

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.4311, -18.4687,
13.0951)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.4311, -18.4687,
13.0951) contains.

HunterLab(86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(86.4442,
-18.3911, 12.8945)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAE8CE
RGB	202, 232, 206
RGB Percent	79%, 91%, 81%
CMY	0.2078, 0.0902, 0.1921
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.11, 0.09
HSL	128°, 39%, 85%
HSV	128°, 13%, 91%
XYZ	64.3543, 74.7260, 69.4243
YIQ	220.0660, -9.5340, -14.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

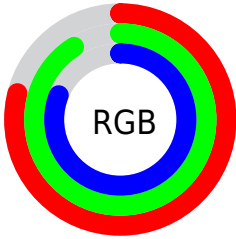
Format	Color
R _Y B	202, 228, 232
Decimal	13297870
CIE Lab	89.27, -14.68, 9.35
CIE LCh	89, 17.402, 147.492
Yxy	74.7292, 0.3086, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291487950 (0xFFCAE8CE)
YUV	220.0660, -6.9345, -15.8439
Hunter-Lab	86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945

Details

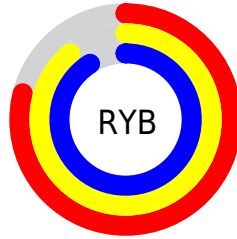
The HunterLab color $86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $80.6226, 10.3614, -4.1194$, and the grayscale version is $84.6610, -4.5173, 4.5998$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.9393, -15.4034, 10.5299$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.1527, -27.9440, 18.6771$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.0242, -7.9888, 6.7446$.

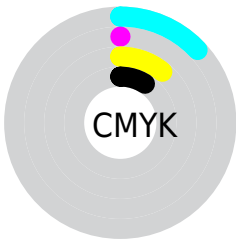
Distribution



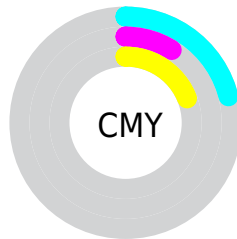
- Red (79%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.4442, -18.3911,
12.8945

■ 86.4442, -18.3911,
12.8945

218.4001,
-30.7113, 23.3146

■ 74.4252, -17.0353,
11.7998

112.2181,
-21.0998, 15.1177

■ 63.0198, -15.6693,
10.7113

125.9203,
-22.4549, 16.2467

■ 52.2650, -14.2889,
9.6267

140.1390,
-23.8139, 17.3889

■ 42.2030, -12.8853,
8.5413

154.8558,
-25.1783, 18.5450

■ 32.8852, -11.4457,
7.4476

170.0545,
-26.5493, 19.7153

■ 24.3765, -9.9497,
6.3333

185.7203,

■ 16.7628, -8.3627,

-27.9280, 20.9002

5.1772

201.8397,
-29.3152, 22.0999

■ 10.1652, -6.9593,
4.4147

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.4442, -18.3911,
12.8945

■ 86.4442, -18.3911,
12.8945

■ 84.1527, -27.9440,
18.6771

■ 89.0242, -7.9888,
6.7446

■ 82.1521, -36.5284,
24.0192

■ 91.8767, 3.1511,
0.2920

■ 80.4483, -44.0444,
28.8549

■ 92.8419, 7.0023,
-3.0864

■ 79.0413, -50.4115,
33.1243

■ 77.9256, -55.5798,
36.7801

■ 77.0894, -59.5394,
39.7923

■ 76.5139, -62.3280,
42.1514

■ 76.1711, -64.0399,
43.8714

■ 76.0360, -64.7380,
44.7124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.4460, -12.2700, 17.7687



86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945



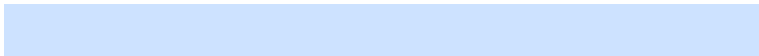
86.4460, -20.8384, 5.4050

Triad

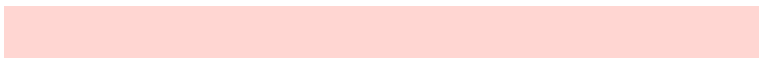
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.4460, -18.3929, 12.8957



