

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.4325,
-26.4545, 22.4380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1ECB6
RGB	193, 236, 182
RGB Percent	76%, 93%, 71%
CMY	0.2431, 0.0745, 0.2863
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.23, 0.07
HSL	108°, 59%, 82%
HSV	108°, 23%, 93%
XYZ	60.4313, 74.7058, 55.4905
YIQ	216.9870, -8.2940, -25.9100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

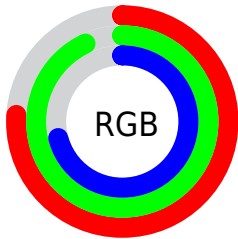
Format	Color
RYB	182, 236, 225
Decimal	12709046
CIELab	89.26, -23.74, 21.72
CIELCh	89, 32.181, 137.546
Yxy	74.7090, 0.3170, 0.3919
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290899126 (0xFFC1ECB6)
YUV	216.9870, -17.2486, -21.0366
Hunter-Lab	86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380

Details

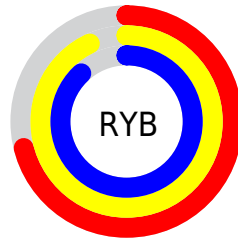
The HunterLab color $86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $74.5129, 20.3375, -16.8770$, and the grayscale version is $83.3698, -4.4484, 4.5296$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.0036, -9.8770, 12.3909$, and $63.0210, -22.6776, 18.8969$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.5570, -34.6036, 28.6889$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88.5423, -17.4961, 15.3214$.

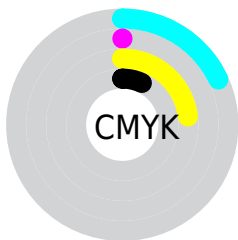
Distribution



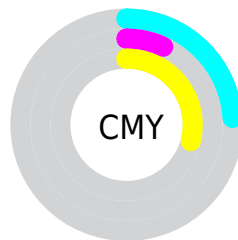
- Red (76%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380

 86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380


218.3842,
-42.1462, 37.4544

 74.4140, -24.6351,
20.7018


 112.2053,
-30.0207, 25.8405

 63.0092, -22.7766,
18.9292


125.9071,
-31.7757, 27.5169

 52.2551, -20.8688,
17.1087


140.1252,
-33.5185, 29.1829

 42.1938, -18.8949,
15.2235

154.8416,
-35.2524, 30.8419

 32.8767, -16.8300,
13.2487

170.0399,
-36.9800, 32.4966

 24.3688, -14.6356,
11.1467


185.7053,

 16.7561, -12.2465,


-38.7037, 34.1491


8.8896


201.8242,
-40.4252, 35.8012


 10.1595, -10.8502,
7.1117


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380


 86.4325, -26.4545,
22.4380

 84.5570, -34.6036,
28.6889


 88.5423, -17.4961,
15.3214

 82.9139, -41.8639,
34.0199

 90.8751, -7.8042,
7.3991

 81.5060, -48.1764,
38.3983

 93.4255, 2.5349,
-1.2578

 80.3314, -53.4990,
41.8130

 94.0606, 4.8351,
-1.5906

■ 79.3842, -57.8135,
44.2814

■ 78.6548, -61.1321,
45.8563

■ 78.1281, -63.5026,
46.6343

■ 77.8614, -64.6865,
46.8454

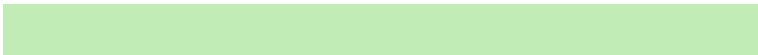
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.4344, -13.8244, 28.4924



