, -20.7632



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553



81.1200, 13.2358, 18.1983



81.1200, -26.1554, 6.8937



81.1200, -20.5226, -12.3112

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.1200, 20.0725, 1.8567



94.0399, 2.2134, 4.1222



79.9519, 19.0345, -20.5592



43.2737, 1.3279, 1.8587

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.1200, 20.0725, 1.8567



77.4850, 25.5615, 1.4278



82.4046, 12.9113, 13.4252



42.5430, 2.2877, 1.7102



34.0113, 59.5945, 11.5192



10.7080, 18.9447, 2.2147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1200, 20.0725, 1.8567



77.4850, 25.5615, 1.4278



92.8243, -19.3338, -3.5697



42.5430, 2.2877, 1.7102



34.0113, 59.5945, 11.5192



10.7080, 18.9447, 2.2147



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

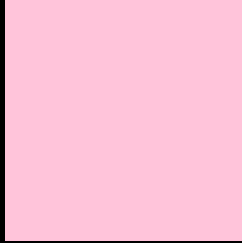
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

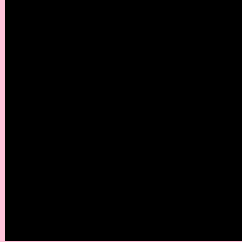
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 81.1183, 20.0756,

1.8553.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553

### Protanopia

81.3214, -1.1505, -2.8950

### Deuteranopia

81.2954, 5.7691, 2.8143



## Tritanopia

81.0906, 18.1724, 4.7439

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553

## Protanomaly

81.2517, 6.1443, -1.2852

## Deuteranomaly

81.1025, 11.2109, 2.1809

## Tritanomaly

81.1532, 18.4979, 3.8509

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553

## Achromatopsia

82.8665, -4.4215, 4.5023

## Achromatomaly

82.1180, 4.0138, 3.2742

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 196, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 196, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 196, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 196, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

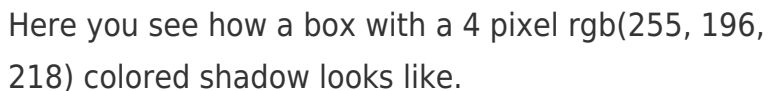
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 196, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 196, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 196, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 196, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 196,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 81.1183, 20.0756, 1.8553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 196, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
196, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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