

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.4192, 3.3521,
4.4472)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.4192, 3.3521, 4.4472)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.3855, 3.5045,
4.4007)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0DBE1
RGB	240, 219, 225
RGB Percent	94%, 86%, 88%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1412, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.06, 0.06
HSL	343°, 41%, 90%
HSV	343°, 9%, 94%
XYZ	74.8573, 74.6245, 81.6927
YIQ	225.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

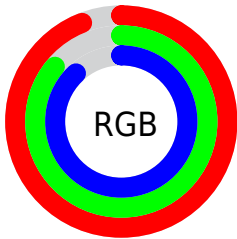
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 219, 225
Decimal	15784929
CIE Lab	89.22, 8.22, -0.32
CIE LCh	89, 8.228, 357.737
Yxy	74.6278, 0.3238, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293975009 (0xFFFF0DBE1)
YUV	225.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104
Hunter-Lab	86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007

Details

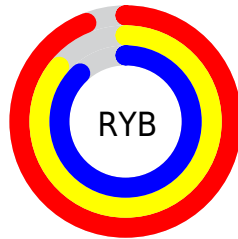
The HunterLab color $86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCCC$. A complement of this color would be $91.2813, -12.6350, 5.4625$, and the grayscale version is $87.1923, -4.6524, 4.7373$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.9631, 4.0600, 3.0570$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.8068, 13.4361, 3.9700$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.3662, -6.1789, 5.1870$.

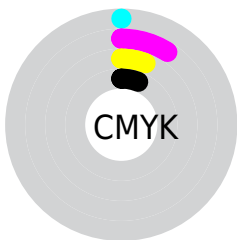
Distribution



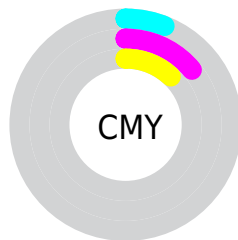
- Red (94%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.3855, 3.5045,
4.4007

86.3855, 3.5045,
4.4007

218.3203, -0.6971,
11.4753

74.3694, 3.7634,
3.7625

112.1541, 2.8383,
5.7775

62.9670, 3.9720,
3.1572

125.8539, 2.4421,
6.5104

52.2154, 4.1229,
2.5883

140.0701, 2.0064,
7.2720

42.1568, 4.2091,
2.0581

154.7846, 1.5335,
8.0610

32.8427, 4.2219,
1.5699

169.9810, 1.0251,
8.8767

24.3380, 4.1490,
1.1276

185.6447, 0.4829,

16.7289, 3.9723,

9.7181

0.7363

201.7619, -0.0915,
10.5845

■ 10.1365, 3.6635,
0.4040

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 86.3855, 3.5045,
4.4007

■ 86.3855, 3.5045,
4.4007

■ 78.8068, 13.4361,
3.9700

■ 94.3662, -6.1789,
5.1870

■ 71.6953, 23.5956,
3.9685

■ 98.6233, -10.1585,
3.7174

■ 65.1410, 33.8856,
4.4884

■ 59.2513, 44.0940,
5.6240

■ 54.1499, 53.8328,
7.4512

■ 49.9665, 62.5011,
9.9876

■ 46.8113, 69.3425,
13.1394

■ 44.7341, 73.6726,
16.6666

■ 43.6367, 75.3783,
20.1806

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.3874, 2.2354, 0.5527



86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007



86.3874, 2.5604, 8.1600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.3874, 3.5022, 4.4022



86.3874, -8.2954, 11.1527



86.3874, -8.8311, -1.9637

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007



91.2813, -12.6350, 5.4625

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.3874, -11.5617, 1.0955



86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007



86.3874, -11.2566, 8.6557

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.3874, 3.5022, 4.4022



86.3874, -4.2989, 11.9463



86.3874, -12.4413, 5.0014



86.3874, -4.9288, -3.2290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007



86.3874, 0.8165, 10.1318



86.3874, -12.4413, 5.0014



86.3874, -9.9137, -1.1042

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.3874, 3.5022, 4.4022



97.4006, -2.2327, 5.1569



86.2551, 4.0454, -3.4461



44.7433, -0.6473, 2.3540

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

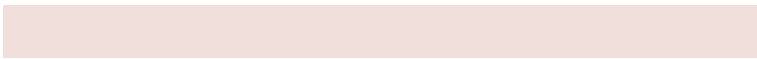
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.3874, 3.5022, 4.4022



91.4754, 5.1036, 4.6336



87.4786, 0.2864, 8.4839



39.7908, 1.9549, 2.0205



32.2380, 55.9896, 14.7759



9.3867, 16.4743, 2.9710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.3874, 3.5022, 4.4022



91.4754, 5.1036, 4.6336



90.1273, -9.4166, 1.1389



39.7908, 1.9549, 2.0205



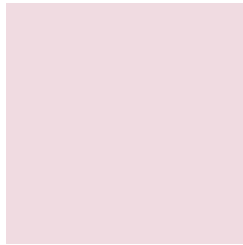
32.2380, 55.9896, 14.7759



9.3867, 16.4743, 2.9710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

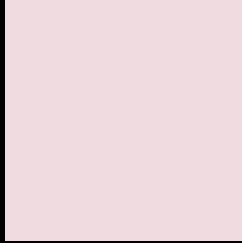
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

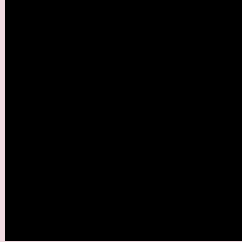
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007.



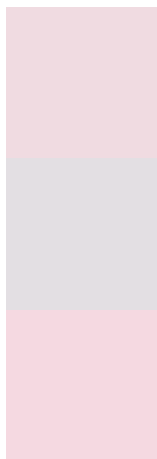
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.3855, 3.5045,

4.4007.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007

Protanopia

86.4016, -2.5972, 3.3255

Deuteranopia

86.2986, 6.2993, 4.3468



Tritanopia

86.2117, 6.6599, -0.8135

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007

Protanomaly

86.5386, -0.6053, 4.0181

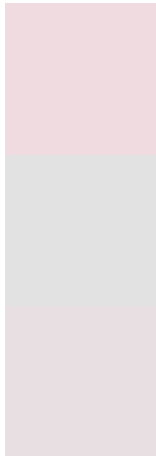
Deuteranomaly

86.3908, 5.0701, 4.4344

Tritanomaly

86.3789, 5.4157, 1.4287

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

86.7498, -1.4600, 4.2533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 219, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 219, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 219, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 219, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 219, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 219, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 219, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 219, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 219, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 219,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.3855, 3.5045, 4.4007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 219, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
219, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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