86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380



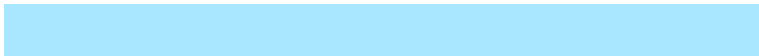
86.4344, -33.0255, 10.8646

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.4344, -26.4563, 22.4390



86.4344, -11.2435, -29.5899



86.4344, 27.1941, 13.1841

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380



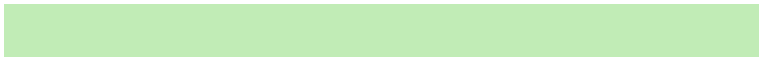
74.5129, 20.3375, -16.8770

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.4344, 28.0133, -1.9445



86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380



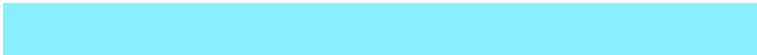
86.4344, 4.9936, -28.6536

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.4344, -26.4563, 22.4390



86.4344, -24.6873, -20.1875



86.4344, 19.6331, -17.8259



86.4344, 17.4711, 23.8661

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380



86.4344, -33.4269, 0.7150



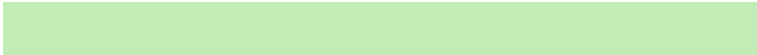
86.4344, 19.6331, -17.8259



86.4344, 28.5443, 8.5132

Sweetspot

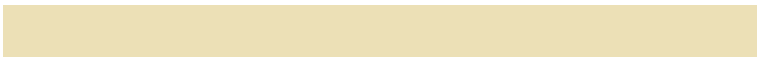
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.4344, -26.4563, 22.4390



98.1358, -13.0005, 11.7677



86.4213, -7.1194, 22.7649



45.3303, -6.3127, 5.6882

0.0000, NaN, NaN



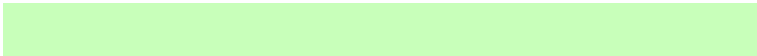
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

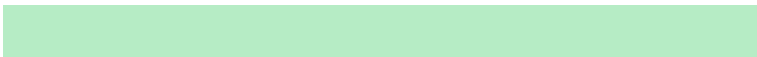
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.4344, -26.4563, 22.4390



93.4745, -32.7632, 27.5063



86.0141, -27.2522, 15.9875



41.2430, -6.5849, 5.8643



57.8438, -47.8638, 34.8052



16.3314, -12.8945, 9.8376

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5129, 20.3375, -16.8770



78.1651, 27.4230, -23.1171



75.1633, 21.2464, -7.1102



38.9228, 2.4951, -1.7494



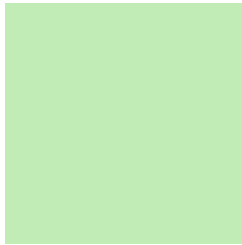
30.4685, 63.1343, -65.2416



8.7638, 17.9993, -17.5227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

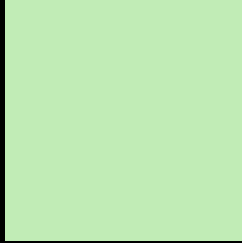
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

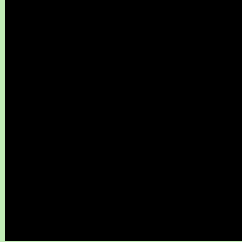
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380.



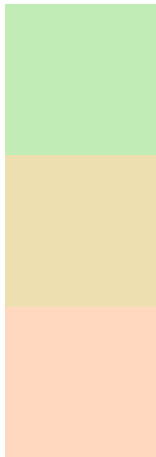
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.4325,

-26.4545, 22.4380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
Protanopia
Deuteranopia

86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380
86.0739, -6.5332, 24.6308
86.1007, 5.2246, 19.2045



Tritanopia

86.1908, -8.4903, -7.0148

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380

Protanomaly

86.1573, -14.2369, 23.8555

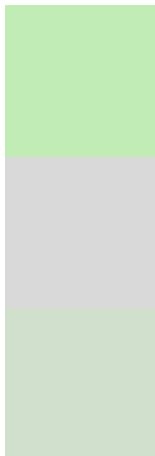
Deuteranomaly

85.7683, -7.0263, 19.8380

Tritanomaly

86.0601, -15.4356, 4.6635

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380

Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258

Achromatomaly

84.3095, -12.9571, 11.5503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 236, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 236, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 236, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 236, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 236, 182) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 236, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 236, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 236, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 236, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 236,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.4325, -26.4545, 22.4380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 236, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
236, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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