

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.3530, 1.1051,  
3.6354)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.3530, 1.1051, 3.6354)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.5252, 0.9217,  
4.0289)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBDDE2
RGB	235, 221, 226
RGB Percent	92%, 87%, 89%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1333, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.08
HSL	339°, 26%, 89%
HSV	339°, 6%, 92%
XYZ	73.8449, 74.8661, 82.5101
YIQ	225.7560, 6.7390, 4.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

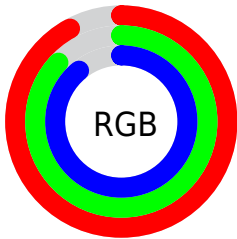
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 221, 226
Decimal	15457762
CIE Lab	89.33, 5.64, -0.73
CIE LCh	89, 5.689, 352.593
Yxy	74.8694, 0.3194, 0.3238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293647842 (0xFFEBDDE2)
YUV	225.7560, 0.1203, 8.1070
Hunter-Lab	86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289

# Details

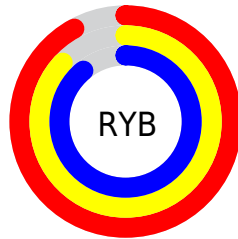
The HunterLab color  $86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $89.7240, -10.1711, 5.6371$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.1008, -4.6475, 4.7324$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $63.0844, 1.5880, 2.6894$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.0712, 10.8136, 2.7561$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.3537, -8.7440, 5.6383$ .

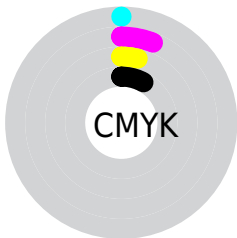
# Distribution



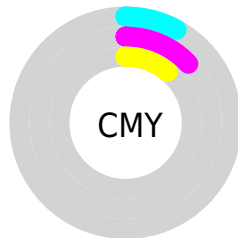
- Red (92%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.5252, 0.9217,  
4.0289

86.5252, 0.9217,  
4.0289

218.5105, -4.1682,  
10.9704

74.5023, 1.2990,  
3.4086

112.3065, 0.0339,  
5.3723

63.0927, 1.6319,  
2.8221

126.0122, -0.4670,  
6.0896

52.3336, 1.9139,  
2.2730

140.2342, -1.0036,  
6.8360

42.2668, 2.1395,  
1.7642

154.9542, -1.5742,  
7.6104

32.9439, 2.3015,  
1.2989

170.1561, -2.1773,  
8.4119

24.4296, 2.3901,  
0.8816

185.8249, -2.8115,

16.8097, 2.3906,

9.2396

0.5183

201.9472, -3.4755,  
10.0927

■ 10.2050, 2.2798,  
0.2180

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 86.5252, 0.9217,  
4.0289

■ 86.5252, 0.9217,  
4.0289

■ 79.0712, 10.8136,  
2.7561

■ 94.3537, -8.7440,  
5.6383

■ 72.0500, 20.9171,  
1.8960

■ 98.1847, -11.7093,  
3.1660

■ 65.5433, 31.1503,  
1.5493

■ 59.6484, 41.3328,  
1.8310

■ 54.4794, 51.1289,  
2.8584

■ 50.1588, 60.0043,  
4.7181

■ 46.7989, 67.2514,  
7.4130

■ 44.4663, 72.1606,  
10.8037

■ 43.1357, 74.3532,  
14.5867

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.5271, -0.1940, 1.4597



86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289



86.5271, 0.5329, 6.7026

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.5271, 0.9195, 4.0303



86.5271, -6.7315, 9.4180



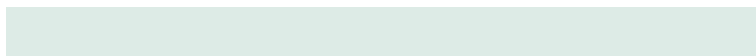
86.5271, -7.9486, 0.4351

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289



89.7240, -10.1711, 5.6371

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.5271, -9.6580, 2.6687



86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289



86.5271, -8.9618, 7.8388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.5271, 0.9195, 4.0303



86.5271, -3.9089, 9.7559



86.5271, -10.0265, 5.3840



86.5271, -5.3319, -0.6595



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289



86.5271, -0.5211, 8.1881



86.5271, -10.0265, 5.3840



86.5271, -8.6470, 1.0810

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.5271, 0.9195, 4.0303



98.2749, -3.2058, 5.0786



86.3224, 0.8072, -0.7792



45.5059, -1.5321, 2.3576

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.5271, 0.9195, 4.0303



94.0308, 2.1641, 4.2525



86.9425, -0.9056, 6.9055



39.5774, 1.1615, 1.7632



31.9487, 55.8942, 11.4886



9.0515, 16.0247, 1.7884



# Inverse Universe

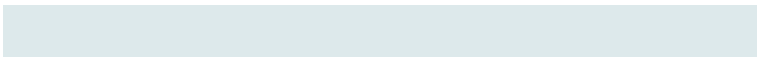
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.5271, 0.9195, 4.0303



94.0308, 2.1641, 4.2525



89.2893, -8.3346, 2.6827



39.5774, 1.1615, 1.7632



31.9487, 55.8942, 11.4886

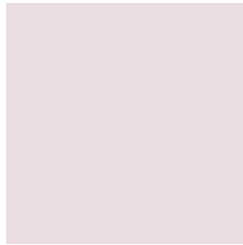


9.0515, 16.0247, 1.7884



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

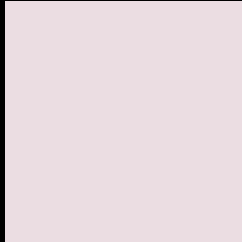
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

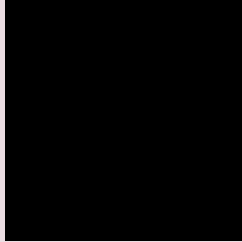
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

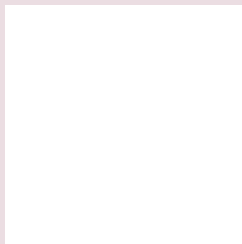
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289.



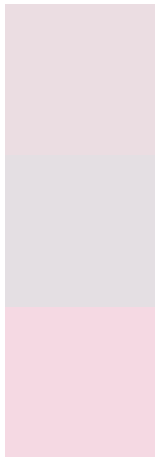
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5252, 0.9217,

4.0289.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289

### Protanopia

86.4959, -2.2715, 3.4437

### Deuteranopia

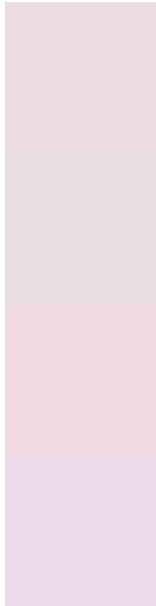
86.3622, 6.6396, 3.4402



## Tritanopia

86.4766, 4.5968, -1.5654

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289

## Protanomaly

86.4740, -0.7635, 3.4440

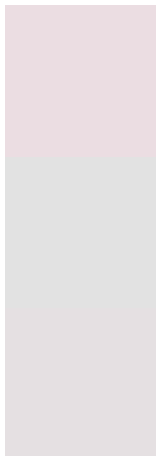
## Deuteranomaly

86.2494, 4.7210, 3.2719

## Tritanomaly

86.5462, 3.0101, 0.5697

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289

## Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

## Achromatomaly

86.8679, -2.6394, 4.3723

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 221, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 221, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 221, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 221, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 221, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 221, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 221, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 221, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 221, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 221,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.5252, 0.9217, 4.0289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 221, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
221, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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