86.4460, -5.3544, -12.9173



86.4460, 10.8674, 11.7927

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945



80.6226, 10.3614, -4.1194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.4460, 12.8960, 4.0001



86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945



86.4460, 3.3115, -10.7801

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.4460, -18.3929, 12.8957



86.4460, -13.5005, -9.9563



86.4460, 10.0791, -4.3738



86.4460, 4.6400, 17.1780

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945



86.4460, -20.1304, -0.2599



86.4460, 10.0791, -4.3738



86.4460, 12.0736, 9.3928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.4460, -18.3929, 12.8957



98.7726, -10.1955, 8.2708



88.6324, -10.7596, 17.0473



45.5925, -5.1329, 4.0705

0.0000, NaN, NaN



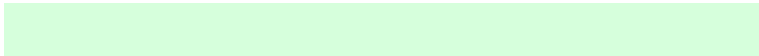
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.4460, -18.3929, 12.8957



95.3910, -23.9327, 16.4308



86.8717, -15.9993, 6.7985



40.1501, -6.8334, 4.9626



56.6615, -48.1770, 33.1783



15.4355, -12.8913, 8.5356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.6226, 10.3614, -4.1194



87.3665, 15.7142, -7.0225



80.1424, 7.8105, 2.7007



38.1843, 2.8682, -0.7798



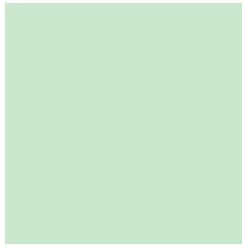
34.4685, 65.8648, -30.7229



9.4189, 18.0769, -9.0037

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

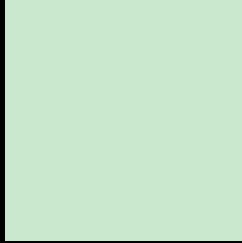
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

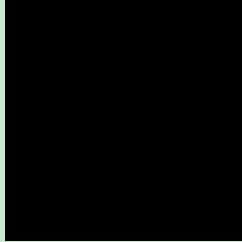
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

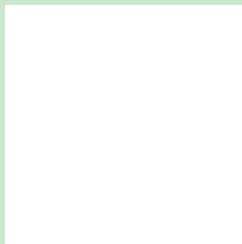
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945.



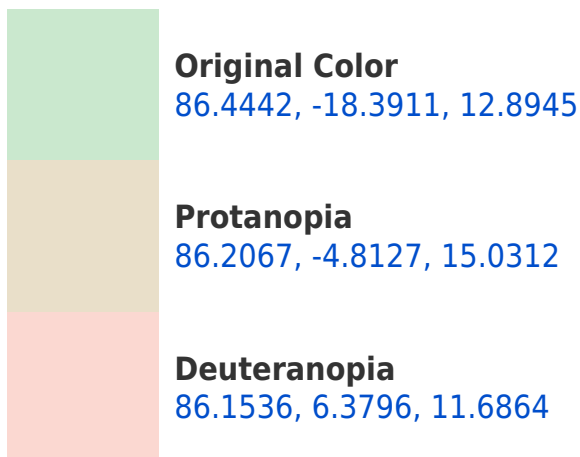
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.4442,

-18.3911, 12.8945.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

86.2173, -6.9125, -5.8515

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945

Protanomaly

86.1592, -9.6926, 14.0411

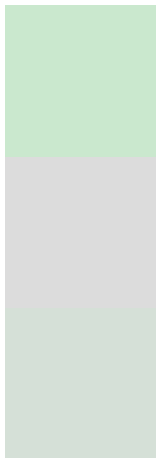
Deuteranomaly

86.0931, -3.2265, 11.8975

Tritanomaly

86.2101, -11.1489, 1.4410

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945

Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964

Achromatomaly

85.0669, -9.6165, 7.4406

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 232, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 232, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 232, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 232, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 232, 206) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 232, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 232, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 232, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 232, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 232,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.4442, -18.3911, 12.8945 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 232, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
232, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor